

MOODY COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2021

MOODY COUNTY
COUNTY OFFICIALS
December 31, 2021

Board of Commissioners:

Rick Veldkamp
Carla Bruning
John Schiefelbein
Randy Hemmer
Daniel Miles

Auditor:
Kristina Krull

Treasurer:
Linette Christensen

State's Attorney:
Paul Lewis

Register of Deeds:
Kristy Grootwassink

Sheriff:
Troy Wellman

MOODY COUNTY
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427 SOUTH CHAPELLE
C/O 500 EAST CAPITOL
PIERRE, SD 57501-5070
(605) 773-3595

RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Moody County
Flandreau, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moody County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2021, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 4, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Russell A. Olson". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

April 4, 2023

MOODY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Prior Audit Findings:

The prior audit report contained no written audit findings.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

Current Audit Findings:

There are no written current audit findings to report.



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Moody County
Flandreau, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moody County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2021, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moody County as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Notes 2 and 11 to the financial statements, in 2020, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which has

resulted in a restatement of the net position as of January 1, 2020. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 4, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

April 4, 2023

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
December 31, 2021

	<u>Primary Government Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,605,603.24
Investments	<u>4,374,999.99</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u></u>
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For: (See Note 5)	
Road and Bridge Purposes	\$ 108,340.40
American Rescue Plan Purposes	638,655.50
Other Purposes	130,281.40
Unrestricted	<u>5,103,325.93</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government
					Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,548,003.84	\$ 255,669.27	\$ 655,092.32	\$	\$ (637,242.25)
Public Safety	1,401,901.40	207,670.53	383,955.20	36,187.11	(774,088.56)
Public Works	3,578,915.74		1,406,137.84	1,180.00	(2,171,597.90)
Health and Welfare	403,095.91	337,397.88			(65,698.03)
Culture and Recreation	121,888.65		10,000.00		(111,888.65)
Conservation of Natural Resources	165,038.65	2,000.00	4,500.00		(158,538.65)
Urban and Economic Development	76,128.82	37,525.43			(38,603.39)
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 7,294,973.01</u>	<u>\$ 840,263.11</u>	<u>\$ 2,459,685.36</u>	<u>\$ 37,367.11</u>	<u>(3,957,657.43)</u>
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes					3,733,130.39
Wheel Tax					247,978.88
State Shared Revenues					142,513.72
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs					13,548.22
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					30,212.90
Miscellaneous Revenue					50,529.13
Total General Revenues					<u>4,217,913.24</u>
Change in Net Position					260,255.81
Net Position - Beginning					<u>5,720,347.42</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING					<u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government
					Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,552,407.50	\$ 237,355.42	\$ 4,184.48	\$ 4,821.50	\$ (1,306,046.10)
Public Safety	1,294,583.57	189,876.45	355,495.16		(749,211.96)
Public Works	2,564,654.06	34,736.25	1,567,269.70		(962,648.11)
Health and Welfare	414,833.11	301,580.36			(113,252.75)
Culture and Recreation	119,998.12				(119,998.12)
Conservation of Natural Resources	131,546.89		6,300.00		(125,246.89)
Urban and Economic Development	67,275.78		106,393.05		39,117.27
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 6,145,299.03</u>	<u>\$ 763,548.48</u>	<u>\$ 2,039,642.39</u>	<u>\$ 4,821.50</u>	<u>(3,337,286.66)</u>
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes					3,623,300.67
Wheel Tax					235,298.24
State Shared Revenues					98,362.93
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs					200.00
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					86,034.86
Miscellaneous Revenue					25,092.27
Total General Revenues					<u>4,068,288.97</u>
Change in Net Position					731,002.31
Net Position - Beginning					<u>4,989,345.11</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING					<u>\$ 5,720,347.42</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2021

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,108,228.12	\$ 369,572.19	\$ 127,802.93	\$ 1,605,603.24
Investments	3,019,736.08	1,007,022.35	348,241.56	4,374,999.99
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 4,127,964.20</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,376,594.54</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 476,044.49</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u></u>
FUND BALANCES: (See Note 1.j.)				
Restricted	\$ 638,655.50	\$ 108,340.40	\$ 130,281.40	\$ 877,277.30
Assigned	1,527,627.00	1,268,254.14	345,763.09	3,141,644.23
Unassigned	1,961,681.70			1,961,681.70
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u><u>\$ 4,127,964.20</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,376,594.54</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 476,044.49</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 3,622,856.59	\$	\$ 88,841.39	\$ 3,711,697.98
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	10,839.24		186.38	11,025.62
Penalties and Interest	9,876.47		173.12	10,049.59
Telephone Tax (Outside)	337.20			337.20
Wheel Tax		247,978.88		247,978.88
Tax Deed Revenue	20.00			20.00
Licenses and Permits	38,420.43		945.00	39,365.43
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	856,116.20	3,702.64	88,214.41	948,033.25
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	12,048.22			12,048.22
State Grants	9,412.59	200,390.48		209,803.07
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	29,577.06			29,577.06
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,139,326.99		1,139,326.99
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	7,931.35			7,931.35
Prorate License Fees		45,297.67		45,297.67
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	796.41			796.41
63 3/4% Mobile Home		5,080.60		5,080.60
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	16,434.26			16,434.26
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	3,239.85			3,239.85
Motor Fuel Tax		12,339.46		12,339.46
911 Remittances			77,836.71	77,836.71
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	42,482.14			42,482.14
Other State Shared Revenue			54,020.26	54,020.26
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	10,000.00			10,000.00
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	27,551.43			27,551.43

Register of Deeds' Fees	137,193.50		11,294.43	148,487.93
Legal Services	49,919.21		450.00	50,369.21
Clerk of Courts Fees	6,365.00			6,365.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	156,909.66			156,909.66
Prisoner Care	2,070.10			2,070.10
Sobriety Testing			25,570.00	25,570.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Veterans Service Officer	2,812.50			2,812.50
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	335,212.88			335,212.88
Other	2,185.00			2,185.00
Other Charges	10,321.20			10,321.20
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	13,836.27			13,836.27
Forfeits	7,010.00			7,010.00
Other	486.50			486.50
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	20,242.64	7,855.35	2,114.91	30,212.90
Rent	11,710.00			11,710.00
Contributions and Donations	1,500.00			1,500.00
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	13,535.89			13,535.89
Other	225.99	15,000.00	329.55	15,555.54
Total Revenues	<u>5,469,475.78</u>	<u>1,676,972.07</u>	<u>349,976.16</u>	<u>7,496,424.01</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	368,035.18			368,035.18
Elections	6,126.86			6,126.86
Judicial System	28,575.61			28,575.61
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	114,690.33			114,690.33
Treasurer	198,311.56			198,311.56
Other	257.82			257.82
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	263,104.52			263,104.52
Court Appointed Attorney	154,608.30			154,608.30
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	6,970.77			6,970.77

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
(Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	126,915.60			126,915.60
Director of Equalization	110,322.03			110,322.03
Register of Deeds	134,646.63		14,557.85	149,204.48
Veterans Service Officer	17,583.63			17,583.63
Predatory Animal	2,825.84			2,825.84
Self-Insurance Plan	471.31			471.31
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	659,811.70			659,811.70
County Jail	244,883.99		23,105.82	267,989.81
Coroner	4,760.60			4,760.60
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Fire Protection			87,927.26	87,927.26
Emergency and Disaster Services			96,091.75	96,091.75
Communication Center			285,320.28	285,320.28
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		3,578,915.74		3,578,915.74
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	16,060.37			16,060.37
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	38,400.00			38,400.00
Ambulance	322,540.18			322,540.18
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse			1,480.00	1,480.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	9,948.65			9,948.65
Mental Health Centers	4,800.00			4,800.00
Mental Illness Board	9,866.71			9,866.71

Culture and Recreation:

Culture:

Public Library	91,401.46			91,401.46
Historical Sites	3,000.00			3,000.00

Recreation:

Recreational Programs	5,000.00			5,000.00
Exhibition Building	1,121.40			1,121.40
Senior Center	21,365.79			21,365.79

Conservation of Natural Resources:

Soil Conservation:

County Extension	84,766.56			84,766.56
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00			20,000.00
Weed Control	56,135.35			56,135.35

Water Conservation:

Drainage Commissions	4,136.74			4,136.74
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Urban and Economic Development:

Urban Development:

Planning and Zoning	61,687.64			61,687.64
Urban and Rural Development	14,441.18			14,441.18

Total Expenditures	<u>3,207,574.31</u>	<u>3,578,915.74</u>	<u>508,482.96</u>	<u>7,294,973.01</u>
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Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>2,261,901.47</u>	<u>(1,901,943.67)</u>	<u>(158,506.80)</u>	<u>201,451.00</u>
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Other Financing Sources (Uses):

Transfers In		1,140,000.00	300,000.00	1,440,000.00
Transfers Out	(1,440,000.00)			(1,440,000.00)
Insurance Proceeds	36,187.11	1,180.00		37,367.11
Sale of County Property	542.00	20,895.70		21,437.70
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,403,270.89)</u>	<u>1,162,075.70</u>	<u>300,000.00</u>	<u>58,804.81</u>

Net Change in Fund Balance	858,630.58	(739,867.97)	141,493.20	260,255.81
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Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>3,269,333.62</u>	<u>2,116,462.51</u>	<u>334,551.29</u>	<u>5,720,347.42</u>
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FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 4,127,964.20</u>	<u>\$ 1,376,594.54</u>	<u>\$ 476,044.49</u>	<u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 3,509,494.98	\$	\$ 86,265.25	\$ 3,595,760.23
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	15,434.56		301.12	15,735.68
Penalties and Interest	7,320.88		147.52	7,468.40
Telephone Tax (Outside)	332.20			332.20
Wheel Tax		235,298.24		235,298.24
Tax Deed Revenue	4,004.16			4,004.16
Licenses and Permits	27,408.80		1,320.00	28,728.80
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	252,065.32	219,537.99	118,329.30	589,932.61
State Grants	42,956.00	203,445.18		246,401.18
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	26,998.22			26,998.22
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,092,663.74		1,092,663.74
Prorate License Fees		49,317.59		49,317.59
63 3/4% Mobile Home		2,305.20		2,305.20
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	31,465.76			31,465.76
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	3,070.29			3,070.29
911 Remittances			55,951.78	55,951.78
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	39,898.95			39,898.95
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	26,739.45			26,739.45
Register of Deeds' Fees	92,436.00		9,414.20	101,850.20
Legal Services	48,448.15		325.00	48,773.15
Clerk of Courts Fees	5,902.42			5,902.42
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	145,842.16			145,842.16

Prisoner Care	617.27			617.27
Sobriety Testing			19,314.00	19,314.00
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		34,736.25		34,736.25
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	174.89			174.89
Veterans Service Officer	2,812.50			2,812.50
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	301,405.47			301,405.47
Other Charges	9,803.90		2,000.00	11,803.90
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	12,744.52			12,744.52
Forfeits	11,100.00			11,100.00
Other	258.50			258.50
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	51,620.92	31,832.90	2,581.04	86,034.86
Rent	10,745.00			10,745.00
Contributions and Donations	200.00			200.00
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	29.90	1,813.74		1,843.64
Other	8,614.66		7,142.86	15,757.52
Total Revenues	<u>4,689,945.83</u>	<u>1,870,950.83</u>	<u>303,092.07</u>	<u>6,863,988.73</u>

Expenditures:

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners	364,344.70			364,344.70
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Elections	34,727.33			34,727.33
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Judicial System	30,926.68			30,926.68
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Financial Administration:

Auditor	133,227.80			133,227.80
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Treasurer	190,010.87			190,010.87
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Other	107.70			107.70
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Legal Services:

State's Attorney	257,800.49			257,800.49
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Court Appointed Attorney	144,974.39			144,974.39
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Abused and Neglected Child Defense	5,592.58			5,592.58
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Other General Government:

General Government Building	134,275.06			134,275.06
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MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Director of Equalization	111,303.41			111,303.41
Register of Deeds	114,680.18		4,398.92	119,079.10
Veterans Service Officer	23,469.12			23,469.12
Predatory Animal	2,568.27			2,568.27
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	685,317.99			685,317.99
County Jail	172,495.35		19,279.06	191,774.41
Coroner	5,841.55			5,841.55
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Fire Protection			86,457.44	86,457.44
Emergency and Disaster Services	2,500.00		80,198.71	82,698.71
Communication Center			242,493.47	242,493.47
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		2,564,654.06		2,564,654.06
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	28,112.94			28,112.94
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	37,700.00			37,700.00
Ambulance	325,121.03			325,121.03
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse			1,775.00	1,775.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	5,651.22			5,651.22
Mental Health Centers	5,800.00			5,800.00
Mental Illness Board	10,672.92			10,672.92

Culture and Recreation:

Culture:

Public Library	91,419.32			91,419.32
County Monuments	2,000.00			2,000.00
Historical Sites	3,000.00			3,000.00

Recreation:

Recreational Programs	5,000.00			5,000.00
County Fair	5,000.00			5,000.00
Senior Center	13,578.80			13,578.80

Conservation of Natural Resources:

Soil Conservation:

County Extension	81,006.69			81,006.69
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00			20,000.00
Weed Control	26,068.07			26,068.07

Water Conservation:

Drainage Commissions	4,472.13			4,472.13
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Urban and Economic Development:

Urban Development:

Planning and Zoning	57,233.97			57,233.97
Urban and Rural Development	10,041.81			10,041.81

Total Expenditures	<u>3,146,042.37</u>	<u>2,564,654.06</u>	<u>434,602.60</u>	<u>6,145,299.03</u>
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Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>1,543,903.46</u>	<u>(693,703.23)</u>	<u>(131,510.53)</u>	<u>718,689.70</u>
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Other Financing Sources (Uses):

Transfers In		940,000.00	300,000.00	1,240,000.00
Transfers Out	(1,240,000.00)			(1,240,000.00)
Insurance Proceeds	4,221.50	600.00		4,821.50
Sale of County Property	2,736.00	4,755.11		7,491.11
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,233,042.50)</u>	<u>945,355.11</u>	<u>300,000.00</u>	<u>12,312.61</u>

Net Change in Fund Balance	310,860.96	251,651.88	168,489.47	731,002.31
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Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,958,472.66</u>	<u>1,864,810.63</u>	<u>166,061.82</u>	<u>4,989,345.11</u>
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FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 3,269,333.62</u>	<u>\$ 2,116,462.51</u>	<u>\$ 334,551.29</u>	<u>\$ 5,720,347.42</u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2021

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 402,746.69</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 402,746.69</u></u>
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For:	
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	<u>\$ 402,746.69</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 402,746.69</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 10,219,401.78
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	3,824,272.64
Other Additions	<u>189,482.51</u>
Total Additions	<u>14,233,156.93</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	10,225,218.29
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	3,824,071.08
Other Deductions	<u>96,665.51</u>
Total Deductions	<u>14,145,954.88</u>
Change in Net Position	87,202.05
Net Position - Beginning	<u>315,544.64</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 402,746.69</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 9,707,827.69
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	2,140,530.25
Other Additions	<u>85,511.17</u>
Total Additions	<u>11,933,869.11</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	9,721,204.39
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	2,093,060.21
Other Deductions	<u>57,715.97</u>
Total Deductions	<u>11,871,980.57</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>61,888.54</u>
Net Position - Beginning	0.00
Restatement - Implementation of GASB 84 (See Note 11)	<u>253,656.10</u>
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	<u>253,656.10</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 315,544.64</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MOODY COUNTY
NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c., these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Moody County (County), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The County is financially accountable if its County Commission appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County (primary government). The County may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

The County has activated its Housing and Redevelopment Commission (HRC) under the authority of South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 11-7-7. The County activated this HRC solely for the purpose of abdicating its power or authority over the housing assistance projects within the County to the Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the County of Brookings organized by Brookings County. The five members of the Commission are appointed by the County Commission's Chairperson with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners for five-year, staggered terms. The Commission elects its own chairperson and recruits and employs its own management personnel and other workers. The County Commission, though, retains the statutory authority to approve or deny or otherwise modify the Commission's plans to construct a low-income housing unit, or to issue debt, which gives the County Commission the ability to impose its will on the Commission. Because the County activated this HRC solely for the purpose of abdicating its power or authority over the housing assistance projects within the County over to the Housing and Redevelopment Commission of the County of Brookings organized by Brookings County, this component unit's financial activity was not included on the County's annual report. The financial activity of this component unit would be included as a component unit on the Brookings County annual report.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the County financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Road and Bridge Fund – to account for funds credited to the road and bridge fund pursuant to SDCL 32-11-4.2 to be used by the board of county commissioners for grading, constructing, planing, dragging, and maintaining county highways and also for dragging, maintaining, and grading secondary roads. Proper equipment for dragging, grading, and maintaining highways, such as graders, tractors, drags, maintainers, and planers may be purchased from the road and bridge fund. (SDCL 32-11-2 and 32-11-4.2). This is a major fund.

The remaining special revenue funds are not considered major funds: 911 Service, Fire Protection, Emergency Management, Domestic Abuse, 24/7 Sobriety, Modernization and Preservation Relief, and Rural Access Infrastructure. These funds are reported on the fund financial statements as "Other Governmental Funds."

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-category and are never considered to be major funds:

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for the accumulation and distribution of property tax revenues and various pass-through funds.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “how” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The County’s basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

Measurement Focus:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The acceptable modification to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the County in these financial statements is:

Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable

and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, “cash and cash equivalents” includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating those assets where appropriate, so any capital assets owned by the County and the related depreciation are not reported on the financial statements of the County.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities may include, but are not limited to, General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, Certificates of Participation, Notes Payable, and Lease Liabilities.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt or long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions, so any outstanding long-term debt or long-term liabilities are not reported on the financial statements of the County. If debt existed, the County would report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities, the principal portion of these Debt Service payments would be reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion would be reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

During the two years ended and as of December 31, 2021, the County had no outstanding Long-Term Debt.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the County's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two components:

1. Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
2. Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

i. Application of Net Position:

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

j. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the County Commissioners.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County uses *restricted/committed* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use *committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts* of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The County *does not* have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund

Road and Bridge Fund

Revenue Source

Motor Vehicle Licenses, Wheel Tax
Grants, and Other Governmental Revenue

A schedule of fund balances is provided as follows:

**MOODY COUNTY
DISCLOSURE OF FUND BALANCES REPORTED ON BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Fund Balances:				
Restricted For:				
Snow Removal Purposes	\$	\$ 108,340.40	\$	\$ 108,340.40
Fire Protection Purposes			19,671.80	19,671.80
Domestic Abuse Purposes			315.00	315.00
24/7 Sobriety Purposes			34,889.59	34,889.59
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes			21,384.75	21,384.75
American Rescue Plan Purposes	638,655.50			638,655.50
Rural Access Infrastructure Grant Purposes			54,020.26	54,020.26
Assigned To:				
Applied to Next Year's Budget	727,627.00			727,627.00
Capital Outlay Accumulations	800,000.00			800,000.00
Road and Bridge Purposes		1,268,254.14		1,268,254.14
911 Service Purposes			220,526.82	220,526.82
Emergency Management Purposes			125,236.27	125,236.27
Unassigned	1,961,681.70			1,961,681.70
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 4,127,964.20</u>	<u>\$ 1,376,594.54</u>	<u>\$ 476,044.49</u>	<u>\$ 5,980,603.23</u>

2. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In 2020, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities accounting standard. This statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this standard required that the County present a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Custodial Funds for 2020 and 2021. The implementation of this standard required the County to reclassify previously reported agency funds as custodial funds. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 11.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The County follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The County's cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 7-20-1, 7-20-1.1, and 7-20-1.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits County funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2021, the investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the County, as discussed above. The County has an investment policy that would further limit its investment choices to investing in Certificates of Deposits with the banks within the County who bid the highest interest rate.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The County's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of the following January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The County is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the County.

5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

Major Purposes:

Road and Bridge Purposes	\$ 108,340.40
American Rescue Plan Purposes	<u>638,655.50</u>

Other Purposes:

Fire Protection Purposes	19,671.80
Domestic Abuse Purposes	315.00
24/7 Sobriety Purposes	34,889.59
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes	21,384.75
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes	<u>54,020.26</u>

Total Other Purposes	<u>130,281.40</u>
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Total Restricted Net Position	<u>\$ 877,277.30</u>
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These balances are restricted due to federal grant and statutory requirements.

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 1,140,000.00	\$ 300,000.00	\$ 1,440,000.00

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 940,000.00	\$ 300,000.00	\$ 1,240,000.00

The County typically budgets transfers to the Road and Bridge Fund and the 911 Service Fund and Emergency Management Fund (Other Governmental Funds) to conduct the indispensable functions of the County.

7. TAX ABATEMENTS

Municipality of Colman:

The Municipality of Colman has created a tax increment district under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment district was created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the Municipality through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural resources; and the improvement of the area will likely enhance significantly the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property is allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years.

The Municipality of Colman has one (1) active tax increment district. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Moody County during the life of the tax increment district.

The portion of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2021 that was not available to Moody County was \$11,554.58.

The portion of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2020 that was not available to Moody County was \$11,127.25.

Municipality of Flandreau:

The Municipality of Flandreau has created tax increment districts under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment districts were created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the Municipality through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural resources; and the improvement of the area will likely enhance significantly the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property is allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years.

The Municipality of Flandreau has five (5) active tax increment districts. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Moody County during the life of the tax increment district.

The portion of general property taxes levied for these tax increment districts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2021 that was not available to Moody County was \$10,572.34.

The portion of general property taxes levied for these tax increment districts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2020 that was not available to Moody County was \$10,441.26.

8. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The County's share of contributions to the SDRS for the calendar years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, equal to the required contributions each year, were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2021	\$ 122,530.10
2020	\$ 118,515.44
2019	\$ 118,719.07

Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.53% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the County as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$ 12,058,334.18
Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	<u>12,724,306.61</u>
Proportionate share of net pension asset	<u>\$ (665,972.43)</u>

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.0869610%, which is an decrease of (0.0043551%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service

Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.25% and real returns of 4.25%
Future COLAs	2.25%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the County's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,078,375.05	\$ (665,972.43)	\$ (2,081,976.53)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At December 31, 2021, the County was involved in several lawsuits. No determination can be made at this time regarding the potential outcome of these lawsuits. However, as discussed in the Risk Management note, the County has liability coverage for itself and its employees with The South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance. Therefore, no material effects are anticipated to the County as a result of the potential outcome of these lawsuits.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2021, the County managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The County purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The County joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The County's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the County. The County pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under an occurrence-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The County pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for:

General Liability, Automobile Liability, Law Enforcement Liability, Officials Liability, and Property Damage

Effective October 5, 2021, the SDPAA adopted a new policy on member departures. Departing members will no longer be eligible for any partial refund of the calculated portion of their contributions which was previously allowed. The prior policy provided the departing member with such a partial refund because the departing member took sole responsibility for all claims and claims expenses whether reported or unreported at the time of their departure from the SDPAA. With such partial refund being no longer available, the SDPAA will now assume responsibility for all reported claims of a departing member pursuant to the revised IGC.

The County carries various deductibles for the above coverages.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The County joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The County's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The County pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The County has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During two years ended December 31, 2021, two claims were filed for unemployment benefits. These claims resulted in the payment of benefits in the amount of \$471.31. At December 31, 2021, one claim has been filed and was outstanding. It is estimated, based upon historical trends, that this claim will result in the future payment of unemployment benefits in the amount of approximately \$2,200. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next year.

11. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW STANDARD AND RESTATEMENT

As of January 1, 2020, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84).

The County restated the net position and fund balance of the fund(s) indicated below to appropriately reflect the January 1, 2020 balances as follows:

	Net Position December 31, 2019 as Previously Stated	Restatement Implementation of GASB 84	Net Position January 1, 2020 as Restated
Custodial Funds	\$ 0.00	\$ 253,656.10	\$ 253,656.10

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 3,630,691.00	\$ 3,630,691.00	\$ 3,622,856.59	\$ (7,834.41)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	15,000.00	15,000.00	10,839.24	(4,160.76)
Penalties and Interest	8,000.00	8,000.00	9,876.47	1,876.47
Telephone Tax (Outside)	300.00	300.00	337.20	37.20
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	20.00	20.00
Licenses and Permits	17,900.00	17,900.00	38,420.43	20,520.43
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	217,460.70	856,116.20	638,655.50
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	7,000.00	7,000.00	12,048.22	5,048.22
State Grants	5,600.00	10,069.21	9,412.59	(656.62)
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	20,000.00	20,000.00	29,577.06	9,577.06
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	5,000.00	5,000.00	7,931.35	2,931.35
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	0.00	0.00	796.41	796.41
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	30,000.00	30,000.00	16,434.26	(13,565.74)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,239.85	239.85
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	35,000.00	35,000.00	42,482.14	7,482.14
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	17,500.00	17,500.00	10,000.00	(7,500.00)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	21,900.00	21,900.00	27,551.43	5,651.43
Register of Deeds' Fees	75,000.00	75,000.00	137,193.50	62,193.50
Legal Services	40,300.00	40,300.00	49,919.21	9,619.21
Clerk of Courts Fees	6,000.00	6,000.00	6,365.00	365.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	150,936.00	150,936.00	156,909.66	5,973.66
Prisoner Care	5,000.00	5,000.00	2,070.10	(2,929.90)
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	(1,000.00)
Veterans Service Officer	2,813.00	2,813.00	2,812.50	(0.50)
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	270,000.00	270,000.00	335,212.88	65,212.88
Other	0.00	0.00	2,185.00	2,185.00
Other Charges	6,600.00	6,600.00	10,321.20	3,721.20
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	10,000.00	10,000.00	13,836.27	3,836.27
Forfeits	6,000.00	6,000.00	7,010.00	1,010.00
Other	0.00	0.00	486.50	486.50
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	10,000.00	10,000.00	20,242.64	10,242.64
Rent	12,000.00	12,000.00	11,710.00	(290.00)
Contributions and Donations	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	1,500.00
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	1,000.00	1,000.00	13,535.89	12,535.89
Other	100.00	100.00	225.99	125.99
Total Revenues	4,413,640.00	4,635,569.91	5,469,475.78	833,905.87
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	381,000.00	381,000.00	368,035.18	12,964.82
Contingency	150,000.00	150,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(54,600.00)		95,400.00
Elections	6,000.00	6,200.00	6,126.86	73.14
Judicial System	35,000.00	39,469.21	28,575.61	10,893.60
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	142,000.00	142,000.00	114,690.33	27,309.67
Treasurer	200,300.00	200,300.00	198,311.56	1,988.44
Other	7,500.00	7,500.00	257.82	7,242.18

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
(Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	270,760.00	270,760.00	263,104.52	7,655.48
Court Appointed Attorney	150,000.00	154,700.00	154,608.30	91.70
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	15,000.00	15,000.00	6,970.77	8,029.23
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	160,000.00	160,000.00	126,915.60	33,084.40
Director of Equalization	123,831.00	123,831.00	110,322.03	13,508.97
Register of Deeds	143,535.00	143,535.00	134,646.63	8,888.37
Veterans Service Officer	24,850.00	24,850.00	17,583.63	7,266.37
Predatory Animal	2,826.00	2,826.00	2,825.84	0.16
Self-Insurance Plan	4,000.00	4,000.00	471.31	3,528.69
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	637,500.00	694,813.00	659,811.70	35,001.30
County Jail	200,000.00	245,000.00	244,883.99	116.01
Coroner	15,000.00	15,000.00	4,760.60	10,239.40
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	50,000.00	50,000.00	16,060.37	33,939.63
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	38,400.00	38,400.00	38,400.00	0.00
Ambulance	330,500.00	330,500.00	322,540.18	7,959.82
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	10,000.00	10,000.00	9,948.65	51.35
Mental Health Centers	5,800.00	5,800.00	4,800.00	1,000.00
Mental Illness Board	12,000.00	12,000.00	9,866.71	2,133.29
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	92,500.00	92,500.00	91,401.46	1,098.54
Historical Sites	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00
Recreation:				
Recreational Programs	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00
Exhibition Building	3,000.00	3,000.00	1,121.40	1,878.60
County Fair	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	5,000.00
Senior Center	25,000.00	25,000.00	21,365.79	3,634.21
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	97,500.00	97,500.00	84,766.56	12,733.44
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	50,240.00	70,240.00	56,135.35	14,104.65
Water Conservation:				
Drainage Commissions	6,000.00	6,000.00	4,136.74	1,863.26
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	63,300.00	63,300.00	61,687.64	1,612.36
Urban and Rural Development	13,800.00	14,500.00	14,441.18	58.82
Total Expenditures	3,502,142.00	3,579,924.21	3,207,574.31	372,349.90
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	911,498.00	1,055,645.70	2,261,901.47	1,206,255.77
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(1,440,000.00)	(1,440,000.00)	(1,440,000.00)	0.00
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	33,313.00	36,187.11	2,874.11
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	542.00	542.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,440,000.00)	(1,406,687.00)	(1,403,270.89)	3,416.11
Net Change in Fund Balance	(528,502.00)	(351,041.30)	858,630.58	1,209,671.88
Fund Balance - Beginning	3,269,333.62	3,269,333.62	3,269,333.62	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 2,740,831.62	\$ 2,918,292.32	\$ 4,127,964.20	\$ 1,209,671.88

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Wheel Tax	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 247,978.88	\$ 27,978.88
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	3,702.64	3,702.64	0.00
State Grants	160,000.00	160,000.00	200,390.48	40,390.48
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,020,000.00	1,020,000.00	1,139,326.99	119,326.99
Prorate License Fees	40,000.00	40,000.00	45,297.67	5,297.67
63 3/4% Mobile Home	4,603.00	4,603.00	5,080.60	477.60
Motor Fuel Tax	0.00	0.00	12,339.46	12,339.46
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	15,000.00	15,000.00	0.00	(15,000.00)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	5,000.00	5,000.00	7,855.35	2,855.35
Other	5,000.00	5,000.00	15,000.00	10,000.00
Total Revenues	1,469,603.00	1,473,305.64	1,676,972.07	203,666.43
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	3,299,200.00	3,789,200.00	3,578,915.74	210,284.26
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,829,597.00)	(2,315,894.36)	(1,901,943.67)	413,950.69
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	1,140,000.00	1,140,000.00	1,140,000.00	0.00
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	0.00	1,180.00	1,180.00
Sale of County Property	1,500.00	1,500.00	20,895.70	19,395.70
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,141,500.00	1,141,500.00	1,162,075.70	20,575.70
Net Change in Fund Balance	(688,097.00)	(1,174,394.36)	(739,867.97)	434,526.39
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,116,462.51	2,116,462.51	2,116,462.51	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,428,365.51	\$ 942,068.15	\$ 1,376,594.54	\$ 434,526.39

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 3,541,197.00	\$ 3,541,197.00	\$ 3,509,494.98	\$ (31,702.02)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	15,000.00	15,000.00	15,434.56	434.56
Penalties and Interest	7,500.00	7,500.00	7,320.88	(179.12)
Telephone Tax (Outside)	300.00	300.00	332.20	32.20
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	4,004.16	4,004.16
Licenses and Permits	17,900.00	17,900.00	27,408.80	9,508.80
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	252,065.32	252,065.32	0.00
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	7,000.00	7,000.00	0.00	(7,000.00)
State Grants	5,600.00	42,256.00	42,956.00	700.00
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	15,000.00	15,000.00	26,998.22	11,998.22
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	(5,000.00)
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	30,000.00	30,000.00	31,465.76	1,465.76
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,070.29	70.29
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	35,000.00	35,000.00	39,898.95	4,898.95
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	17,500.00	17,500.00	0.00	(17,500.00)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	20,900.00	20,900.00	26,739.45	5,839.45
Register of Deeds' Fees	75,000.00	75,000.00	92,436.00	17,436.00
Legal Services	40,300.00	40,300.00	48,448.15	8,148.15
Clerk of Courts Fees	6,000.00	6,000.00	5,902.42	(97.58)
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	153,061.00	153,061.00	145,842.16	(7,218.84)
Prisoner Care	5,000.00	5,000.00	617.27	(4,382.73)
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	3,000.00	3,000.00	174.89	(2,825.11)
Veterans Service Officer	2,812.50	2,812.50	2,812.50	0.00
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	270,000.00	270,000.00	301,405.47	31,405.47
Other Charges	5,100.00	5,100.00	9,803.90	4,703.90
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	10,000.00	10,000.00	12,744.52	2,744.52
Forfeits	6,000.00	6,000.00	11,100.00	5,100.00
Other	0.00	0.00	258.50	258.50
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	10,000.00	10,000.00	51,620.92	41,620.92
Rent	12,000.00	12,000.00	10,745.00	(1,255.00)
Contributions and Donations	0.00	0.00	200.00	200.00
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	1,000.00	1,000.00	29.90	(970.10)
Other	100.00	8,592.92	8,614.66	21.74
Total Revenues	4,320,270.50	4,617,484.74	4,689,945.83	72,461.09
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	384,000.00	384,000.00	364,344.70	19,655.30
Contingency	150,000.00	150,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(9,475.00)		140,525.00
Elections	42,000.00	42,000.00	34,727.33	7,272.67
Judicial System	35,000.00	35,000.00	30,926.68	4,073.32
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	147,000.00	147,000.00	133,227.80	13,772.20
Treasurer	195,300.00	195,300.00	190,010.87	5,289.13
Other	7,500.00	7,500.00	107.70	7,392.30
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	261,760.00	261,760.00	257,800.49	3,959.51
Court Appointed Attorney	150,000.00	150,000.00	144,974.39	5,025.61

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive (Negative)
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	15,000.00	15,000.00	5,592.58	9,407.42
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	170,000.00	170,000.00	134,275.06	35,724.94
Director of Equalization	118,698.00	118,698.00	111,303.41	7,394.59
Register of Deeds	112,500.00	114,700.00	114,680.18	19.82
Veterans Service Officer	23,650.00	23,650.00	23,469.12	180.88
Predatory Animal	2,569.00	2,569.00	2,568.27	0.73
Self-Insurance Plan	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	4,000.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	639,500.00	685,377.50	685,317.99	59.51
County Jail	200,000.00	200,000.00	172,495.35	27,504.65
Coroner	15,000.00	15,000.00	5,841.55	9,158.45
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Emergency and Disaster Services	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	50,000.00	50,000.00	28,112.94	21,887.06
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	37,700.00	37,700.00	37,700.00	0.00
Ambulance	324,200.00	332,692.92	325,121.03	7,571.89
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	10,000.00	10,000.00	5,651.22	4,348.78
Mental Health Centers	5,800.00	5,800.00	5,800.00	0.00
Mental Illness Board	12,000.00	12,000.00	10,672.92	1,327.08
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	92,171.00	92,171.00	91,419.32	751.68
County Monuments	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00
Historical Sites	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00
Recreation:				
Recreational Programs	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00
County Fair	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00
Senior Center	23,000.00	23,000.00	13,578.80	9,421.20
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	85,700.00	85,700.00	81,006.69	4,693.31
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	37,500.00	37,500.00	26,068.07	11,431.93
Water Conservation:				
Drainage Commissions	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,472.13	527.87
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	58,300.00	58,300.00	57,233.97	1,066.03
Urban and Rural Development	13,800.00	13,800.00	10,041.81	3,758.19
Total Expenditures	<u>3,468,148.00</u>	<u>3,515,243.42</u>	<u>3,146,042.37</u>	<u>369,201.05</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>852,122.50</u>	<u>1,102,241.32</u>	<u>1,543,903.46</u>	<u>441,662.14</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(1,240,000.00)	(1,240,000.00)	(1,240,000.00)	0.00
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	4,221.50	4,221.50	0.00
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	2,736.00	2,736.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,240,000.00)</u>	<u>(1,235,778.50)</u>	<u>(1,233,042.50)</u>	<u>2,736.00</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(387,877.50)	(133,537.18)	310,860.96	444,398.14
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,958,472.66</u>	<u>2,958,472.66</u>	<u>2,958,472.66</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 2,570,595.16</u>	<u>\$ 2,824,935.48</u>	<u>\$ 3,269,333.62</u>	<u>\$ 444,398.14</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Wheel Tax	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 235,298.24	\$ 15,298.24
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	219,537.99	219,537.99	0.00
State Grants	618,872.00	618,872.00	203,445.18	(415,426.82)
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,092,663.74	92,663.74
Prorate License Fees	40,000.00	40,000.00	49,317.59	9,317.59
63 3/4% Mobile Home	0.00	0.00	2,305.20	2,305.20
Motor Fuel Tax	4,603.00	4,603.00	0.00	(4,603.00)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	15,000.00	43,356.00	34,736.25	(8,619.75)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	5,000.00	5,000.00	31,832.90	26,832.90
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	0.00	0.00	1,813.74	1,813.74
Other	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	(5,000.00)
Total Revenues	<u>1,908,475.00</u>	<u>2,156,368.99</u>	<u>1,870,950.83</u>	<u>(285,418.16)</u>
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	<u>3,013,750.00</u>	<u>3,112,000.45</u>	<u>2,564,654.06</u>	<u>547,346.39</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,105,275.00)</u>	<u>(955,631.46)</u>	<u>(693,703.23)</u>	<u>261,928.23</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	940,000.00	940,000.00	940,000.00	0.00
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	0.00	600.00	600.00
Sale of County Property	1,500.00	1,500.00	4,755.11	3,255.11
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>941,500.00</u>	<u>941,500.00</u>	<u>945,355.11</u>	<u>3,855.11</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(163,775.00)	(14,131.46)	251,651.88	265,783.34
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>1,864,810.63</u>	<u>1,864,810.63</u>	<u>1,864,810.63</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,701,035.63</u>	<u>\$ 1,850,679.17</u>	<u>\$ 2,116,462.51</u>	<u>\$ 265,783.34</u>

MOODY COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Between the fifteenth and thirtieth days of July in each year the Board of County Commissioners prepares and files with the County Auditor a provisional budget for the following year, containing a detailed estimate of cash balances, revenues, and expenditures.
2. Prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year a notice of budget hearing is published once each week for two successive weeks, and the text of the provisional budget is published with the first publication.
3. The Board of County Commissioners holds a meeting for the purpose of considering the provisional budget on or prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year. Such hearings must be concluded by October first. Changes made to the provisional budget are entered at length in the minutes of the Board of County Commissioners.
4. Before October first of each year the Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget for the ensuing year. The adopted budget is filed in the office of the County Auditor.
5. After adoption by the Board of County Commissioners, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 7.
6. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total county budget.
7. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
8. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners.
9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
MOODY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

*Last 10 Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0869610%	0.0913161%	0.0911684%	0.0887759%	0.0822705%	0.0886319%	0.0846672%	0.0862011%
County's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (665,972.43)	\$ (3,965.84)	\$ (9,661.35)	\$ (2,070.46)	\$ (7,466.13)	\$ 299,389.85	\$ (359,097.79)	\$ (621,043.67)
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,881,608.28	\$ 1,896,338.86	\$ 1,694,546.39	\$ 1,757,715.36	\$ 1,595,123.24	\$ 1,602,610.71	\$ 1,477,599.45	\$ 1,442,965.35
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	35.39%	0.21%	0.57%	0.12%	0.47%	18.68%	24.30%	43.04%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.1%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

MOODY COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and one plan provision change are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020 and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.