

CLAY COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2023

CLAY COUNTY
COUNTY OFFICIALS
December 31, 2023

Board of Commissioners:

Elizabeth Smith – Chairperson
Travis Mockler – Vice Chairperson
Richard Hammond
Geoffrey Gray-Lobe
David Thiesse

Auditor:
Carrie Crum

Treasurer:
Rhonda Howe

State's Attorney:
Michael Smith

Register of Deeds:
Lisa Terwilliger

Sheriff:
Andrew Howe

CLAY COUNTY
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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Clay County
Vermillion, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clay County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2023, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as item No. 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with

governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as item No. 2023-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit. The County did not wish to respond to the findings identified in our audit as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

January 28, 2025



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Clay County
Vermillion, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Clay County, South Dakota (County), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2023. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Clay County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

January 28, 2025

CLAY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Prior Other Audit Finding:

Finding No. 2021-001:

The County's internal controls over cash and investments were inadequate resulting in diminished assurance that the County's financial transactions were properly recorded and its assets were adequately safeguarded. This finding has not been resolved and has been restated as Current Audit Finding No. 2023-001.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I – Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

- a. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of each opinion unit.
- b. A material weakness was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements for a deficiency in internal controls over cash as discussed in Current Audit Finding No. 2023-001. A significant deficiency was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements for a lack of internal controls over financial reporting as discussed in Current Audit Finding No. 2023-002.
- c. Our audit did not disclose any noncompliance which was material to the financial statements.

Federal Awards

- d. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- e. Our audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- f. The federal awards tested as a major program was:
 - ALN # 21.027 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
- g. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- h. Clay County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Internal Control-Related Findings - Material Weakness:

Cash Internal Control Deficiencies

Finding No. 2023-001:

Criteria:

The County's internal controls over the cash and investments were inadequate resulting in diminished assurance that the County's financial transactions were properly recorded and its assets were adequately safeguarded.

Condition:

Internal control serves as a defense in safeguarding assets and in preventing and detecting errors; fraud; noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements; or abuse.

We noted the following deficiencies in internal controls in the cash and investment reconciliation process:

- The County Treasurer has not been properly reconciling the recorded balances of cash and investments with the balances on hand at the various financial institutions for all months in the audit period. This reconciliation process serves as a check that the County's deposits and withdrawals have been properly recorded at the County and at the various financial institutions.
- The County Auditor has not been properly preparing the Auditor's Account with the Treasurer and has not been presenting the report to the County Commissioners monthly as required by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 7-10-3. This monthly verification serves as a check and balance of the Treasurer's Office by verifying all cash items and bank accounts in the possession or control of the Treasurer's Office.
- The bank account with South Dakota Public Funds Investment Trust (SD FIT) that the General Obligation Bond, Series 2023 proceeds were deposited in was not included on the Treasurer's Daily Balance Book, the Auditor's Account with the Treasurer and the General Ledger.
- There were General Obligation Bond, Series 2023 transactions relating to the receipt and issuance of the bonds and the receipt of investment earnings that were either not recorded or not properly recorded in the accounting records.

Effect:

The County is not in compliance with SDCL 7-10-3 and the County was exposed to an increased risk of accounting error or irregularities not being detected in a timely manner. The County was also exposed to greater risk that management decisions could be made using inaccurate cash and investment balances.

Cause:

The County relies on their accounting software's bank reconciliation report for their cash reconciliations. The bank reconciliation was not being run correctly resulting in inaccurate information being reported and the report was not being reviewed for accuracy. The report cannot be run for prior periods. Many Auditor's Account with the Treasurer reports were not noted in the minutes of the Board of County Commissioners as being presented to the Commission. The Auditor's Account with the Treasurer was not reconciled back to the amount of cash recorded in the accounting software. The financial transactions related to the issuance and receipt of the General Obligation Bond, Series 2023 and the receipt of the investment earnings on the invested funds were either not recorded or not properly recorded in the accounting records.

Recommendations:

1. We recommend the County perform a reconciliation of the recorded cash and investments to the financial institution's balance on a monthly basis.
2. We recommend the County prepare and present a monthly verification of the Treasurer's accounts to the Board of County Commissioners as required by SDCL 7-10-3 and record in the official minutes of the Board of County Commissioners that it the report was given.
3. We recommend that all bank accounts, and the transactions in those accounts, in which the County has deposits be included in all accounting records and reports.
4. We recommend that all transactions of the County be properly recorded in the accounting records and reported on the financial statements.

Views of responsible officials:

Management chose not to respond to this finding.

Internal Control-Related Findings - Significant Deficiency:

Financial Reporting

Finding No. 2023-002:

Criteria:

The County's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports, which includes having an adequate system for reporting and processing entries material to the annual financial reports being audited in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Condition:

The County's system of internal control designed to provide for accurate preparation of the annual financial reports was inadequate resulting in numerous significant reporting errors within the annual reports prepared by the County.

Context:

We identified 25 misstatements on the 2022 and 2023 annual financial reports that were either individually material misstatements or required corrections to properly present the annual financial reports. These corrections allowed for the issuance of an unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements.

Effect:

Inaccurate and incomplete information being present to the users of the annual financial reports.

Cause:

The County does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the County strengthen internal controls over financial reporting.

Views of responsible officials:

Management chose not to respond to this finding.

Compliance and Other Matters:

Annual Financial Report

Finding No. 2023-003:

Criteria:

South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 7-10-4 states: “The county auditor shall prepare by the first day of March of each year a report of the revenues and expenditures of the previous year and the assets, liabilities, and equity of the county as of December thirty-first of the previous year. The report shall be made in the form prescribed by the auditor-general and shall be published within thirty days in the official newspapers of the county. A copy of the publication shall be filed with the auditor-general.”

Condition:

The County Auditor did not prepare, publish or file with the Auditor General of the Department of Legislative Audit on a timely basis the annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2022 as required by SDCL 7-10-4.

Context:

The annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2022 was not filed with the Auditor General until September 20, 2023 and was not published as of the completion of this audit.

Effect:

The County is not in compliance with SDCL 7-10-4.

Cause:

The County Auditor did not file or publish the annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2022 in accordance with SDCL 7-10-4.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the County comply with SDCL 7-10-4.

Views of responsible officials:

Management chose not to respond to this finding.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no written current federal compliance audit findings to report.



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Clay County
Vermillion, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clay County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2023, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clay County as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases; however, this implementation did not result in a restatement of the net position as of January 1, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2023, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements; however, this implementation did not result in a restatement of the net position as of January 1, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 28, 2025, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

January 28, 2025

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
December 31, 2023

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,169,898.85
Investments	31,824,514.84
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 50,994,413.69
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For: (See Note 5)	
Capital Projects Purposes	\$ 42,597,770.75
Ditch Special Assessment Purposes	588,344.32
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes	268,823.52
Debt Service Purposes	90,818.00
911 Service Purposes	83,887.29
Other Purposes	28,095.46
Unrestricted	7,336,674.35
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 50,994,413.69

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 4,216,824.66	\$ 510,165.37	\$ 71,044.73	\$ 6,558.97	\$ (3,629,055.59)
Public Safety	7,253,048.14	225,355.92	181,070.12		(6,846,622.10)
Public Works	3,831,302.80	32,858.92	1,642,807.29	292,116.62	(1,863,519.97)
Health and Welfare	499,554.56	13,710.59			(485,843.97)
Culture and Recreation	36,173.40		8,940.40		(27,233.00)
Conservation of Natural Resources	352,683.25	17,041.07	5,100.00		(330,542.18)
Urban and Economic Development	82,096.73	11,293.62			(70,803.11)
**Interest on Long-Term Debt	869,666.97				(869,666.97)
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,141,350.51	\$ 810,425.49	\$ 1,908,962.54	\$ 298,675.59	(14,123,286.89)
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
	Property Taxes				8,387,349.47
	Wheel Tax				479,483.16
	State Shared Revenues				158,114.69
	Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs				8,027.00
	Unrestricted Investment Earnings				1,126,488.43
	Debt Issued				44,980,137.45
	Miscellaneous Revenue				29,754.27
	Total General Revenues				55,169,354.47
	Change in Net Position				41,046,067.58
	Net Position - Beginning				9,948,346.11
	NET POSITION - ENDING				\$ 50,994,413.69

**The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 2,742,966.70	\$ 530,560.76	\$ 1,422,267.95	\$ 34,026.72	\$ (756,111.27)
Public Safety	2,494,634.08	207,096.32	158,888.48	25,000.00	(2,103,649.28)
Public Works	4,173,958.34	63,880.59	1,624,053.68	274,997.19	(2,211,026.88)
Health and Welfare	219,254.90	14,227.95			(205,026.95)
Culture and Recreation	23,167.02		13,747.02		(9,420.00)
Conservation of Natural Resources	231,559.14	19,136.19	4,000.00		(208,422.95)
Urban and Economic Development	77,256.82	20,197.00			(57,059.82)
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,962,797.00	\$ 855,098.81	\$ 3,222,957.13	\$ 334,023.91	(5,550,717.15)
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes					6,329,972.66
Wheel Tax					454,590.10
State Shared Revenues					171,194.73
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs					4,102.45
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					259,603.39
Miscellaneous Revenue					11,109.49
Total General Revenues					7,230,572.82
Change in Net Position					1,679,855.67
Net Position - Beginning					8,268,490.44
NET POSITION - ENDING					\$ 9,948,346.11

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**CLAY COUNTY
BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2023**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Jail and Law Enforcement Center Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Bond Redemption Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,875,668.02	\$ 1,218,521.92	\$ 11,926,146.94	\$ 90,818.00	\$ 1,058,743.97	\$ 19,169,898.85
Investments	1,152,891.03		30,671,623.81			31,824,514.84
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 6,028,559.05</u>	<u>\$ 1,218,521.92</u>	<u>\$ 42,597,770.75</u>	<u>\$ 90,818.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,058,743.97</u>	<u>\$ 50,994,413.69</u>
FUND BALANCES: (See Note 1.j.)						
Restricted	\$	\$	\$ 42,597,770.75	\$ 90,818.00	\$ 969,150.59	\$ 43,657,739.34
Assigned	3,046,550.09	1,218,521.92			89,593.38	4,354,665.39
Unassigned	2,982,008.96					2,982,008.96
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 6,028,559.05</u>	<u>\$ 1,218,521.92</u>	<u>\$ 42,597,770.75</u>	<u>\$ 90,818.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,058,743.97</u>	<u>\$ 50,994,413.69</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Jail and Law Enforcement Center Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Bond Redemption Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 5,825,688.42	\$	\$	\$ 2,287,597.95	\$ 239,890.99	\$ 8,353,177.36
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	18,381.05				37.15	18,418.20
Penalties and Interest	10,651.03			2,887.02		13,538.05
Telephone Tax (Outside)	1,069.73					1,069.73
Mobile Home Tax	1,146.13					1,146.13
Wheel Tax		479,483.16				479,483.16
Licenses and Permits	20,590.62				2,247.00	22,837.62
Intergovernmental Revenue:						
Federal Grants	82,381.49	46,311.90			51,367.35	180,060.74
Federal Shared Revenue	73.00					73.00
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,754.00					1,754.00
State Grants	11,920.88	183,320.52			112,510.28	307,751.68
State Shared Revenue:						
Bank Franchise	58,648.06					58,648.06
Motor Vehicle Licenses	100.00	1,382,140.03				1,382,240.03
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	12,801.43					12,801.43
Prorate License Fees		73,480.05				73,480.05
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	2,111.57					2,111.57
63 3/4% Mobile Home		3,766.69				3,766.69
Telecommunications Gross Receipt Tax	26,616.23					26,616.23
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	6,131.73					6,131.73
911 Remittances					99,440.80	99,440.80
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	72,850.40					72,850.40
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	5,000.00				1,200.00	6,200.00
Charges for Goods and Services:						
General Government:						
Treasurer's Fees	337,077.26					337,077.26
Register of Deeds' Fees	134,141.01				8,809.62	142,950.63
Legal Services	14,554.85				1,140.00	15,694.85
Clerk of Courts Fees	10,692.63					10,692.63
Public Safety:						
Law Enforcement	128,937.12					128,937.12

Prisoner Care	29,200.00					29,200.00
Sobriety Testing					35,852.00	35,852.00
Other					225.00	225.00
Public Works:						
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		21,861.92				21,861.92
Health and Welfare:						
Economic Assistance:						
Poor Lien Recoveries	1,515.04					1,515.04
Veterans Service Officer	3,750.00					3,750.00
Health Assistance:						
Women, Infants and Children	12,195.55					12,195.55
Urban and Economic Development	100.00					100.00
Conservation of Natural Resources	17,041.07					17,041.07
Fines and Forfeits:						
Fines	538.85					538.85
Costs	29,955.95					29,955.95
Miscellaneous Revenue:						
Investment Earnings	420,771.51	165,589.72	535,305.41		4,821.79	1,126,488.43
Special Assessments					133,294.44	133,294.44
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	14,344.25					14,344.25
Other	3,858.79	143.88			650.00	4,652.67
¹ Total Revenues	<u>7,316,589.65</u>	<u>2,356,097.87</u>	<u>535,305.41</u>	<u>2,290,484.97</u>	<u>691,486.42</u>	<u>13,189,964.32</u>

Expenditures:

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners	272,922.75					272,922.75
Elections	12,453.28					12,453.28
Judicial System	56,850.64					56,850.64

Financial Administration:

Auditor	265,592.14					265,592.14
Treasurer	530,071.23					530,071.23

Legal Services:

State's Attorney	509,215.52					509,215.52
Public Defender	128,945.49					128,945.49
Court Appointed Attorney	71,452.84					71,452.84
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	19,933.63					19,933.63

Other General Government:

General Government Building	1,739,015.14					1,739,015.14
Director of Equalization	291,984.80					291,984.80
Register of Deeds	171,665.46				29,916.58	201,582.04
Veterans Service Officer	26,502.81					26,502.81
Information Technology	79,297.63					79,297.63
Human Resources	11,004.72					11,004.72

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Jail and Law Enforcement Center Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Bond Redemption Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Public Safety:						
Law Enforcement:						
Sheriff	1,155,509.97					1,155,509.97
County Jail	1,088,071.25				42,054.85	1,130,126.10
Coroner	15,354.70					15,354.70
Protective and Emergency Services:						
Fire Protection					240,323.31	240,323.31
Emergency and Disaster Services	3,265.52				116,092.75	119,358.27
Communication Center	249,003.68				95,700.00	344,703.68
Public Works:						
Highways and Bridges:						
Highways, Roads and Bridges		3,830,747.26				3,830,747.26
Sanitation:						
Solid Waste	555.54					555.54
Health and Welfare:						
Economic Assistance:						
Support of Poor	57,716.49					57,716.49
Health Assistance:						
County Nurse	62,600.95					62,600.95
Ambulance	248,003.00					248,003.00
Women, Infants and Children	13,492.00					13,492.00
Domestic Abuse					3,240.50	3,240.50
Mental Health Services:						
Mentally Ill	85,797.62					85,797.62
Drug Abuse	8,652.00					8,652.00
Mental Health Centers	20,052.00					20,052.00
Culture and Recreation:						
Culture:						
Public Library	8,000.00					8,000.00
Historical Sites	9,414.40					9,414.40
Arts	5,000.00					5,000.00
Recreation:						
County Fair	8,250.00					8,250.00
Senior Center	5,509.00					5,509.00

Conservation of Natural Resources:

Soil Conservation:

County Extension	85,928.16				85,928.16
Weed and Pest Control	108,002.10				108,002.10

Water Conservation:

Other				158,752.99	158,752.99
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Urban and Economic Development:

Urban Development:

Planning and Zoning	68,293.73				68,293.73
Urban and Rural Development	12,773.00				12,773.00

Economic Development:

Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	1,030.00				1,030.00
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Debt Service			424,740.00	2,199,666.97	2,624,406.97
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Capital Outlay			2,492,932.11		2,492,932.11
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Total Expenditures	<u>7,507,183.19</u>	<u>3,830,747.26</u>	<u>2,917,672.11</u>	<u>2,199,666.97</u>	<u>686,080.98</u>	<u>17,141,350.51</u>
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Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(190,593.54)</u>	<u>(1,474,649.39)</u>	<u>(2,382,366.70)</u>	<u>90,818.00</u>	<u>5,405.44</u>	<u>(3,951,386.19)</u>
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Other Financing Sources (Uses):

Transfers In		1,653,974.00			4,053.00	1,658,027.00
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Transfers Out	(1,658,027.00)					(1,658,027.00)
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Long-Term Debt Issued			42,800,000.00			42,800,000.00
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Premium on Long-Term Debt Issued			2,180,137.45			2,180,137.45
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Insurance Proceeds	6,558.97					6,558.97
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Sale of County Property		10,757.35				10,757.35
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Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,651,468.03)</u>	<u>1,664,731.35</u>	<u>44,980,137.45</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>4,053.00</u>	<u>44,997,453.77</u>
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Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,842,061.57)	190,081.96	42,597,770.75	90,818.00	9,458.44	41,046,067.58
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Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>7,870,620.62</u>	<u>1,028,439.96</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>1,049,285.53</u>	<u>9,948,346.11</u>
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FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 6,028,559.05</u>	<u>\$ 1,218,521.92</u>	<u>\$ 42,597,770.75</u>	<u>\$ 90,818.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,058,743.97</u>	<u>\$ 50,994,413.69</u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 6,059,729.99	\$	\$ 235,449.55	\$ 6,295,179.54
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	20,983.76			20,983.76
Penalties and Interest	11,627.19			11,627.19
Telephone Tax (Outside)	937.31			937.31
Mobile Home Tax	881.36			881.36
Wheel Tax		454,590.10		454,590.10
Tax Deed Revenue	363.50			363.50
Licenses and Permits	34,003.00		2,531.62	36,534.62
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	1,447,602.76	13,476.12	64,006.85	1,525,085.73
Federal Shared Revenue	65.45			65.45
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,637.00			1,637.00
State Grants	8,533.76	188,580.98	146,320.68	343,435.42
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	54,588.36			54,588.36
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,185,207.96		1,185,207.96
Prorate License Fees		62,565.79		62,565.79
63 3/4% Mobile Home		168,399.02		168,399.02
Telecommunications Gross Receipt Tax	42,368.68			42,368.68
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	5,801.45			5,801.45
Motor Fuel Tax		5,823.81		5,823.81
911 Remittances			97,958.63	97,958.63
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	74,237.69			74,237.69
Other Intergovernmental Revenue			2,400.00	2,400.00
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	266,828.39			266,828.39
Register of Deeds' Fees	195,125.50		11,740.01	206,865.51
Legal Services	18,559.81		1,343.38	19,903.19
Clerk of Courts Fees	12,037.05			12,037.05
Other Fees	4,100.00			4,100.00

Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	124,857.38			124,857.38
Prisoner Care	24,935.00			24,935.00
Sobriety Testing			26,071.00	26,071.00
Other			225.00	225.00
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		63,820.59		63,820.59
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	4,046.76			4,046.76
Veterans Service Officer	3,750.00			3,750.00
Health Assistance:				
Women, Infants and Children	10,181.19			10,181.19
Urban and Economic Development	1,625.00			1,625.00
Conservation of Natural Resources	19,136.19			19,136.19
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	341.25			341.25
Costs	29,840.69			29,840.69
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	184,370.36	73,104.32	2,128.71	259,603.39
Special Assessments			128,676.51	128,676.51
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	1,797.79			1,797.79
Other	6,411.70		300.00	6,711.70
Total Revenues	<u>8,671,305.32</u>	<u>2,215,568.69</u>	<u>719,151.94</u>	<u>11,606,025.95</u>

Expenditures:

General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	263,030.39			263,030.39
Elections	45,804.09			45,804.09
Judicial System	94,242.55			94,242.55
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	240,059.29			240,059.29
Treasurer	418,556.41			418,556.41
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	453,230.75			453,230.75
Public Defender	122,028.34			122,028.34
Court Appointed Attorney	88,984.58			88,984.58
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	13,675.72			13,675.72
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	452,437.33			452,437.33
Director of Equalization	270,871.10			270,871.10

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Register of Deeds	151,475.12		27,697.60	179,172.72
Veterans Service Officer	25,120.02			25,120.02
Predatory Animal	1,260.78			1,260.78
Information Technology	63,392.53			63,392.53
Human Resources	11,100.10			11,100.10
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	845,158.90			845,158.90
County Jail	911,831.94		37,445.34	949,277.28
Coroner	13,619.80			13,619.80
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Fire Protection			236,455.81	236,455.81
Emergency and Disaster Services	2,684.02		124,868.17	127,552.19
Communication Center	236,895.10		85,675.00	322,570.10
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		4,152,049.26	21,068.98	4,173,118.24
Sanitation:				
Solid Waste	840.10			840.10
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	48,891.88			48,891.88
Other	1,401.00			1,401.00
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	61,149.03			61,149.03
Women, Infants and Children	10,000.00			10,000.00
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse			3,845.00	3,845.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	66,674.99			66,674.99
Drug Abuse	8,376.00			8,376.00
Mental Health Centers	18,917.00			18,917.00

Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Historical Sites	10,367.02			10,367.02
Recreation:				
County Fair	8,250.00			8,250.00
Senior Center	4,550.00			4,550.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	75,820.80			75,820.80
Weed and Pest Control	96,514.29			96,514.29
Water Conservation:				
Other			59,224.05	59,224.05
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	63,747.82			63,747.82
Urban and Rural Development	12,479.00			12,479.00
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	1,030.00			1,030.00
Total Expenditures	<u>5,214,467.79</u>	<u>4,152,049.26</u>	<u>596,279.95</u>	<u>9,962,797.00</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>3,456,837.53</u>	<u>(1,936,480.57)</u>	<u>122,871.99</u>	<u>1,643,228.95</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In		1,117,071.00	96,976.00	1,214,047.00
Transfers Out	(1,214,047.00)			(1,214,047.00)
Insurance Proceeds	15,421.72	18,605.00		34,026.72
Sale of County Property	100.00	2,500.00		2,600.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,198,525.28)</u>	<u>1,138,176.00</u>	<u>96,976.00</u>	<u>36,626.72</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,258,312.25	(798,304.57)	219,847.99	1,679,855.67
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>5,612,308.37</u>	<u>1,826,744.53</u>	<u>829,437.54</u>	<u>8,268,490.44</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 7,870,620.62</u>	<u>\$ 1,028,439.96</u>	<u>\$ 1,049,285.53</u>	<u>\$ 9,948,346.11</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ASSETS:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	\$ 388,882.48
Investments	1,004.69	
	1,004.69	388,882.48
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,004.69	\$ 388,882.48
NET POSITION:		
Restricted For:		
Individuals Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 1,004.69	\$ 388,882.48
	1,004.69	388,882.48
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,004.69	\$ 388,882.48

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:		
Investment Earnings:		
Interest and Dividends	\$ 0.20	\$
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		18,457,820.42
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments		4,962,686.55
Other Additions		54,658.74
Total Additions	0.20	23,475,165.71
DEDUCTIONS:		
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments		18,470,475.73
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments		4,943,767.55
Other Deductions		52,291.48
Total Deductions	0.00	23,466,534.76
Change in Net Position	0.20	8,630.95
Net Position - Beginning	1,004.49	380,251.53
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 1,004.69	\$ 388,882.48

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u>	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ADDITIONS:		
Investment Earnings:		
Interest and Dividends	\$ 0.35	\$
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments		17,713,921.62
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments		4,821,711.56
Other Additions		59,128.77
	<u>0.35</u>	<u>22,594,761.95</u>
Total Additions		
	<u>0.35</u>	<u>22,594,761.95</u>
DEDUCTIONS:		
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments		17,763,684.20
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments		4,866,073.78
Other Deductions		59,246.97
	<u>0.00</u>	<u>22,689,004.95</u>
Total Deductions		
	<u>0.00</u>	<u>22,689,004.95</u>
Change in Net Position	0.35	(94,243.00)
Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,004.14</u>	<u>474,494.53</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 1,004.49</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 380,251.53</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLAY COUNTY
NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c., these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Clay County (County), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The County is financially accountable if its County Commission appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County (primary government). The County may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

The County has created a Housing and Redevelopment Commission (HRC) under the authority of South Dakota Codified Law 11-7-7. The County activated this HRC solely for the purpose of abdicating its power or authority over the non-municipal housing assistance projects within Clay County to the Vermillion Housing and Redevelopment Commission organized by the Municipality of Vermillion. Therefore, this component unit's financial activity was not included on the County's annual report. The financial activity of this component unit is included as a component unit on the Municipality of Vermillion's annual report.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the County financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Road and Bridge Fund – to account for funds credited to the road and bridge fund pursuant to SDCL 32-11-4.2 to be used by the board of county commissioners for grading, constructing, planing, dragging, and maintaining county highways and also for dragging, maintaining, and grading secondary roads. Proper equipment for dragging, grading, and maintaining highways, such as graders, tractors, drags, maintainers, and planers may be purchased from the road and bridge fund (SDCL 32-11-2 and 32-11-4.2). This is a major fund.

The remaining special revenue funds are not considered major funds: 911 Service, Fire Protection, Emergency Management, Domestic Abuse, Ditch Special Assessment (seven individual ditch assessments), 24/7 Sobriety, Modernization and Preservation Relief, and Rural Access Infrastructure. These funds are reported on the fund financial statements as “Other Governmental Funds.”

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bond Redemption Debt Service Fund – to account for property taxes which may be used only for the payment of the debt principal, interest, and related costs. This is a major fund.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds for individuals, private organizations, or other governments).

Jail and Law Enforcement Center Capital Project Fund – to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of the Jail and Law Enforcement Center. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-category and are never considered to be major funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds – Private-purpose trust funds are used for trust arrangements under which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The Jolley Award Fund is the only private-purpose trust fund maintained by the County. Interest earnings from a certificate of deposit are given to the children as awards for 4-H achievements.

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for the accumulation and distribution of property tax revenues and various pass-through funds.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “how” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The County’s basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

Measurement Focus:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of

financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The acceptable modification to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the County in these financial statements is:

Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist primarily of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating those assets where appropriate, so any capital assets owned by the County and the related depreciation are not reported on the financial statements of the County.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities may include, but are not limited to, General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Bonds, Certificates of Participation, Lease Liabilities, Subscription Liabilities, and Other Long-Term Liabilities.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt or long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions, so any outstanding long-term debt or long-term liabilities are not reported on the financial statements of the County. The County does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities, the principal portion of these Debt Service payments are reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion is reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

The County has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Debt.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the County's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two components:

1. Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
2. Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

i. Application of Net Position:

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

j. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the County Commissioners.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County uses *restricted/committed* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use *committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts* of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The County does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund

Road and Bridge Fund

Revenue Source

Wheel Tax, Motor Vehicle Licenses, and Other Intergovernmental Revenues

A schedule of fund balances is provided as follows:

**CLAY COUNTY
DISCLOSURE OF FUND BALANCES REPORTED ON BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Jail and Law Enforcement Center Capital Project Fund</u>	<u>Bond Redemption Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Fund Balances						
Restricted For:						
Jail and Law Enforcement Capital Project Purposes	\$	\$	\$ 42,597,770.75	\$	\$	\$ 42,597,770.75
Debt Service Purposes				90,818.00		90,818.00
911 Service Purposes					83,887.29	83,887.29
Fire Protection Purposes					371.69	371.69
Domestic Abuse Purposes					321.50	321.50
24/7 Sobriety Purposes					5,169.25	5,169.25
35 Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes					22,233.02	22,233.02
Ditch Special Assessment Purposes					588,344.32	588,344.32
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes					268,823.52	268,823.52
Assigned To:						
Applied to Next Year's Budget	1,021,276.00					1,021,276.00
Building Project Purposes	1,955,684.09					1,955,684.09
911 Service Purposes	69,590.00					69,590.00
Road and Bridge Purposes		1,218,521.92				1,218,521.92
Emergency Management Purposes					89,593.38	89,593.38
Unassigned	2,982,008.96					2,982,008.96
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 6,028,559.05</u>	<u>\$ 1,218,521.92</u>	<u>\$ 42,597,770.75</u>	<u>\$ 90,818.00</u>	<u>\$ 1,058,743.97</u>	<u>\$ 50,994,413.69</u>

2. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In 2022, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhances the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhances the relevance, reliability, and consistency of information about the leasing activities of governments. The County prepared and presented the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; therefore, the implementation of this standard did not affect beginning net position or beginning fund balances.

In 2023, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs; enhances the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhances the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. The County prepared and presented the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; therefore, the implementation of this standard did not affect beginning net position or beginning fund balances.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The County follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The County’s cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 7-20-1, 7-20-1.1, and 7-20-1.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank’s public debt rating which may not be less than “AA” or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits County funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2023, the county has deposits related to the General Fund in the amount of \$153,151.38 and to the Jolley Award Fund in the amount of \$1,004.69 held in certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the County, as discussed above. The County has an investment policy that limits its investment choices to the highest rate of interest possible at said time on available monies at financial institutions designated by the Clay County Board of County Commissioners.

As of December 31, 2023, the County had the following investments.

Investment	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	More than 1 Year
U.S. Treasury Notes & Bills	N/A	\$ 31,671,363.46	\$ 18,224,410.31	\$ 13,446,953.15

The South Dakota Public Fund Investment Trust (SDFIT) is an external investment pool created for South Dakota local government investing. It is regulated by a nine-member board with representation from municipalities, school districts and counties. The net asset value of the SDFIT money market account (GCR) is kept at one dollar per share by adjusting the rate of return on a daily basis. Earnings are credited to each account on a monthly basis. The County has \$11,926,407.29 in deposits at SDFIT.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the County’s deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2023, the County’s deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The County Limits the amount of funds that may be issued in any one issuer to 80% of investible funds.

Interest Rate Risk – The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The County’s policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of the following January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The County is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the County.

5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

Major Purposes:	
Capital Project Purposes	\$ 42,597,770.75
Ditch Special Assessment Purposes	588,344.32
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes	268,823.52
Debt Service Purposes	90,818.00
911 Service Purposes	<u>83,887.29</u>
Other Purposes:	
Fire Protection Purposes	371.69
Domestic Abuse Purposes	321.50
24/7 Sobriety Purposes	5,169.25
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes	<u>22,233.02</u>
Total Other Purposes	<u>28,095.46</u>
Total Restricted Net Position	<u>\$ 43,657,739.34</u>

These balances are restricted due to federal and state grants, debt covenants, and statutory requirements.

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 1,653,974.00	\$ 4,053.00	\$ 1,658,027.00

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>		<u>Total</u>
	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 1,117,071.00	\$ 96,976.00	\$ 1,214,047.00

The County typically budgets transfers to the Road and Bridge Fund and the Emergency Management Fund (Other Governmental Fund) to conduct the indispensable functions of the County.

7. TAX ABATEMENTS

Municipality of Vermillion:

The Municipality of Vermillion has created tax increment districts under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment district was created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the Municipality through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural resources; and the improvement of the area will likely enhance significantly the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property is allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years.

The Municipality of Vermillion has three (3) active tax increment district. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Clay County during the life of the tax increment district.

The portion of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2023 that was not available to Clay County was \$157,448.51.

The portion of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2022 that was not available to Clay County was \$107,750.03.

8. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS). SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions and administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the

above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The County's share of contributions to the SDRS for the calendar years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, equal to the required contributions each year, were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 203,592.96
2022	\$ 169,236.55
2021	\$ 160,046.50

Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2023, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the County as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$ 17,433,897.24
Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	<u>17,445,640.13</u>
Proportionate share of net pension asset	<u>\$ (11,742.89)</u>

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.120311%, which is an increase of 0.006127% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%
Future COLAs	1.91%

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010

Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65

Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table

Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2022.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity	56.3%	3.8%
Investment Grade Debt	22.8%	1.7%
High Yield Debt	7.0%	2.7%
Real Estate	12.0%	3.5%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the County's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,406,880.47	\$ (11,742.89)	\$ 1,989,715.42

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At December 31, 2023, the County was involved in several lawsuits. No determination can be made at this time regarding the potential outcome of these lawsuits. However, as discussed in the

Risk Management note, the County has liability coverage for itself and its employees with South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance. Therefore, no material effects are anticipated to the County as a result of the potential outcome of these lawsuits.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2023, the County managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The County purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The County joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The County's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the County. The County pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under an occurrence-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The County pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for:

Property Coverage,
General Liability,
Officials Liability,
Law Enforcement Operations,
Cyber Liability, and
Automobile Liability

Effective October 5, 2021, the SDPAA adopted a new policy on member departures. Departing members will no longer be eligible for any partial refund of the calculated portion of their contributions which was previously allowed. The prior policy provided the departing member with such a partial refund because the departing member took sole responsibility for all claims and claims expenses whether reported or unreported at the time of their departure from the SDPAA. With such partial refund being no longer available, the SDPAA will now assume responsibility for all reported claims of a departing member pursuant to the revised IGC.

The County carries a \$500.00 deductible for the Property coverage, a \$0.00 deductible for General Liability coverage, a \$0.00 deductible for Officials Liability coverage, a \$3,000.00 deductible for Law Enforcement Operations coverage, \$100,000.00 deductible for Cyber Liability, and a \$250 deductible for the Automobile Liability coverage.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The County joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The County's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The County pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The County has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

The County has no assigned fund balance in the General Fund and pays in unemployment benefits against current year budget as bills are submitted.

During the two years ended December 31, 2023, no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At December 31, 2023, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 5,886,810.00	\$ 5,886,810.00	\$ 5,825,688.42	\$ (61,121.58)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	35,000.00	35,000.00	18,381.05	(16,618.95)
Penalties and Interest	1,000.00	1,000.00	10,651.03	9,651.03
Telephone Tax (Outside)	800.00	800.00	1,069.73	269.73
Mobile Home Tax	500.00	500.00	1,146.13	646.13
Licenses and Permits	19,030.00	19,030.00	20,590.62	1,560.62
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	10,000.00	10,000.00	82,381.49	72,381.49
Federal Shared Revenue	65.00	65.00	73.00	8.00
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,754.00	254.00
State Grants	9,000.00	9,000.00	11,920.88	2,920.88
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	35,000.00	35,000.00	58,648.06	23,648.06
Motor Vehicle Licenses	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	4,000.00	4,000.00	12,801.43	8,801.43
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	600.00	600.00	2,111.57	1,511.57
Telecommunications Gross Receipt Tax	22,000.00	22,000.00	26,616.23	4,616.23
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	4,800.00	4,800.00	6,131.73	1,331.73
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	63,000.00	63,000.00	72,850.40	9,850.40
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	0.00	0.00	5,000.00	5,000.00
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	222,750.00	222,750.00	337,077.26	114,327.26
Register of Deeds' Fees	143,000.00	143,000.00	134,141.01	(8,858.99)
Legal Services	19,250.00	19,250.00	14,554.85	(4,695.15)
Clerk of Courts Fees	6,200.00	6,201.00	10,692.63	4,491.63
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	114,500.00	114,500.00	128,937.12	14,437.12
Prisoner Care	7,400.00	7,400.00	29,200.00	21,800.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	5,000.00	5,000.00	1,515.04	(3,484.96)
Veterans Service Officer	3,750.00	3,750.00	3,750.00	0.00
Health Assistance:				
Women, Infants and Children	10,300.00	10,300.00	12,195.55	1,895.55
Urban and Economic Development	300.00	300.00	100.00	(200.00)
Conservation of Natural Resources	11,750.00	11,750.00	17,041.07	5,291.07
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	250.00	250.00	538.85	288.85
Costs	29,000.00	29,000.00	29,955.95	955.95
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	15,000.00	15,000.00	420,771.51	405,771.51
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	0.00	0.00	14,344.25	14,344.25
Other	1,000.00	1,000.00	3,858.79	2,858.79
Total Revenues	6,682,555.00	6,682,556.00	7,316,589.65	634,033.65
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	240,808.00	272,928.00	272,922.75	5.25
Contingency	130,000.00	130,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(130,000.00)		0.00
Elections	9,300.00	12,455.00	12,453.28	1.72
Judicial System	92,500.00	92,500.00	56,850.64	35,649.36
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	271,600.00	275,645.00	265,592.14	10,052.86
Treasurer	478,856.00	540,126.00	530,071.23	10,054.77
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	523,093.00	523,093.00	509,215.52	13,877.48
Public Defender	127,275.00	128,950.00	128,945.49	4.51
Court Appointed Attorney	72,000.00	72,000.00	71,452.84	547.16

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(Continued)

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Final Budget</u>
				<u>Positive (Negative)</u>
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	12,000.00	19,935.00	19,933.63	1.37
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	441,716.00	1,744,015.91	1,739,015.14	5,000.77
Director of Equalization	312,189.00	312,189.00	291,984.80	20,204.20
Register of Deeds	177,595.00	177,595.00	171,665.46	5,929.54
Veterans Service Officer	28,978.00	28,978.00	26,502.81	2,475.19
Predatory Animal	1,261.00	1,261.00	0.00	1,261.00
Information Technology	60,000.00	79,300.00	79,297.63	2.37
Human Resources	17,000.00	17,000.00	11,004.72	5,995.28
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	1,145,589.00	1,160,239.00	1,155,509.97	4,729.03
County Jail	1,241,773.00	1,241,773.00	1,088,071.25	153,701.75
Coroner	14,100.00	15,355.00	15,354.70	0.30
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Emergency and Disaster Services	7,200.00	7,200.00	3,265.52	3,934.48
Communication Center	390,006.00	390,006.00	249,003.68	141,002.32
Public Works:				
Sanitation:				
Solid Waste	1,500.00	1,500.00	555.54	944.46
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	37,000.00	57,725.00	57,716.49	8.51
Other	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	55,211.00	62,601.00	62,600.95	0.05
Ambulance	257,520.00	257,520.00	248,003.00	9,517.00
Women, Infants and Children	13,492.00	13,492.00	13,492.00	0.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	97,700.00	97,700.00	85,797.62	11,902.38
Drug Abuse	8,754.00	8,754.00	8,652.00	102.00
Mental Health Centers	20,052.00	20,052.00	20,052.00	0.00
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	8,000.00	8,000.00	8,000.00	0.00
Historical Sites	10,800.00	10,800.00	9,414.40	1,385.60
Arts	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00
Recreation:				
County Fair	8,250.00	8,250.00	8,250.00	0.00
Senior Center	5,509.00	5,509.00	5,509.00	0.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	88,832.00	88,832.00	85,928.16	2,903.84
Weed and Pest Control	150,747.00	150,747.00	108,002.10	42,744.90
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	52,551.00	68,296.00	68,293.73	2.27
Urban and Rural Development	12,854.00	12,854.00	12,773.00	81.00
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	1,050.00	1,050.00	1,030.00	20.00
Total Expenditures	<u>6,631,661.00</u>	<u>7,993,225.91</u>	<u>7,507,183.19</u>	<u>486,042.72</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>50,894.00</u>	<u>(1,310,669.91)</u>	<u>(190,593.54)</u>	<u>1,120,076.37</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(2,312,001.00)	(2,312,001.00)	(1,658,027.00)	653,974.00
Insurance Proceeds	4,500.00	4,500.00	6,558.97	2,058.97
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(2,307,501.00)</u>	<u>(2,307,501.00)</u>	<u>(1,651,468.03)</u>	<u>656,032.97</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,256,607.00)	(3,618,170.91)	(1,842,061.57)	1,776,109.34
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>7,870,620.62</u>	<u>7,870,620.62</u>	<u>7,870,620.62</u>	<u>0.00</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Wheel Tax	\$ 400,000.00	\$ 400,000.00	\$ 479,483.16	\$ 79,483.16
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	46,311.90	46,311.90
State Grants	160,000.00	160,000.00	183,320.52	23,320.52
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,100,000.00	1,100,000.00	1,382,140.03	282,140.03
Prorate License Fees	50,500.00	50,500.00	73,480.05	22,980.05
63 3/4% Mobile Home	7,000.00	7,000.00	3,766.69	(3,233.31)
Motor Fuel Tax	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	(5,000.00)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	40,000.00	40,000.00	21,861.92	(18,138.08)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	5,000.00	5,000.00	165,589.72	160,589.72
Other	0.00	0.00	143.88	143.88
Total Revenues	<u>1,767,500.00</u>	<u>1,767,500.00</u>	<u>2,356,097.87</u>	<u>588,597.87</u>
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	4,575,448.00	4,575,448.00	3,830,747.26	744,700.74
Total Expenditures	<u>4,575,448.00</u>	<u>4,575,448.00</u>	<u>3,830,747.26</u>	<u>744,700.74</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(2,807,948.00)</u>	<u>(2,807,948.00)</u>	<u>(1,474,649.39)</u>	<u>1,333,298.61</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	2,307,948.00	2,307,948.00	1,653,974.00	(653,974.00)
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	10,757.35	10,757.35
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>2,307,948.00</u>	<u>2,307,948.00</u>	<u>1,664,731.35</u>	<u>(643,216.65)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(500,000.00)	(500,000.00)	190,081.96	690,081.96
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,028,439.96	1,028,439.96	1,028,439.96	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 528,439.96</u>	<u>\$ 528,439.96</u>	<u>\$ 1,218,521.92</u>	<u>\$ 690,081.96</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 6,114,313.00	\$ 6,114,313.00	\$ 6,059,729.99	\$ (54,583.01)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	30,000.00	30,000.00	20,983.76	(9,016.24)
Penalties and Interest	9,500.00	9,500.00	11,627.19	2,127.19
Telephone Tax (Outside)	820.00	820.00	937.31	117.31
Mobile Home Tax	775.00	775.00	881.36	106.36
Tax Deed Revenue	0.00	0.00	363.50	363.50
Licenses and Permits	17,955.00	17,955.00	34,003.00	16,048.00
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	10,000.00	10,000.00	1,447,602.76	1,437,602.76
Federal Shared Revenue	65.00	65.00	65.45	0.45
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,637.00	137.00
State Grants	9,000.00	9,000.00	8,533.76	(466.24)
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	32,000.00	32,000.00	54,588.36	22,588.36
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	(4,000.00)
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	550.00	550.00	0.00	(550.00)
Telecommunications Gross Receipt Tax	50,000.00	50,000.00	42,368.68	(7,631.32)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	4,500.00	4,500.00	5,801.45	1,301.45
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	61,500.00	61,500.00	74,237.69	12,737.69
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	177,100.00	177,100.00	266,828.39	89,728.39
Register of Deeds' Fees	123,000.00	123,000.00	195,125.50	72,125.50
Legal Services	18,950.00	18,950.00	18,559.81	(390.19)
Clerk of Courts Fees	6,000.00	6,000.00	12,037.05	6,037.05
Other Fees	4,100.00	4,100.00	4,100.00	0.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	113,000.00	113,000.00	124,857.38	11,857.38
Prisoner Care	0.00	0.00	24,935.00	24,935.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	6,900.00	6,900.00	4,046.76	(2,853.24)
Veterans Service Officer	3,750.00	3,750.00	3,750.00	0.00
Health Assistance:				
Women, Infants and Children	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,181.19	181.19
Mental Health Services	100.00	100.00	0.00	(100.00)
Urban and Economic Development	300.00	300.00	1,625.00	1,325.00
Conservation of Natural Resources	11,750.00	11,750.00	19,136.19	7,386.19
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	300.00	300.00	341.25	41.25
Costs	16,000.00	16,000.00	29,840.69	13,840.69
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	17,000.00	17,000.00	184,370.36	167,370.36
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	0.00	0.00	1,797.79	1,797.79
Other	750.00	750.00	6,411.70	5,661.70
Total Revenues	6,855,478.00	6,855,478.00	8,671,305.32	1,815,827.32
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	196,658.00	263,158.00	263,030.39	127.61
Contingency	130,000.00	130,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(129,495.00)		505.00
Elections	53,875.00	53,875.00	45,804.09	8,070.91
Judicial System	88,700.00	94,250.00	94,242.55	7.45
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	240,774.00	240,774.00	240,059.29	714.71
Treasurer	381,741.00	418,741.00	418,556.41	184.59
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	482,939.00	482,939.00	453,230.75	29,708.25
Public Defender	121,225.00	122,925.00	122,028.34	896.66

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
(Continued)

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Court Appointed Attorney	65,000.00	91,000.00	88,984.58	2,015.42
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	20,000.00	20,000.00	13,675.72	6,324.28
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	297,092.00	461,082.00	452,437.33	8,644.67
Director of Equalization	286,310.00	286,310.00	270,871.10	15,438.90
Register of Deeds	172,307.00	172,307.00	151,475.12	20,831.88
Veterans Service Officer	26,059.00	26,059.00	25,120.02	938.98
Predatory Animal	1,261.00	1,261.00	1,260.78	0.22
Information Technology	46,000.00	63,400.00	63,392.53	7.47
Human Resources	15,000.00	15,000.00	11,100.10	3,899.90
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	1,007,338.00	1,007,338.00	845,158.90	162,179.10
County Jail	1,278,100.00	1,278,100.00	911,831.94	366,268.06
Coroner	13,650.00	13,650.00	13,619.80	30.20
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Emergency and Disaster Services	6,700.00	6,700.00	2,684.02	4,015.98
Communication Center	258,173.00	258,173.00	236,895.10	21,277.90
Public Works:				
Sanitation:				
Solid Waste	10,000.00	10,000.00	840.10	9,159.90
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	35,500.00	49,500.00	48,891.88	608.12
Other	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,401.00	99.00
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	65,178.00	65,178.00	61,149.03	4,028.97
Ambulance	38,249.00	38,249.00	0.00	38,249.00
Women, Infants and Children	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	0.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	91,550.00	91,550.00	66,674.99	24,875.01
Drug Abuse	8,376.00	8,376.00	8,376.00	0.00
Mental Health Centers	18,917.00	18,917.00	18,917.00	0.00
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Historical Sites	10,800.00	10,800.00	10,367.02	432.98
Recreation:				
County Fair	8,250.00	8,250.00	8,250.00	0.00
Senior Center	4,550.00	4,550.00	4,550.00	0.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	80,317.00	80,317.00	75,820.80	4,496.20
Weed and Pest Control	159,434.00	159,434.00	96,514.29	62,919.71
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	48,282.00	63,882.00	63,747.82	134.18
Urban and Rural Development	12,479.00	12,479.00	12,479.00	0.00
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	1,020.00	1,030.00	1,030.00	0.00
Total Expenditures	<u>5,793,304.00</u>	<u>6,011,559.00</u>	<u>5,214,467.79</u>	<u>797,091.21</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>1,062,174.00</u>	<u>843,919.00</u>	<u>3,456,837.53</u>	<u>2,612,918.53</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(1,938,094.00)	(1,938,094.00)	(1,214,047.00)	724,047.00
Insurance Proceeds	4,500.00	4,500.00	15,421.72	10,921.72
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,933,594.00)</u>	<u>(1,933,594.00)</u>	<u>(1,198,525.28)</u>	<u>735,068.72</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(871,420.00)	(1,089,675.00)	2,258,312.25	3,347,987.25
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>5,612,308.37</u>	<u>5,612,308.37</u>	<u>5,612,308.37</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 4,740,888.37</u>	<u>\$ 4,522,633.37</u>	<u>\$ 7,870,620.62</u>	<u>\$ 3,347,987.25</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Wheel Tax	\$ 358,000.00	\$ 358,000.00	\$ 454,590.10	\$ 96,590.10
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	13,476.12	13,476.12
State Grants	145,000.00	145,000.00	188,580.98	43,580.98
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,100,000.00	1,100,000.00	1,185,207.96	85,207.96
Prorate License Fees	50,500.00	50,500.00	62,565.79	12,065.79
63 3/4% Mobile Home	4,000.00	4,000.00	168,399.02	164,399.02
Motor Fuel Tax	0.00	0.00	5,823.81	5,823.81
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	37,000.00	37,000.00	63,820.59	26,820.59
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	5,000.00	5,000.00	73,104.32	68,104.32
Total Revenues	<u>1,699,500.00</u>	<u>1,699,500.00</u>	<u>2,215,568.69</u>	<u>516,068.69</u>
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	4,433,642.00	4,433,642.00	4,152,049.26	281,592.74
Total Expenditures	<u>4,433,642.00</u>	<u>4,433,642.00</u>	<u>4,152,049.26</u>	<u>281,592.74</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(2,734,142.00)</u>	<u>(2,734,142.00)</u>	<u>(1,936,480.57)</u>	<u>797,661.43</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	1,834,142.00	1,834,142.00	1,117,071.00	(717,071.00)
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	0.00	18,605.00	18,605.00
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	2,500.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,834,142.00</u>	<u>1,834,142.00</u>	<u>1,138,176.00</u>	<u>(695,966.00)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(900,000.00)	(900,000.00)	(798,304.57)	101,695.43
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>1,826,744.53</u>	<u>1,826,744.53</u>	<u>1,826,744.53</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 926,744.53</u>	<u>\$ 926,744.53</u>	<u>\$ 1,028,439.96</u>	<u>\$ 101,695.43</u>

CLAY COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Between the fifteenth and thirtieth days of July in each year the Board of County Commissioners prepares and files with the County Auditor a provisional budget for the following year, containing a detailed estimate of cash balances, revenues, and expenditures.
2. Prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year a notice of budget hearing is published once each week for two successive weeks, and the text of the provisional budget is published with the first publication.
3. The Board of County Commissioners holds a meeting for the purpose of considering the provisional budget on or prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year. Such hearings must be concluded by October first. Changes made to the provisional budget are entered at length in the minutes of the Board of County Commissioners.
4. Before October first of each year the Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget for the ensuing year. The adopted budget is filed in the office of the County Auditor.
5. After adoption by the Board of County Commissioners, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 7.
6. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total county budget.
7. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
8. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners.
9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)**

***South Dakota Retirement System**

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	0.120311%	0.114184%	0.118427%	0.121586%	0.119746%	0.108623%	0.100907%	0.101744%	0.102823%	0.102774%
County's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (11,743)	\$ (10,791)	\$ (906,948)	\$ (5,280)	\$ (12,690)	\$ (2,533)	\$ (9,157)	\$ (343,680)	\$ (436,100)	\$ (740,442)
County's covered payroll	\$ 2,841,625	\$ 2,518,208	\$ 2,512,371	\$ 2,489,714	\$ 2,373,229	\$ 2,112,481	\$ 1,890,119	\$ 1,787,858	\$ 1,732,009	\$ 1,684,659
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.41%	0.43%	36.10%	0.21%	0.53%	0.12%	0.48%	19.22%	25.18%	43.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	100.10%	100.10%	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.1%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

* The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30.

CLAY COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2023, Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change to the actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows.

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2023 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and emergency medical services personnel prospectively became Class B Public Safety members.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2022 the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. For the June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 2.10%.

As of June 30, 2023 the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. The July 2024 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.91%. For this June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.91%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2023**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed-Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures 2022	Total Federal Expenditures 2023
US Department of Interior - Direct Programs: Bureau of Land Management, Payments in Lieu of Taxes (Note 3)	15.226		\$	\$ 2,659.98	\$ 2,750.98
US Department of Interior - Pass-Through Programs: SD Department of Education, Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	P21AF10630; P22AF000238; P23AS00477		13,747.02	8,940.40
Total US Department of the Interior			0.00	16,407.00	11,691.38
US Department of Justice - Direct Programs: Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607			1,634.98	
US Department of Justice - Pass-Through Programs: SD Department of Public Safety, Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2019-WF-AX-0049 2020-WF-AX-0041		16,338.30	22,357.05
Total US Department of Justice			0.00	17,973.28	22,357.05
US Department of Treasury - Direct Programs: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (Note 4) Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.027 21.032	SLFRP0925		2,732,933.00 50,000.00	50,000.00
Total US Department of Treasury			0.00	2,782,933.00	50,000.00
US Department of Health and Human Services - Pass-Through Programs: SD Department of Health, Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	903005-208		500.00	8,068.35
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			0.00	500.00	8,068.35
US Department of Homeland Security - Pass-Through Programs: SD Department of Public Safety - Office of Emergency Management, Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036				40,863.44
Emergency Management Performance Grants Homeland Security Grant Program	97.042 97.067	DR-4440-SD EMD-2022-EP-00002; EMD-2023-EP-00003 2021-SS-00006-S01		39,006.85 25,000.00	43,299.00
Total US Department of Homeland Security			0.00	64,006.85	84,162.44
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 0.00	\$ 2,881,820.13	\$ 176,279.22

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The County has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Federal Reimbursement

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

Note 4: Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLAY COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2023**

<u>Indebtedness</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt January 1, 2022</u>	<u>Add New Debt</u>	<u>Less Debt Retired</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt December 31, 2023</u>
Governmental Long-Term Debt:				
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$	\$ 42,800,000.00	\$ 1,330,000.00	\$ 41,470,000.00

Note 1 - Long-Term Debt:

Debt payable at December 31, 2023 is comprised of the following:

Bonds Payable:

General Obligation Bonds-Series 2023, 4.0 to 5.0 Percent Interest, Final Maturity Date of December 2052,
Retired by the Bond Redemption Fund. \$ 41,470,000.00