

LAWRENCE COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2022

LAWRENCE COUNTY
COUNTY OFFICIALS
December 31, 2022

Board of Commissioners:
Randall Rosenau (Chairperson)
Robert Ewing (Vice Chairperson)
Randy Deibert
Brandon Flanagan
Richard Sleep

Auditor:
Brenda McGruder

Treasurer:
Debora Tridle

State's Attorney:
John Fitzgerald

Register of Deeds:
Davida Hansen

Sheriff:
Brian Dean

LAWRENCE COUNTY
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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Lawrence County
Deadwood, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lawrence County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2022, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2023.

An adverse opinion for the aggregate discreetly presented component unit was issued due to the County's financial statements not including the financial information of the Lawrence County Housing and Redevelopment Commission. An unmodified opinion was issued for the remaining opinion units.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Russell A. Olson". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

December 12, 2023



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Lawrence County
Deadwood, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lawrence County, South Dakota (County), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Lawrence County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Russell A. Olson". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

December 12, 2023

LAWRENCE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Prior Federal Audit Findings:

The prior audit report contained no written federal compliance audit findings.

Prior Other Audit Findings:

The prior audit report contained no written audit findings.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I – Summary of the Auditor’s Results

Financial Statements

- a. An adverse opinion was issued for the omission of the Lawrence County Housing and Redevelopment Commission, a discretely presented component unit, financial statements. An unmodified opinion was issued on the primary government’s financial statements presented on another comprehensive basis of accounting – modified cash basis.
- b. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies were disclosed by our audit of the financial statements.
- c. Our audit did not disclose any noncompliance which was material to the financial statements.

Federal Awards

- d. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- e. Our audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- f. The federal award tested as a major program was:

ALN # 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
- g. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- h. Lawrence County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

There are no written current financial statement audit findings to report.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no written current federal compliance audit findings to report.



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Lawrence County
Deadwood, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lawrence County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2022, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component unit of the Lawrence County as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Each Major Fund and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position on a modified cash basis of accounting of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lawrence County as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matters Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, net position, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component unit would have been presented and are not reasonably determined.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases; however, this implementation did not result in a restatement of the net position as of January 1, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such

procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

December 12, 2023

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
December 31, 2022

	<u>Primary Government Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,775,896.24
Investments	43,400,017.99
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,485,453.34
Notes Receivable	<u>100,000.00</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 67,761,367.57</u>
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For: (See Note 7)	
Public Safety and Services Center Purposes	\$ 38,400,017.99
Other Purposes	2,704,054.46
Unrestricted	<u>26,657,295.12</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 67,761,367.57</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government
					Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 5,768,806.78	\$ 1,233,739.75	\$ 3,169,851.80	\$ 411,774.35	\$ (953,440.88)
Public Safety	9,427,773.67	271,254.51	499,768.22		(8,656,750.94)
Public Works	6,010,857.42	41,454.03	2,485,233.74		(3,484,169.65)
Health and Welfare	163,325.17	19,399.30			(143,925.87)
Culture and Recreation	468,054.00				(468,054.00)
Conservation of Natural Resources	328,250.57	47,499.72			(280,750.85)
Urban and Economic Development	337,037.09	381,084.29			44,047.20
**Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,729,042.50				(2,729,042.50)
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 25,233,147.20</u>	<u>\$ 1,994,431.60</u>	<u>\$ 6,154,853.76</u>	<u>\$ 411,774.35</u>	<u>(16,672,087.49)</u>
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
**The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.	Property Taxes				12,210,199.02
	Wheel Tax				398,864.67
	State Shared Revenues				1,368,511.99
	Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs				1,152,199.72
	Unrestricted Investment Earnings				386,508.63
	Miscellaneous Revenue				62,054.76
	Total General Revenues				15,578,338.79
Change in Net Position					(1,093,748.70)
Net Position - Beginning					68,855,116.27
NET POSITION - ENDING					\$ 67,761,367.57

**The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 6,041,069.40	\$ 1,434,696.11	\$ 3,110,318.96	\$ 10,701.09	\$ (1,485,353.24)
Public Safety	5,560,893.29	274,533.60	853,540.33		(4,432,819.36)
Public Works	6,386,330.25	107,708.91	2,661,618.11		(3,617,003.23)
Health and Welfare	154,779.98	17,607.68			(137,172.30)
Culture and Recreation	517,282.00				(517,282.00)
Conservation of Natural Resources	298,735.64	32,035.05			(266,700.59)
Urban and Economic Development	251,988.13	344,137.00	581.45		92,730.32
**Interest on Long-Term Debt	540,058.65				(540,058.65)
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 19,751,137.34</u>	<u>\$ 2,210,718.35</u>	<u>\$ 6,626,058.85</u>	<u>\$ 10,701.09</u>	<u>(10,903,659.05)</u>
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
**The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.	Property Taxes				11,375,684.31
	Wheel Tax				382,077.31
	State Shared Revenues				1,384,601.85
	Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs				645,587.00
	Unrestricted Investment Earnings				23,529.22
	Debt Issued				43,578,978.40
	Miscellaneous Revenue				54,360.31
Total General Revenues					57,444,818.40
Change in Net Position					46,541,159.35
Net Position - Beginning					22,313,956.92
NET POSITION - ENDING					\$ 68,855,116.27

**The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Mineral Severance Tax Fund	Public Safety and Services Center Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 14,412,289.56	\$ 5,253,841.50	\$	\$	\$ 957.50	\$ 3,108,807.68	\$ 22,775,896.24
Investments	5,000,000.00			38,400,017.99			43,400,017.99
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents			1,485,453.34				1,485,453.34
Notes Receivable			100,000.00				100,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 19,412,289.56	\$ 5,253,841.50	\$ 1,585,453.34	\$ 38,400,017.99	\$ 957.50	\$ 3,108,807.68	\$ 67,761,367.57
FUND BALANCES: (See Note 1.j.)							
Restricted	\$	\$	\$ 1,585,453.34	\$ 38,400,017.99	\$	\$ 1,118,601.12	\$ 41,104,072.45
Assigned	12,928,293.00	5,253,841.50			957.50	1,990,206.56	20,173,298.56
Unassigned	6,483,996.56						6,483,996.56
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 19,412,289.56	\$ 5,253,841.50	\$ 1,585,453.34	\$ 38,400,017.99	\$ 957.50	\$ 3,108,807.68	\$ 67,761,367.57

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Mineral Severance Tax Fund	Public Safety and Services Center Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 12,077,589.45	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 106,571.11	\$ 12,184,160.56
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	6,196.32	3.80				48.55	6,248.67
Penalties and Interest	15,031.89	3.30				133.85	15,169.04
Telephone Tax (Outside)	83.75						83.75
Wheel Tax		398,864.67					398,864.67
Tax Deed Revenue	4,511.95					25.05	4,537.00
Licenses and Permits	411,547.29					8,640.00	420,187.29
Intergovernmental Revenue:							
Federal Grants	2,549,062.81					96,087.73	2,645,150.54
Federal Shared Revenue	446,159.46	148,411.86				24,444.31	619,015.63
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	341,979.50	341,979.50					683,959.00
State Grants	17,208.14	335,790.79				98,697.94	451,696.87
State Shared Revenue:							
Bank Franchise	104,737.25					1,875.03	106,612.28
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,816,947.10					1,816,947.10
Lottery Shared Revenue	1,096,459.42						1,096,459.42
State Highway Fund (former 10% game)		14,604.60					14,604.60
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	16,473.85						16,473.85
Prorate License Fees		56,866.74					56,866.74
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	2,198.50						2,198.50
63 3/4% Mobile Home		34,749.01					34,749.01
Secondary Road Remittances		617,238.34					617,238.34
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	48,950.42						48,950.42
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	9,594.22						9,594.22
Motor Fuel Tax		8,509.03					8,509.03
911 Remittances						262,308.49	262,308.49
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	116,489.87						116,489.87
Other State Shared Revenue						44,910.30	44,910.30
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	22,081.26						22,081.26
Charges for Goods and Services:							
General Government:							
Treasurer's Fees	157,782.76						157,782.76
Register of Deeds' Fees	764,498.59					31,063.01	795,561.60
Legal Services	219,228.63					1,800.00	221,028.63
Clerk of Courts Fees	24,217.00						24,217.00
Other Fees	3,034.76						3,034.76
Public Safety:							
Law Enforcement	86,890.34						86,890.34
Prisoner Care	101,684.64						101,684.64

Sobriety Testing						23,775.85	23,775.85
Public Works:							
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	41,454.03						41,454.03
Health and Welfare:							
Economic Assistance:							
Poor Lien Recoveries	3,489.47						3,489.47
Veterans Service Officer	4,375.00						4,375.00
Mental Health Services	7,269.83						7,269.83
Conservation of Natural Resources	47,499.72						47,499.72
Fines and Forfeits:							
Fines	37,525.95						37,525.95
Costs	16,018.23				336.50		16,354.73
Forfeits	2,300.00						2,300.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:							
Investment Earnings	101,107.29	38,742.84	11,833.78	218,685.94		16,138.78	386,508.63
Contributions and Donations						750.00	750.00
Other	51,257.33	9,740.93				635.50	61,633.76
Total Revenues	18,914,534.89	3,863,906.54	11,833.78	218,685.94	0.00	718,242.00	23,727,203.15
Expenditures:							
General Government:							
Legislative:							
Board of County Commissioners	327,498.01						327,498.01
Elections	59,813.42						59,813.42
Judicial System	123,186.59						123,186.59
Financial Administration:							
Auditor	459,105.30						459,105.30
Treasurer	569,126.31						569,126.31
Other	377,765.43						377,765.43
Legal Services:							
State's Attorney	686,058.77						686,058.77
Public Defender	423,848.44						423,848.44
Court Appointed Attorney	322,508.93						322,508.93
Other General Government:							
General Government Building	728,787.29						728,787.29
Director of Equalization	639,816.87						639,816.87
Register of Deeds	372,285.40					7,700.64	379,986.04
Veterans Service Officer	59,797.83						59,797.83
Predatory Animal	996.48						996.48
Information Technology	610,710.47						610,710.47
Public Safety:							
Law Enforcement:							
Sheriff	2,168,368.49						2,168,368.49
County Jail	1,316,968.78			4,174,848.59			5,491,817.37
Coroner	73,948.88						73,948.88
Juvenile Detention	83,030.00						83,030.00
Other Law Enforcement						35,864.82	35,864.82
Protective and Emergency Services:							
Fire Protection						57,813.08	57,813.08
Emergency and Disaster Services						278,334.47	278,334.47
Communication Center	58,087.54					1,212,959.02	1,271,046.56
Other Protective and Emergency						3,900.00	3,900.00

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(Continued)

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Mineral Severance Tax Fund	Public Safety and Services Center Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Public Works:							
Highways and Bridges:							
Highways, Roads and Bridges		6,008,857.42				2,000.00	6,010,857.42
Health and Welfare:							
Economic Assistance:							
Support of Poor	12,392.69						12,392.69
Health Assistance:							
Health Services	56,081.00						56,081.00
Ambulance	11,658.00						11,658.00
Social Services:							
Domestic Abuse						10,776.50	10,776.50
Mental Health Services:							
Mentally Ill	38,210.68						38,210.68
Drug Abuse	10,000.00						10,000.00
Mental Health Centers	24,097.00						24,097.00
Mental Illness Board	109.30						109.30
Culture and Recreation:							
Culture:							
Public Library	443,054.00						443,054.00
Recreation:							
County Fair	10,000.00						10,000.00
Senior Center	15,000.00						15,000.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:							
Soil Conservation:							
County Extension	47,048.69						47,048.69
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00						20,000.00
Weed Control	261,201.88						261,201.88
Urban and Economic Development:							
Urban Development:							
Planning and Zoning	312,037.09						312,037.09
Economic Development:							
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development			25,000.00				25,000.00
Debt Service					2,729,042.50		2,729,042.50
Total Expenditures	10,722,599.56	6,008,857.42	25,000.00	4,174,848.59	2,729,042.50	1,609,348.53	25,269,696.60
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,191,935.33	(2,144,950.88)	(13,166.22)	(3,956,162.65)	(2,729,042.50)	(891,106.53)	(1,542,493.45)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		800,000.00			2,730,000.00	800,000.00	4,330,000.00
Transfers Out	(4,330,000.00)						(4,330,000.00)

Insurance Proceeds	77,000.99					371,322.76	448,323.75
Sale of County Property		421.00					421.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(4,252,999.01)</u>	<u>800,421.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>2,730,000.00</u>	<u>1,171,322.76</u>	<u>448,744.75</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,938,936.32	(1,344,529.88)	(13,166.22)	(3,956,162.65)	957.50	280,216.23	(1,093,748.70)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>15,473,353.24</u>	<u>6,598,371.38</u>	<u>1,598,619.56</u>	<u>42,356,180.64</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>2,828,591.45</u>	<u>68,855,116.27</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 19,412,289.56</u>	<u>\$ 5,253,841.50</u>	<u>\$ 1,585,453.34</u>	<u>\$ 38,400,017.99</u>	<u>\$ 957.50</u>	<u>\$ 3,108,807.68</u>	<u>\$ 67,761,367.57</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Mineral Severance Tax Fund	Public Safety and Services Center Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 11,227,540.10	\$	\$	\$	\$ 102,709.26	\$ 11,330,249.36
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	16,046.50	5.43			154.77	16,206.70
Penalties and Interest	15,656.83	6.36			139.85	15,803.04
Telephone Tax (Outside)	74.78					74.78
Wheel Tax		382,077.31				382,077.31
Tax Deed Revenue	11,981.49				216.60	12,198.09
Other Taxes	1,152.34					1,152.34
Licenses and Permits	427,935.62				9,060.00	436,995.62
Intergovernmental Revenue:						
Federal Grants	2,821,803.56	39,778.09			185,127.51	3,046,709.16
Federal Shared Revenue		116,236.03			20,403.54	136,639.57
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes		322,793.50			322,793.50	645,587.00
State Grants	15,769.60	589,501.44				605,271.04
State Shared Revenue:						
Bank Franchise	91,769.62				1,628.91	93,398.53
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,734,122.84				1,734,122.84
Lottery Shared Revenue	1,139,380.49					1,139,380.49
State Highway Fund (former 10% game)		14,604.60				14,604.60
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	24,557.43					24,557.43
Prorate License Fees		94,717.93				94,717.93
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	3,979.81					3,979.81
63 3/4% Mobile Home		33,385.29				33,385.29
Secondary Road Remittances		593,730.92				593,730.92
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	62,242.36					62,242.36
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	9,192.06					9,192.06
Motor Fuel Tax		8,868.35				8,868.35
911 Remittances					272,982.09	272,982.09
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	89,580.47					89,580.47
Other State Shared Revenue					10,000.00	10,000.00
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	26,163.26				10,384.50	36,547.76
Charges for Goods and Services:						
General Government:						
Treasurer's Fees	158,974.39					158,974.39
Register of Deeds' Fees	893,191.53				42,203.43	935,394.96

Legal Services	229,582.01				2,175.00	231,757.01
Clerk of Courts Fees	22,967.54					22,967.54
Other Fees	2,697.59					2,697.59
Public Safety:						
Law Enforcement	85,764.60					85,764.60
Prisoner Care	84,414.33					84,414.33
Sobriety Testing					23,790.70	23,790.70
Public Works:						
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		107,708.91				107,708.91
Health and Welfare:						
Economic Assistance:						
Poor Lien Recoveries	6,924.87					6,924.87
Veterans Service Officer	4,375.00					4,375.00
Mental Health Services	1,622.81					1,622.81
Conservation of Natural Resources	32,035.05					32,035.05
Fines and Forfeits:						
Fines	40,377.12					40,377.12
Costs	16,369.41				438.50	16,807.91
Forfeits	18,109.94					18,109.94
Miscellaneous Revenue:						
Investment Earnings	10,454.16	6,629.67	4,235.28	149.09	2,061.02	23,529.22
Contributions and Donations					750.00	750.00
Other	26,917.97	1,310.17			7,611.37	35,839.51
Total Revenues	<u>17,619,604.64</u>	<u>4,045,476.84</u>	<u>4,235.28</u>	<u>149.09</u>	<u>1,014,630.55</u>	<u>22,684,096.40</u>

Expenditures:

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners	311,853.31					311,853.31
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Elections	18,714.74					18,714.74
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Judicial System	113,979.77					113,979.77
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Financial Administration:

Auditor	427,491.41					427,491.41
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Treasurer	490,831.68					490,831.68
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Other	360,514.73					360,514.73
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Legal Services:

State's Attorney	603,349.81					603,349.81
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Public Defender	433,628.77					433,628.77
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Court Appointed Attorney	299,204.34					299,204.34
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Other General Government:

General Government Building	678,907.70				810,192.51	1,489,100.21
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Director of Equalization	609,324.74					609,324.74
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Register of Deeds	328,542.46					328,542.46
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Veterans Service Officer	55,566.30					55,566.30
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Predatory Animal	996.48					996.48
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Information Technology	497,970.65					497,970.65
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LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
(Continued)

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Mineral Severance Tax Fund	Public Safety and Services Center Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Public Safety:						
Law Enforcement:						
Sheriff	2,277,456.76					2,277,456.76
County Jail	1,221,487.16				701,727.46	1,923,214.62
Coroner	66,705.66					66,705.66
Juvenile Detention	105,620.00					105,620.00
Other Law Enforcement					29,101.47	29,101.47
Protective and Emergency Services:						
Fire Protection					77,046.77	77,046.77
Emergency and Disaster Services					285,310.56	285,310.56
Communication Center	31,367.63				778,049.43	809,417.06
Public Works:						
Highways and Bridges:						
Highways, Roads and Bridges		6,378,330.25			8,000.00	6,386,330.25
Health and Welfare:						
Economic Assistance:						
Support of Poor	21,010.00					21,010.00
Health Assistance:						
Health Services	54,766.00					54,766.00
Ambulance	11,658.00					11,658.00
Social Services:						
Domestic Abuse					11,673.50	11,673.50
Mental Health Services:						
Mentally Ill	21,575.48					21,575.48
Drug Abuse	10,000.00					10,000.00
Mental Health Centers	24,097.00					24,097.00
Culture and Recreation:						
Culture:						
Public Library	492,282.00					492,282.00
Recreation:						
County Fair	10,000.00					10,000.00
Senior Center	15,000.00					15,000.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:						
Soil Conservation:						
County Extension	53,805.50					53,805.50
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00					20,000.00

Weed Control	224,930.14					224,930.14
Urban and Economic Development:						
Urban Development:						
Planning and Zoning	251,988.13					251,988.13
Debt Service				540,058.65		540,058.65
Total Expenditures	<u>10,144,626.35</u>	<u>6,378,330.25</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>540,058.65</u>	<u>2,701,101.70</u>	<u>19,764,116.95</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>7,474,978.29</u>	<u>(2,332,853.41)</u>	<u>4,235.28</u>	<u>(539,909.56)</u>	<u>(1,686,471.15)</u>	<u>2,919,979.45</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		2,200,000.00			1,521,598.29	3,721,598.29
Transfers Out	(3,721,598.29)					(3,721,598.29)
Long-Term Debt Issued				42,896,090.20	682,888.20	43,578,978.40
Insurance Proceeds	23,680.70					23,680.70
Sale of County Property	<u>1,426.05</u>	<u>17,094.75</u>				<u>18,520.80</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(3,696,491.54)</u>	<u>2,217,094.75</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>42,896,090.20</u>	<u>2,204,486.49</u>	<u>43,621,179.90</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,778,486.75	(115,758.66)	4,235.28	42,356,180.64	518,015.34	46,541,159.35
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>11,694,866.49</u>	<u>6,714,130.04</u>	<u>1,594,384.28</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>2,310,576.11</u>	<u>22,313,956.92</u>
<u>⌚</u> FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 15,473,353.24</u>	<u>\$ 6,598,371.38</u>	<u>\$ 1,598,619.56</u>	<u>\$ 42,356,180.64</u>	<u>\$ 2,828,591.45</u>	<u>\$ 68,855,116.27</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2022

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 1,148,463.07</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>\$ 1,148,463.07</u></u>
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For:	
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	<u>\$ 1,148,463.07</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 1,148,463.07</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 37,185,671.19
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	9,828,017.50
Other Additions	<u>3,079,737.34</u>
Total Additions	<u>50,093,426.03</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	37,130,943.52
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	9,803,497.21
Other Deductions	<u>3,086,506.36</u>
Total Deductions	<u>50,020,947.09</u>
Change in Net Position	72,478.94
Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,075,984.13</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 1,148,463.07</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 36,182,955.64
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	8,922,344.37
Other Additions	<u>2,885,105.25</u>
Total Additions	<u>47,990,405.26</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	36,329,149.94
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	8,877,306.66
Other Deductions	<u>2,896,843.57</u>
Total Deductions	<u>48,103,300.17</u>
Change in Net Position	(112,894.91)
Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,188,879.04</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 1,075,984.13</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c., these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Lawrence County (County), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The County is financially accountable if its County Commission appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County (primary government). The County may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

The Housing and Redevelopment Commission of Lawrence County, South Dakota (Commission) is a proprietary fund-type, discretely presented component unit. The five members of the Commission are appointed by the County Commission's Chairperson with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners for five-year, staggered terms. The Commission elects its own chairperson and recruits and employs its own management personnel and other workers. The County Commission, though, retains the statutory authority to approve or deny or otherwise modify the Commission's plans to construct a low-income housing unit, or to issue debt, which gives the County Commission the ability to impose its will on the Commission. Separately issued financial statements of the Housing and Redevelopment Commission may be obtained from: Lori Hoppe, Executive Director, 1220 Cedar Street #113, Sturgis, SD 57785. The financial activity of the Lawrence County Housing and Redevelopment Commission, a component unit of Lawrence County, has not been included in the financial statements presented in this report.

The County participates in two cooperative units, the Western Juvenile Service Center Compact and the Butte-Lawrence County Fair. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the County.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental

revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Discretely presented component units are legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria, as described in Note 1.a., above, and may be classified as either governmental or business-type activities. See the discussion of individual component units in Note 1.a., above.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the County financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – *The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.*

Special Revenue Funds – *Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.*

Road and Bridge Fund – to account for funds credited to the road and bridge fund pursuant to SDCL 32-11-4.2 to be used by the board of county commissioners for grading, constructing, planing, dragging, and maintaining county highways and also for dragging, maintaining, and grading secondary roads. Proper equipment for dragging, grading, and maintaining highways, such as graders, tractors, drags, maintainers, and planers may be purchased from the road and bridge fund. (SDCL 32-11-2 and 32-11-4.2). This is a major fund.

Mineral Severance Tax Fund – to account for funds deposited with the County pursuant to SDCL 10-39-54 to be used for economic development or for roads and schools (SDCL 10-39-54.3). The County has elected to report this as a major fund.

The remaining special revenue funds are not considered major funds: 911 Service, Fire Protection, Emergency Management, Domestic Abuse, Courthouse Building, 24/7 Sobriety, Modernization and Preservation Relief, Title III, Drug Abuse Prevention and Rehabilitation, and Rural Access Infrastructure. These funds are reported on the fund financial statements as “Other Governmental Funds.

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bond Redemption Fund – to account for property taxes which may be used only for the payment of the debt principal, interest, and related costs. This is a major fund in 2022 only.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds for individuals, private organizations, or other governments).

Public Safety and Services Center Capital Projects Fund – to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of the Public Safety and Services Center. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-category and are never considered to be major funds:

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for the accumulation and distribution of property tax revenues and various pass-through funds.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “how” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The County’s basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

Measurement Focus:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus, or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The acceptable modification to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the County in these financial statements are:

- a. Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.
- b. Recording long-term notes receivable arising from cash transactions.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, “cash and cash equivalents” includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating those assets where appropriate, so any capital assets owned by the County and the related depreciation are not reported on the financial statements of the County.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities include, but are not limited to, Certificates of Participation.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt or long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions, so any outstanding long-term debt or long-term liabilities are not reported on the financial statements of the County. The County does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities, the principal portion of these Debt Service payments are reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion is reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

The County has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Debt.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the County's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two components:

1. Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
2. Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

i. Application of Net Position:

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

j. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the County Commissioners.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County uses *restricted/committed* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use *committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts* of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The County *does not* have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund

Road and Bridge Fund

Mineral Severance Tax Fund

Revenue Source

Federal Shared Revenues

Motor Vehicle Licenses

Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes

State Grants

Interest Earnings

A schedule of fund balances is provided as follows:

**LAWRENCE COUNTY
DISCLOSURE OF FUND BALANCES REPORTED ON BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Mineral Severance Tax Fund	Public Safety and Services Center Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:							
Restricted For:							
Mineral Severance Tax Purposes	\$	\$	\$ 1,585,453.34	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,585,453.34
Fire Protection Purposes						671,452.24	671,452.24
Title III Purposes						171,563.40	171,563.40
24/7 Sobriety Purposes						126,594.84	126,594.84
Drug Abuse Prevention Purposes						2,049.21	2,049.21
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes						101,800.52	101,800.52
31 Rural Access Purposes						45,140.91	45,140.91
Public Safety and Services Center Purposes				38,400,017.99			38,400,017.99
Assigned To:							
Applied to Next Year's Budget	447,293.00						447,293.00
Capital Outlay Accumulations	12,481,000.00						12,481,000.00
Road and Bridge Purposes		5,253,841.50					5,253,841.50
Bond Redemption Purposes					957.50		957.50
Fire Protection Purposes						26,657.89	26,657.89
911 Service Purposes						678,533.91	678,533.91
Emergency and Disaster Purposes						290,621.51	290,621.51
24/7 Sobriety Purposes						5,519.48	5,519.48
Courthouse Building Purposes						988,873.77	988,873.77
Unassigned	6,483,996.56						6,483,996.56
Total Fund Balances	\$ 19,412,289.56	\$ 5,253,841.50	\$ 1,585,453.34	\$ 38,400,017.99	\$ 957.50	\$ 3,108,807.68	\$ 67,761,367.57

2. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In 2022, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhances the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhances the relevance, reliability, and consistency of information about the leasing activities of governments. The County prepared and presented the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; therefore, the implementation of this standard did not affect beginning net position or beginning fund balances.

3. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The County is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the department level. The following represents the significant overdrafts of the expenditures compared to appropriations:

	Year Ended 12/31/2021
Public Safety and Services Center Capital Project Fund:	
<u>Activity</u>	
Debt Service	\$ 540,058.65

The budget overdraft listed above is due to accounting system journal entries made to record bond costs associated with the issuance of \$37,060,000 Certificate of Participation. The Certificates were issued in late December 2021.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The County follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The County’s cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 7-20-1, 7-20-1.1, and 7-20-1.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank’s public debt rating which may not be less than “AA” or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits County funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – the custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. On December 31, 2022, investments in the amount of \$43,400,017.99 were uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the county's name.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. SDCL 4-5-6 permits County funds to be invested in securities which shall mature within eighteen months from the date of purchase or be redeemable at the option of the holder within eighteen months from the date of purchase. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. As of December 31, 2022, the County had investments maturing as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)			
		Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	Greater than 10
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	\$ 39,903,758.78	\$ 39,903,758.78	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$ 39,903,758.78	\$ 39,903,758.78	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the County, as discussed above. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

As of December 31, 2022, the County had the following investments which may have a credit risk exposure:

Account Holder	Description	Maturity Date	Bond Rating	Fair Value
First American Government Fund	Mutual Funds	N/A	AAAmmf	\$ 3,496,259.21

Concentration of Credit Risk – The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. Eighty percent (80%) of the County's investments are in US Treasury Notes, and twelve percent (12%) of the County's investments are in US Treasury Bills.

Fair Value Measurement – The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the hierarchy below.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level:				
Debt Securities:				
U.S. Treasuries Bills	\$ 5,000,000	\$	\$ 5,000,000	\$
U.S. Treasury Notes	34,903,759		34,903,758	
Total Debt Securities	39,903,759	0	39,903,758	0
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	39,903,759	\$ 0	\$ 39,903,758	\$ 0
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):				
Mutual Funds	3,496,259			
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	<u>\$ 43,400,018</u>			

Equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The County holds shares in investments where the fair value of the investments are measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment as a practical expedient. The NAV valuations are based on valuations of the underlying securities as determined and reported by the fund.

The following table summarize the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of the investments measured at NAV as of December 31, 2022:

Investments Measured at the NAV				
	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (if currently eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Mutual Funds ^(a)	<u>\$ 3,496,259</u>		Daily	0 days
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	<u>\$ 3,496,259</u>			

(a) *Mutual Funds*. This type includes investments in 21 open-end mutual funds that invests in.... The fair value of the investment in this type has been determined using the NAV per share of the investment.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The County's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

5. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Assets restricted to use for a specific purpose through segregation of balances in separate accounts are as follows:

AMOUNT:	PURPOSE:
\$ 1,485,453.34	Mineral Severance Tax SDCL 10-39-54.3 (3) Base Funds

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of the following January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The County is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the County.

7. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

Major Purposes:

Public Safety and Services Center Purposes	<u>\$ 38,400,017.99</u>
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Other Purposes:

Mineral Severance Tax Purposes	1,585,453.34
Fire Protection Purposes	671,452.24
Title III Purposes	171,563.40
24/7 Sobriety Purposes	126,594.84
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes	101,800.52
Drug Abuse Prevention and Rehab Purposes	2,049.21
Rural Access Purposes	<u>45,140.91</u>

Total Other Purposes	<u>2,704,054.46</u>
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Total Restricted Net Position	<u>\$ 41,104,072.45</u>
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These balances are restricted due to federal grant, statutory, and bond requirements.

8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>			<u>Total</u>
	Road and Bridge Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 800,000.00	\$ 2,730,000.00	\$ 800,000.00	\$ 4,330,000.00

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 2,200,000.00	\$ 1,521,598.29	\$ 3,721,598.29

The County typically budgets transfers to the Road and Bridge Fund and the Courthouse Building Fund, Emergency Management Fund and the 911 Service Fund (Other Governmental Funds) to conduct the indispensable functions of the County. The transfer to Bond Redemption Fund is to make bond payment on new Public Safety and Services Center.

9. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Municipalities of Deadwood, Whitewood and Spearfish have created tax increment districts under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment districts were created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the Municipality through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural resources; and the improvement of the area will likely enhance significantly the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property is allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years.

Municipality of Deadwood:

The Municipality of Deadwood has five (5) active tax increments districts. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Lawrence County during the life of the tax increment districts.

The amount of general property taxes levied for these tax increment districts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2022, was \$918,613.82. Based on the percentage of Lawrence County's property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Lawrence County was \$189,498.34.

The amount of general property taxes levied for these tax increment districts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2021, was \$882,387.67. Based on the percentage of Lawrence County's property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Lawrence County was \$174,660.38.

Municipality of Whitewood:

The Municipality of Whitewood has one (1) active tax increment district. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Lawrence County during the life of the tax increment districts.

The amount of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2022, was \$95,474.41. Based on the percentage of Lawrence County's

property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Lawrence County was \$20,404.53.

The amount of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2021, was \$81,261.22. Based on the percentage of Lawrence County's property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Lawrence County was \$16,700.28.

Municipality of Spearfish:

The Municipality of Spearfish has two (2) active tax increment districts. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Lawrence County during the life of the tax increment districts.

The amount of general property taxes levied for these tax increment districts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2022, was \$657,241.46. Based on the percentage of Lawrence County's property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Lawrence County was \$175,551.80.

The amount of general property taxes levied for these tax increment districts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2021, was \$591,866.76. Based on the percentage of Lawrence County's property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Lawrence County was \$153,342.50.

10. NOTES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2022, \$100,000.00 of outstanding loans existed in the Mineral Severance Tax Fund (Economic Diversification). The notes receivable results from a revolving economic development loan fund created by SDCL 10-39. The notes receivable are reported as a component of Restricted Net Position in the Statement of Net Position. The noncurrent portion of the long-term notes receivable are reported as a component of restricted fund balance in the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet.

11. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement

benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The County's share of contributions to the SDRS for the calendar years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, equal to the required contributions each year, were as follows:

Year	Amount
2022	\$ 454,531.37
2021	\$ 429,983.20
2020	\$ 430,426.28

Pension Assets:

At June 30, 2022, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the County as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$ 43,733,145.25
Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	<u>43,762,423.19</u>
Proportionate share of net pension asset	<u>\$ (29,277.94)</u>

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.309799%, which is a decrease of (0.007708%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%
Future COLAs	2.10%

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010

Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65

Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table

Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a

portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	3.7%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.1%
Real Estate	10.0%	2.6%
Cash	<u>2.0%</u>	0.4%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the County's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,079,296.82	\$ (29,277.94)	\$ (5,021,597.53)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. The County allows eligible retirees and their dependents, meeting certain criteria, to participate in the County's health insurance plan. The health insurance plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as permitted by South Dakota Codified Law 6-1-16. Benefit provisions were established and may be amended by the governing board. The health plan does not issue separately stated stand-alone financial statements.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the governing board. An employee who retires from the County on or after the age of 50 and with at least 15 years of cumulative service with the County, on the County's health insurance plan at the time of retirement and provided written notice of intent to continue health insurance coverage, may be eligible for retiree health insurance coverage. Coverage ceases when the retiree has been on the plan for a maximum of 15 years or until becoming entitled to Medicare, whichever occurs first. The former employee is required to pay the full amount of the premium. Failure to pay the premium on time may disqualify the employee's participation.

13. JOINT VENTURES

Western South Dakota Juvenile Service Center Compact:

The County participates in a joint venture, known as the Western South Dakota Juvenile Services Center Joint Powers Agreement, formed for the purpose of providing juvenile detention services.

The members of the joint venture and their relative percentage of participation are as follows:

Pennington County	57%
Meade County	15%
Lawrence County	13%
Butte County	5%
Fall River County	4%
Custer County	5%
Harding County	1%

The joint venture's governing board is composed of one county commissioner from each county. The board is responsible for adopting the budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The County retains no equity in the net position of the joint venture but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Lawrence County Auditor's Office.

At December 31, 2022, this joint venture had no assets, as the joint venture operates on a breakeven basis, and no long-term liabilities.

Butte-Lawrence County Fair:

The County participates in a joint venture, known as the Butte-Lawrence County Fair, formed for the purpose of providing a county fair.

The members of the joint venture and their relative percentage of participation are as follows:

County of Butte	50%
County of Lawrence	50%

The joint venture's governing board is composed of ten representatives. Two members are appointed by each of the participating county's board of commissioners. Additional members are appointed by the fair board as needed. The board is responsible for adopting the budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The County retains no equity in the Net Position of the joint venture but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Butte-Lawrence County Fair.

At December 31, 2022, this joint venture had total net position of \$22,468.13, and no long-term debt.

14. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At December 31, 2022, the County was involved in two lawsuits. No determination can be made at this time regarding the potential outcome of these lawsuits. However, as discussed in the Risk Management note, the County has liability coverage for itself and its employees with South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance. Therefore, no material effects are anticipated to the County as a result of the potential outcome of these lawsuits.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2022, the County managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The County purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The County joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The County's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the County. The County pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under an occurrence-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The County pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for: General liability, auto liability, law enforcement liability, officials liability, property damage, employee dishonesty, and earthquake and flood coverage.

Effective October 5, 2021, the SDPAA adopted a new policy on member departures. Departing members will no longer be eligible for any partial refund of the calculated portion of their contributions which was previously allowed. The prior policy provided the departing member with such a partial refund because the departing member took sole responsibility for all claims and claims expenses whether reported or unreported at the time of their departure from the SDPAA. With such partial refund being no longer available, the SDPAA will now assume responsibility for all reported claims of a departing member pursuant to the revised IGC.

The County carries a \$3,000 deductible for the Law Enforcement Liability coverage, \$2,500 deductible for the Auto Collision coverage, and \$1,000 deductible for Comprehensive, Property Damage, Earthquake and Flood coverage.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The County joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The County's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The County pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The County provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 12,113,184.00	\$ 12,113,184.00	\$ 12,077,589.45	\$ (35,594.55)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	19,000.00	19,000.00	6,196.32	(12,803.68)
Penalties and Interest	20,000.00	20,000.00	15,031.89	(4,968.11)
Telephone Tax (Outside)	75.00	75.00	83.75	8.75
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	4,511.95	4,511.95
Other Taxes	700.00	700.00	0.00	(700.00)
Licenses and Permits	237,700.00	237,700.00	411,547.29	173,847.29
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	206,394.00	206,394.00	2,549,062.81	2,342,668.81
Federal Shared Revenue	0.00	0.00	446,159.46	446,159.46
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	300,000.00	300,000.00	341,979.50	41,979.50
State Grants	4,000.00	4,000.00	17,208.14	13,208.14
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	91,000.00	91,000.00	104,737.25	13,737.25
Lottery Shared Revenue	800,000.00	800,000.00	1,096,459.42	296,459.42
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	13,000.00	13,000.00	16,473.85	3,473.85
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	1,400.00	1,400.00	2,198.50	798.50
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	116,000.00	116,000.00	48,950.42	(67,049.58)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	8,400.00	8,400.00	9,594.22	1,194.22
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	107,000.00	107,000.00	116,489.87	9,489.87
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	7,300.00	7,300.00	22,081.26	14,781.26
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	143,000.00	143,000.00	157,782.76	14,782.76
Register of Deeds' Fees	540,000.00	540,000.00	764,498.59	224,498.59
Legal Services	153,700.00	153,700.00	219,228.63	65,528.63
Clerk of Courts Fees	24,000.00	24,000.00	24,217.00	217.00
Other Fees	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,034.76	34.76
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	75,100.00	75,100.00	86,890.34	11,790.34
Prisoner Care	103,850.00	103,850.00	101,684.64	(2,165.36)
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	5,200.00	5,200.00	3,489.47	(1,710.53)
Veterans Service Officer	4,375.00	4,375.00	4,375.00	0.00
Mental Health Services	1,000.00	1,000.00	7,269.83	6,269.83
Conservation of Natural Resources	22,000.00	22,000.00	47,499.72	25,499.72
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	30,000.00	30,000.00	37,525.95	7,525.95
Costs	12,000.00	12,000.00	16,018.23	4,018.23
Forfeits	18,000.00	18,000.00	2,300.00	(15,700.00)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	44,000.00	44,000.00	101,107.29	57,107.29
Other	35,000.00	35,000.00	51,257.33	16,257.33
Total Revenues	15,259,378.00	15,259,378.00	18,914,534.89	3,655,156.89
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	335,243.00	343,119.29	327,498.01	15,621.28
Contingency	50,000.00	50,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(0.00)		50,000.00
Elections	69,968.00	69,968.00	59,813.42	10,154.58
Judicial System	147,000.00	156,626.88	123,186.59	33,440.29
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	465,535.00	465,535.00	459,105.30	6,429.70
Treasurer	590,300.00	590,300.00	569,126.31	21,173.69
Other	385,800.00	385,800.00	377,765.43	8,034.57
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	709,272.00	709,272.00	686,058.77	23,213.23
Public Defender	502,736.00	502,736.00	423,848.44	78,887.56
Court Appointed Attorney	280,000.00	380,000.00	322,508.93	57,491.07

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive (Negative)
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	858,924.00	858,924.00	728,787.29	130,136.71
Director of Equalization	713,072.00	713,072.00	639,816.87	73,255.13
Register of Deeds	395,782.00	395,782.00	372,285.40	23,496.60
Veterans Service Officer	61,957.00	61,957.00	59,797.83	2,159.17
Predatory Animal	1,000.00	1,000.00	996.48	3.52
Information Technology	616,035.00	616,035.00	610,710.47	5,324.53
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	2,504,691.00	2,581,138.61	2,168,368.49	412,770.12
County Jail	1,502,022.00	1,502,022.00	1,316,968.78	185,053.22
Coroner	73,269.00	75,569.00	73,948.88	1,620.12
Juvenile Detention	100,000.00	100,000.00	83,030.00	16,970.00
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Communication Center	76,240.00	76,240.00	58,087.54	18,152.46
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	40,000.00	40,000.00	12,392.69	27,607.31
Health Assistance:				
Health Services	56,500.00	56,500.00	56,081.00	419.00
Ambulance	11,658.00	11,658.00	11,658.00	0.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	45,000.00	45,000.00	38,210.68	6,789.32
Drug Abuse	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00
Mental Health Centers	24,097.00	24,097.00	24,097.00	0.00
Mental Illness Board	5,114.00	5,114.00	109.30	5,004.70
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	443,054.00	443,054.00	443,054.00	0.00
Recreation:				
County Fair	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00
Senior Center	15,000.00	15,000.00	15,000.00	0.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	56,100.00	56,100.00	47,048.69	9,051.31
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	300,192.00	300,192.00	261,201.88	38,990.12
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	334,210.00	334,210.00	312,037.09	22,172.91
Total Expenditures	<u>11,809,771.00</u>	<u>12,006,021.78</u>	<u>10,722,599.56</u>	<u>1,283,422.22</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>3,449,607.00</u>	<u>3,253,356.22</u>	<u>8,191,935.33</u>	<u>4,938,579.11</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(1,600,000.00)	(1,600,000.00)	(4,330,000.00)	(2,730,000.00)
Insurance Proceeds	5,000.00	5,000.00	77,000.99	72,000.99
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,595,000.00)</u>	<u>(1,595,000.00)</u>	<u>(4,252,999.01)</u>	<u>(2,657,999.01)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,854,607.00	1,658,356.22	3,938,936.32	2,280,580.10
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>15,473,353.24</u>	<u>15,473,353.24</u>	<u>15,473,353.24</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 17,327,960.24</u>	<u>\$ 17,131,709.46</u>	<u>\$ 19,412,289.56</u>	<u>\$ 2,280,580.10</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 3.80	\$ 3.80
Penalties and Interest	0.00	0.00	3.30	3.30
Wheel Tax	350,000.00	350,000.00	398,864.67	48,864.67
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	38,043.00	38,043.00	0.00	(38,043.00)
Federal Shared Revenue	132,000.00	132,000.00	148,411.86	16,411.86
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	300,000.00	300,000.00	341,979.50	41,979.50
State Grants	350,000.00	350,000.00	335,790.79	(14,209.21)
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,600,000.00	1,600,000.00	1,816,947.10	216,947.10
State Highway Fund (former 10% game)	14,000.00	14,000.00	14,604.60	604.60
Prorate License Fees	88,000.00	88,000.00	56,866.74	(31,133.26)
63 3/4% Mobile Home	31,000.00	31,000.00	34,749.01	3,749.01
Secondary Road Remittances	0.00	0.00	617,238.34	617,238.34
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	540,000.00	540,000.00	0.00	(540,000.00)
Motor Fuel Tax	8,800.00	8,800.00	8,509.03	(290.97)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	10,300.00	10,300.00	41,454.03	31,154.03
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	59,000.00	59,000.00	38,742.84	(20,257.16)
Other	450.00	450.00	9,740.93	9,290.93
Total Revenues	3,521,593.00	3,521,593.00	3,863,906.54	342,313.54
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	7,300,923.00	7,300,923.00	6,008,857.42	1,292,065.58
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,779,330.00)	(3,779,330.00)	(2,144,950.88)	1,634,379.12
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	800,000.00	800,000.00	800,000.00	0.00
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	421.00	421.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	800,000.00	800,000.00	800,421.00	421.00
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,979,330.00)	(2,979,330.00)	(1,344,529.88)	1,634,800.12
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,598,371.38	6,598,371.38	6,598,371.38	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,619,041.38	\$ 3,619,041.38	\$ 5,253,841.50	\$ 1,634,800.12

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
MINERAL SEVERANCE TAX FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	\$ 12,000.00	\$ 12,000.00	\$ 11,833.78	\$ (166.22)
Expenditures:				
Urban and Economic Development:				
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	0.00	50,000.00	25,000.00	25,000.00
Net Change in Fund Balance	12,000.00	(38,000.00)	(13,166.22)	24,833.78
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,598,619.56	1,598,619.56	1,598,619.56	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,610,619.56	\$ 1,560,619.56	\$ 1,585,453.34	\$ 24,833.78

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 11,258,582.00	\$ 11,258,582.00	\$ 11,227,540.10	\$ (31,041.90)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	22,000.00	22,000.00	16,046.50	(5,953.50)
Penalties and Interest	15,000.00	15,000.00	15,656.83	656.83
Telephone Tax (Outside)	75.00	75.00	74.78	(0.22)
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	11,981.49	11,981.49
Other Taxes	785.00	785.00	1,152.34	367.34
Licenses and Permits	226,600.00	226,600.00	427,935.62	201,335.62
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	3,750.00	3,750.00	2,821,803.56	2,818,053.56
State Grants	4,000.00	4,000.00	15,769.60	11,769.60
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	76,000.00	76,000.00	91,769.62	15,769.62
Lottery Shared Revenue	800,000.00	800,000.00	1,139,380.49	339,380.49
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	12,000.00	12,000.00	24,557.43	12,557.43
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	3,200.00	3,200.00	3,979.81	779.81
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	85,000.00	85,000.00	62,242.36	(22,757.64)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	8,000.00	8,000.00	9,192.06	1,192.06
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	100,000.00	100,000.00	89,580.47	(10,419.53)
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	7,300.00	7,300.00	26,163.26	18,863.26
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	136,000.00	136,000.00	158,974.39	22,974.39
Register of Deeds' Fees	398,000.00	398,000.00	893,191.53	495,191.53
Legal Services	144,300.00	144,300.00	229,582.01	85,282.01
Clerk of Courts Fees	26,000.00	26,000.00	22,967.54	(3,032.46)
Other Fees	3,000.00	3,000.00	2,697.59	(302.41)
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	76,600.00	76,600.00	85,764.60	9,164.60
Prisoner Care	81,950.00	81,950.00	84,414.33	2,464.33
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	6,500.00	6,500.00	6,924.87	424.87
Veterans Service Officer	4,375.00	4,375.00	4,375.00	0.00
Mental Health Services	10,000.00	10,000.00	1,622.81	(8,377.19)
Conservation of Natural Resources	43,000.00	43,000.00	32,035.05	(10,964.95)
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	33,000.00	33,000.00	40,377.12	7,377.12
Costs	15,000.00	15,000.00	16,369.41	1,369.41
Forfeits	2,100.00	2,100.00	18,109.94	16,009.94
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	66,000.00	66,000.00	10,454.16	(55,545.84)
Other	35,000.00	35,000.00	26,917.97	(8,082.03)
Total Revenues	13,703,117.00	13,703,117.00	17,619,604.64	3,916,487.64
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	331,461.00	333,379.08	311,853.31	21,525.77
Contingency	50,000.00	50,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(0.00)		50,000.00
Elections	25,000.00	25,000.00	18,714.74	6,285.26
Judicial System	147,000.00	159,636.33	113,979.77	45,656.56
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	430,473.00	437,058.48	427,491.41	9,567.07
Treasurer	494,371.00	503,380.64	490,831.68	12,548.96
Other	377,800.00	385,676.29	360,514.73	25,161.56
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	651,442.00	656,942.68	603,349.81	53,592.87
Public Defender	460,987.00	473,378.56	433,628.77	39,749.79
Court Appointed Attorney	200,000.00	360,000.00	299,204.34	60,795.66

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
(Continued)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	747,276.00	749,247.12	678,907.70	70,339.42
Director of Equalization	645,980.00	649,789.64	609,324.74	40,464.90
Register of Deeds	356,199.00	360,919.44	328,542.46	32,376.98
Veterans Service Officer	56,227.00	56,227.00	55,566.30	660.70
Predatory Animal	1,000.00	1,000.00	996.48	3.52
Information Technology	492,749.00	498,580.76	497,970.65	610.11
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	2,393,419.00	2,461,768.83	2,277,456.76	184,312.07
County Jail	1,407,240.00	1,409,309.76	1,221,487.16	187,822.60
Coroner	71,565.00	71,565.00	66,705.66	4,859.34
Juvenile Detention	100,000.00	105,700.00	105,620.00	80.00
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Communication Center	69,490.00	69,490.00	31,367.63	38,122.37
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	40,000.00	40,000.00	21,010.00	18,990.00
Health Assistance:				
Health Services	56,000.00	56,000.00	54,766.00	1,234.00
Ambulance	11,658.00	11,658.00	11,658.00	0.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	65,000.00	65,000.00	21,575.48	43,424.52
Drug Abuse	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00
Mental Health Centers	24,097.00	24,097.00	24,097.00	0.00
Mental Illness Board	5,058.00	5,058.00	0.00	5,058.00
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	492,282.00	492,282.00	492,282.00	0.00
Recreation:				
County Fair	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00
Senior Center	15,000.00	15,000.00	15,000.00	0.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	54,100.00	54,100.00	53,805.50	294.50
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	223,198.00	227,891.92	224,930.14	2,961.78
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	253,711.00	258,404.92	251,988.13	6,416.79
Total Expenditures	<u>10,789,783.00</u>	<u>11,107,541.45</u>	<u>10,144,626.35</u>	<u>962,915.10</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>2,913,334.00</u>	<u>2,595,575.55</u>	<u>7,474,978.29</u>	<u>4,879,402.74</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(2,900,000.00)	(3,721,598.29)	(3,721,598.29)	0.00
Insurance Proceeds	5,000.00	5,000.00	23,680.70	18,680.70
Sale of County Property	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,426.05	426.05
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(2,894,000.00)</u>	<u>(3,715,598.29)</u>	<u>(3,696,491.54)</u>	<u>19,106.75</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	19,334.00	(1,120,022.74)	3,778,486.75	4,898,509.49
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>11,694,866.49</u>	<u>11,694,866.49</u>	<u>11,694,866.49</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 11,714,200.49</u>	<u>\$ 10,574,843.75</u>	<u>\$ 15,473,353.24</u>	<u>\$ 4,898,509.49</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 5.43	\$ 5.43
Penalties and Interest	0.00	0.00	6.36	6.36
Wheel Tax	340,000.00	340,000.00	382,077.31	42,077.31
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	39,778.09	39,778.09
Federal Shared Revenue	132,000.00	132,000.00	116,236.03	(15,763.97)
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	294,000.00	294,000.00	322,793.50	28,793.50
State Grants	271,000.00	271,000.00	589,501.44	318,501.44
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,500,000.00	1,500,000.00	1,734,122.84	234,122.84
State Highway Fund (former 10% game)	14,000.00	14,000.00	14,604.60	604.60
Prorate License Fees	88,000.00	88,000.00	94,717.93	6,717.93
63 3/4% Mobile Home	8,200.00	8,200.00	33,385.29	25,185.29
Secondary Road Remittances	0.00	0.00	593,730.92	593,730.92
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	525,000.00	525,000.00	0.00	(525,000.00)
Motor Fuel Tax	9,200.00	9,200.00	8,868.35	(331.65)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	3,600.00	3,600.00	107,708.91	104,108.91
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	100,000.00	100,000.00	6,629.67	(93,370.33)
Other	450.00	450.00	1,310.17	860.17
Total Revenues	3,285,450.00	3,285,450.00	4,045,476.84	760,026.84
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	8,260,324.00	8,275,895.00	6,378,330.25	1,897,564.75
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,974,874.00)	(4,990,445.00)	(2,332,853.41)	2,657,591.59
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	2,200,000.00	2,200,000.00	2,200,000.00	0.00
Sale of County Property	15,000.00	15,000.00	17,094.75	2,094.75
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,215,000.00	2,215,000.00	2,217,094.75	2,094.75
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,759,874.00)	(2,775,445.00)	(115,758.66)	2,659,686.34
Fund Balance - Beginning	6,714,130.04	6,714,130.04	6,714,130.04	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 3,954,256.04	\$ 3,938,685.04	\$ 6,598,371.38	\$ 2,659,686.34

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
MINERAL SEVERANCE TAX FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	\$ 16,000.00	\$ 16,000.00	\$ 4,235.28	\$ (11,764.72)
Expenditures	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	16,000.00	16,000.00	4,235.28	(11,764.72)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>1,594,384.28</u>	<u>1,594,384.28</u>	<u>1,594,384.28</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 1,610,384.28</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,610,384.28</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,598,619.56</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (11,764.72)</u></u>

LAWRENCE COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Between the fifteenth and thirtieth days of July in each year the Board of County Commissioners prepares and files with the County Auditor a provisional budget for the following year, containing a detailed estimate of cash balances, revenues, and expenditures.
2. Prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year a notice of budget hearing is published once each week for two successive weeks, and the text of the provisional budget is published with the first publication.
3. The Board of County Commissioners holds a meeting for the purpose of considering the provisional budget on or prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year. Such hearings must be concluded by October first. Changes made to the provisional budget are entered at length in the minutes of the Board of County Commissioners.
4. Before October first of each year the Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget for the ensuing year. The adopted budget is filed in the office of the County Auditor.
5. After adoption by the Board of County Commissioners, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 7.
6. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total county budget.
7. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
8. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners.
9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)**

South Dakota Retirement System

*Last 10 Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.309799%	0.317507%	0.314239%	0.307513%	0.303254%	0.309037%	0.326898%	0.317349%	0.320850%
County's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (29,278)	\$ (2,431,560)	\$ (13,647)	\$ (32,588)	\$ (7,073)	\$ (28,045)	\$ 1,104,229	\$ (1,345,966)	\$ (2,311,589)
County's covered payroll	\$ 6,823,866	\$ 6,634,491	\$ 6,355,930	\$ 6,072,877	\$ 5,845,327	\$ 5,832,352	\$ 5,782,679	\$ 5,410,600	\$ 5,235,696
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.43%	36.65%	0.21%	0.54%	0.12%	0.48%	19.10%	24.88%	44.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	100.10%	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.90%	104.10%	107.30%

53 * The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

LAWRENCE COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation reflects numerous changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of an experience analysis completed since the June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation. In addition, two changes in actuarial methods have been implemented since the prior valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2022 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and gaming enforcement agents became Class B Public Safety Members.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

As a result of an experience analysis covering the period from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2021, and presented to the SDRS Board of Trustees in April and June 2022, significant changes to the actuarial assumptions were recommended by the SDRS Senior Actuary and adopted by the Board of Trustees first effective for this June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation.

The changes to economic assumptions included increasing the price inflation to 2.50% and increasing the wage inflation to 3.15%. The current assumed investment return assumption of 6.50% was retained, lowering the assumed real investment return to 4.00%. The baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% was also retained. Salary increase assumptions were modified to reflect the increase in assumed wage inflation and recent experience. The assumed interest on accumulated contributions was decreased to 2.25%.

The demographic assumptions were also reviewed and revised. The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables using separate tables for teachers, general, and public safety retirees, with assumptions for retirees adjusted based on credible experience. The mortality assumption for active and terminated vested members was changed to the unadjusted amount-weighted Pub-2010 tables, again by member classification and the assumption for beneficiaries was changed to the amount-weighted Pub-2010 general contingent survivor table. Adjustments based on experience were also made to the assumptions regarding retirement, termination, disability, age of spouses for married Foundation members, percentage of terminated vested members electing a refund, and benefit commencement age for terminated vested Public Safety members with 15 or more years of service.

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was greater than 100% and the full 0% to 3.5% COLA range was payable. For the June 30, 2021, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. The July

2023 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 2.10%. For this June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 2.10%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation and any recommended 7 changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

Actuarial method changes with minor impact were implemented for this valuation after recommendation by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting as part of their reviews of prior valuations. As a result, liabilities and normal costs for refund benefits and the Generational Variable Retirement Account are now calculated using the entry age normal cost method with normal costs based on the expected value of these accounts rather than the actual balance.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2022**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed-Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures 2021	Total Federal Expenditures 2022
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: US Department of Agriculture - Direct Programs: Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties (Note 3)	10.666		\$ 264,647.88	\$ 232,472.05	\$ 300,723.72
US Department of Interior - Direct Programs: Bureau of Land Management, Payments in Lieu of Taxes (Note 3) National Park Service (LWCF), BLM Fuels Management and Community Fire Assistance Program Activities	15.226 15.228	L19AC00063		645,587.00 7,692.50	683,959.00 7,670.00
Total US Department of the Interior			0.00	653,279.50	691,629.00
US Department of Treasury - Direct Programs: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (Note 4) COVID-19 Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.027 21.032	SLT-1253 LATCF-0875-OMBNO. 1505-0276		2,509,947.00	2,509,947.00 446,159.46
Total US Department of Treasury			0.00	2,509,947.00	2,956,106.46
US Department of Health and Human Services - Pass-Through Programs: SD Secretary of State, Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities - Grants for Protection and Advocacy Systems	93.617	SD 313032			14,399.89
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			0.00	0.00	14,399.89
US Department of Homeland Security - Pass-Through Programs: SD Department of Public Safety - Office of Emergency Management, Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program	97.042 97.067	EMD-2022-EP-00002-S01, EMD-2021-EP-00001-S01 HLS-2021-LAWRENCE COUNTY SHERIFF 00057		82,463.56	88,417.73 24,715.92
Total US Department of Homeland Security			0.00	82,463.56	113,133.65
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 264,647.88	\$ 3,478,162.11	\$ 4,075,992.72

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The County has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Federal Reimbursement

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

Note 4: Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LAWRENCE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2022**

<u>Indebtedness</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt January 1, 2021</u>	<u>Add New Debt</u>	<u>Less Debt Retired</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt December 31, 2022</u>
Governmental Long-Term Debt:				
Limited Tax General Obligation-Certificates of Participation Payable	\$	\$ 37,060,000.00	\$ (1,160,000.00)	\$ 35,900,000.00

Note 1 - Long-Term Debt:

Debt payable at December 31, 2022 is comprised of the following:

Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates of Participation:

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The County issued Series 2021-Limited Tax General Obligation-Certificates of Participation for the construction and equipping of a new Law Enforcement Center and Jail Facility, Interest Rates from 2.45% to 5.0%, Maturing 12/1/2041. Semi-annual payments of principal and interest will be made from the Bond Redemption Debt Service Fund. The payments began in June 2022 and will continue until December 2041.

\$ 35,900,000.00