

CLARK COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2021

CLARK COUNTY
COUNTY OFFICIALS
December 31, 2021

Board of Commissioners:

Chris Sass
Wallace Knock
Francis Hass
Richard Reints
Terry Schlagel

Auditor:
Christine Tarbox

Treasurer:
Kay Mahlen

State's Attorney:
Chad Fjelland

Register of Deeds:
Andrea Helkenn

Sheriff:
Robert McGraw

CLARK COUNTY
TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	3
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.....	6
Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.....	6
Independent Auditor's Report.....	9
<i>Basic Financial Statements</i>	
<u>Government-wide Financial Statements:</u>	
As of December 31, 2021:	
Statement of Net Position--Modified Cash Basis.....	12
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021:	
Statement of Activities--Modified Cash Basis.....	13
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020:	
Statement of Activities--Modified Cash Basis.....	14
<u>Fund Financial Statements:</u>	
<u>Governmental Funds</u>	
As of December 31, 2021:	
Balance Sheet--Modified Cash Basis.....	15
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances--Modified Cash Basis.....	16
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances--Modified Cash Basis.....	20
<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>	
As of December 31, 2021:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position--Modified Cash Basis.....	24

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021:

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position--Modified Cash Basis.....	25
--	----

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020:

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position--Modified Cash Basis.....	26
--	----

Notes to the Modified Cash Basis Financial Statements.....	27
--	----

Supplementary Information:

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021:

Budgetary Comparison Schedule--Modified Cash Basis--General Fund.....	43
---	----

Budgetary Comparison Schedule--Modified Cash Basis--Road and Bridge Fund.....	45
---	----

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020:

Budgetary Comparison Schedule--Modified Cash Basis--General Fund.....	46
---	----

Budgetary Comparison Schedule--Modified Cash Basis--Road and Bridge Fund.....	48
---	----

Notes to the Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedules.....	49
--	----

Schedule of the County’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset).....	50
--	----

Notes to the Supplementary Information – Pension Schedules.....	51
---	----

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.....	52
---	----

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt.....	53
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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Clark County
Clark, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clark County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2021, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as item No. 2021-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Findings

The County did not wish to respond to the finding identified in our audit as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

March 7, 2023



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Clark County
Clark, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Clark County, South Dakota (County), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2021. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Clark County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2021.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

March 7, 2023

CLARK COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Prior Audit Findings:

The prior audit report contained no written audit findings.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I - Summary of the Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

- a. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of each opinion unit.
- b. A significant deficiency was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements for a lack of internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as discussed in finding number 2021-001.
- c. Our audit did not disclose any noncompliance which was material to the financial statements.

Federal Awards

- d. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- e. Our audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- f. The federal award tested as a major program was:

Airport Improvement Program CFDA # 20.106
- g. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- h. Clark County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Internal Control-Related Findings - Significant Deficiency:

Financial Reporting Errors

Finding No. 2021-001:

Criteria:

The County's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports, which includes having an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the annual financial reports being audited in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Condition:

The County does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. We noted numerous significant reporting errors within the annual reports prepared by the County.

Context:

We noted the following significant errors in the County's annual financial reports for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2021.

- a. The 2021 Statement of Net Position contained the following significant errors:
 - Cash and Cash Equivalents was understated by \$88,157.25.
 - Restricted for Road and Bridge Purposes was understated by \$998,439.00.
 - Restricted for American Rescue Plan Act Purposes was understated by \$362,837.00.
 - Restricted for 4H Building Donation Purposes was understated by \$88,157.25.
 - Restricted for Other Purposes was understated by \$146,837.58.
 - Unrestricted Net Position was understated by \$4,196,296.54.
 - Component Unit Net Position was overstated by \$4,705,971.12.
- b. The 2021 Statement of Activities contained the following significant errors:
 - Charges for Services – General Government were overstated by \$74,395.56.
 - Operating Grants – General Government were overstated by \$1,997,312.97.
 - General Revenues – State Shared Revenue were overstated by \$57,878.26.
 - Charges for Services – Urban and Economic Development were understated by \$61,030.56.
 - Operating Grants – Public Safety were understated by \$54,932.26.
 - Operating Grants – Public Works were understated by \$2,010,284.25.
 - Ending Net Position was understated by \$88,157.25.
- c. The 2020 Statement of Activities contained the following significant errors:
 - Charges for Services – General Government were overstated by \$58,197.10.
 - Operating Grants – General Government were overstated by \$889,751.49.
 - General Revenues – Unrestricted Grants and Contributions were overstated by \$89,407.00.
 - Operating Grants – Public Safety were understated by \$250,359.48.
 - Operating Grants – Public Works were understated by \$617,185.96.
 - Operating Grants – Health and Welfare were understated by \$122,755.98.
- d. The 2021 Governmental Funds Balance Sheet contained the following significant errors:
 - General Fund Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Fund Balance were understated by \$88,157.25.
 - General Fund Assigned Fund Balance was understated, and Unassigned Fund Balance was overstated by \$1,106,439.00.

Effect:

Inaccurate and incomplete information may be presented to the users of the annual financial reports.

Cause:

The County does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the County strengthen internal controls over financial reporting.

Views of responsible officials:

Management chose not to respond to this finding.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no written current federal compliance audit findings to report.



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RUSSELL A. OLSON
AUDITOR GENERAL

Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission
Clark County
Clark, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clark County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2021, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clark County as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Notes 2 and 12 to the financial statements, in 2020, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which has resulted in a restatement of the net position as of January 1, 2020. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Long-Term Debt are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Long-Term Debt are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 7, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Russell A. Olson
Auditor General

March 7, 2023

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
December 31, 2021

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,994,128.37
Investments	800,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,794,128.37
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For: (See Note 5)	
American Rescue Plan Act Purposes	\$ 362,837.00
4H Building Donation Purposes	88,157.25
Other Purposes	146,837.58
Unrestricted	4,196,296.54
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,794,128.37

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 952,883.73	\$ 135,187.06	\$ 30,454.00	\$ (787,242.67)
Public Safety	396,332.43	19,789.13	284,149.58	(92,393.72)
Public Works	4,221,223.53	12,082.60	1,669,383.64	(2,539,757.29)
Health and Welfare	483,359.09	148,294.55	122,755.98	(212,308.56)
Culture and Recreation	7,425.00			(7,425.00)
Conservation of Natural Resources	172,868.18	6,282.10	4,500.00	(162,086.08)
Urban and Economic Development	45,774.92	45,530.50		(244.42)
Intergovernmental	15,423.12			(15,423.12)
**Interest on Long-Term Debt	2,426.02			(2,426.02)
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,297,716.02	\$ 367,165.94	\$ 2,111,243.20	(3,819,306.88)
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
				3,899,861.30
				155,114.97
				119,779.64
				5,137.10
				15,355.21
				153,284.80
				<u>4,348,533.02</u>
				<u>529,226.14</u>
				3,799,990.57
				Adjustments:
				Prior Period Adjustment - Prior Years 4H Donations (See Note 10)
				<u>31,893.19</u>
				<u>3,831,883.76</u>
				<u>\$ 4,361,109.90</u>

**The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2021

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,482,139.40	\$ 1,361,307.87	\$ 150,681.10	\$ 3,994,128.37
Investments	800,000.00			800,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 3,282,139.40</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,307.87</u>	<u>\$ 150,681.10</u>	<u>\$ 4,794,128.37</u>
FUND BALANCES: (See Note 1.j.)				
Restricted	\$ 451,714.25	\$	\$ 146,117.58	\$ 597,831.83
Assigned	1,106,439.00	1,361,307.87	4,563.52	2,472,310.39
Unassigned	1,723,986.15			1,723,986.15
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 3,282,139.40</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,307.87</u>	<u>\$ 150,681.10</u>	<u>\$ 4,794,128.37</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,985,663.34	\$ 948,377.91	\$ 23,065.69	\$ 3,957,106.94
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	10,473.68	3,344.56		13,818.24
Penalties and Interest	6,197.72	1,971.31		8,169.03
Telephone Tax (Outside)	18.96			18.96
Wheel Tax		161,517.93		161,517.93
Licenses and Permits	64,797.56	3,730.00	530.00	69,057.56
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	2,134,523.76	6,524.70	10,249.44	2,151,297.90
Federal Shared Revenue	5,752.18			5,752.18
State Grants		246,370.09		246,370.09
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	24,771.69			24,771.69
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,033,520.34		1,033,520.34
Liquor Tax Reversion (Unincorporated Town)	31,647.05			31,647.05
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	409.44			409.44
Prorate License Fees		57,506.18		57,506.18
63 3/4% Mobile Home		3,335.40		3,335.40
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	9,475.34			9,475.34
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,316.60			2,316.60
Renewable Facility Tax	269,138.39			269,138.39
Motor Fuel Tax		5,387.09		5,387.09
911 Remittances			39,323.78	39,323.78
Other State Shared Revenue	44,837.96		57,878.26	102,716.22
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	2,644.00			2,644.00
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	17,217.77			17,217.77
Register of Deeds' Fees	84,248.50		10,047.43	94,295.93

Legal Services	8,810.84		175.00	8,985.84
Clerk of Courts Fees	3,034.59			3,034.59
Other Fees	10,229.00	3,500.00		13,729.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	4,601.00			4,601.00
Sobriety Testing			4,489.00	4,489.00
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		293,914.35		293,914.35
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	27,442.05			27,442.05
Veterans Service Officer	1,875.00			1,875.00
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	159,163.07			159,163.07
Women, Infants and Children	2,861.11			2,861.11
Mental Health Services	439.32			439.32
Conservation of Natural Resources	16,260.23			16,260.23
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	1,475.00		25.00	1,500.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	1,276.14	2,529.42	116.80	3,922.36
Rent	9,098.00			9,098.00
Contributions and Donations	41,270.97			41,270.97
Other	8,661.41	26,574.21		35,235.62
Total Revenues	<u>5,990,631.67</u>	<u>2,798,103.49</u>	<u>145,900.40</u>	<u>8,934,635.56</u>

Expenditures:

General Government:

Legislative:

 Board of County Commissioners 111,990.61 111,990.61

 Elections 4,360.12 4,360.12

 Judicial System 3,279.63 3,279.63

Financial Administration:

 Auditor 145,610.26 145,610.26

 Treasurer 127,312.26 127,312.26

Legal Services:

 State's Attorney 120,074.52 120,074.52

 Court Appointed Attorney 29,963.33 29,963.33

 Other Legal Services 2,000.00 2,000.00

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
(Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	156,349.58			156,349.58
Director of Equalization	144,853.67			144,853.67
Register of Deeds	89,961.60		8,391.97	98,353.57
Veterans Service Officer	11,317.79			11,317.79
Predatory Animal	5,299.59			5,299.59
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	240,312.15			240,312.15
County Jail	20,925.44		2,819.00	23,744.44
Coroner	3,434.72			3,434.72
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Emergency and Disaster Services			32,783.81	32,783.81
Communication Center	12,200.00		42,546.53	54,746.53
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		4,598,892.30	10,652.76	4,609,545.06
Transportation:				
Airport	1,757,098.62			1,757,098.62
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	27,761.83			27,761.83
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	53,435.20			53,435.20
Ambulance	450,696.97			450,696.97
Women, Infants and Children	2,861.11			2,861.11
Social Services:				
Care of Aged	19,656.00			19,656.00
Domestic Abuse			742.50	742.50

Mental Health Services:				
Mental Health Centers	13,845.00			13,845.00
Mental Illness Board	3,338.25			3,338.25
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	500.00			500.00
Historical Museum	500.00			500.00
Memorial Day Expense	1,000.00			1,000.00
Arts	425.00			425.00
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	5,000.00			5,000.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	47,810.99			47,810.99
Soil Conservation Districts	14,000.00			14,000.00
Weed Control	120,039.62			120,039.62
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	12,686.72			12,686.72
Urban and Rural Development	35,767.55			35,767.55
Intergovernmental Expenditures		16,133.83		16,133.83
Debt Service			23,391.32	23,391.32
Total Expenditures	<u>3,795,668.13</u>	<u>4,615,026.13</u>	<u>121,327.89</u>	<u>8,532,022.15</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>2,194,963.54</u>	<u>(1,816,922.64)</u>	<u>24,572.51</u>	<u>402,613.41</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	2,670.58	1,592,604.00	21,924.00	1,617,198.58
Transfers Out	(1,614,528.00)	(2,529.42)	(141.16)	(1,617,198.58)
Insurance Proceeds	2,392.06			2,392.06
Sale of County Property	8,925.00	19,088.00		28,013.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,600,540.36)</u>	<u>1,609,162.58</u>	<u>21,782.84</u>	<u>30,405.06</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	594,423.18	(207,760.06)	46,355.35	433,018.47
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,687,716.22</u>	<u>1,569,067.93</u>	<u>104,325.75</u>	<u>4,361,109.90</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 3,282,139.40</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,307.87</u>	<u>\$ 150,681.10</u>	<u>\$ 4,794,128.37</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,912,467.29	\$ 923,593.86	\$ 12,917.91	\$ 3,848,979.06
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	27,469.16	7,212.10		34,681.26
Penalties and Interest	13,168.33	2,946.27		16,114.60
Telephone Tax (Outside)	23.14			23.14
Wheel Tax		155,114.97		155,114.97
Tax Deed Revenue	63.24			63.24
Licenses and Permits	49,484.50	4,484.60	270.00	54,239.10
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	263,381.87	115,622.31	14,575.32	393,579.50
Federal Shared Revenue	5,137.10			5,137.10
State Grants	10,108.25	513,913.83		524,022.08
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	20,958.58			20,958.58
Motor Vehicle Licenses		994,349.50		994,349.50
Liquor Tax Reversion (Unincorporated Town)	29,376.47			29,376.47
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	335.37			335.37
Prorate License Fees		52,473.63		52,473.63
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	17,906.28			17,906.28
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,268.54			2,268.54
Renewable Facility Tax	51,538.31			51,538.31
Motor Fuel Tax		5,374.55		5,374.55
911 Remittances			33,790.10	33,790.10
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	4,407.00			4,407.00
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	16,546.26			16,546.26
Register of Deeds' Fees	64,970.75		8,481.20	73,451.95
Legal Services	14,781.58		275.00	15,056.58
Clerk of Courts Fees	4,056.64			4,056.64

Other Fees	9,722.23	10,838.40		20,560.63
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	8,616.50			8,616.50
Prisoner Care	1,195.00			1,195.00
Sobriety Testing			6,611.00	6,611.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	3,804.19			3,804.19
Veterans Service Officer	1,875.00			1,875.00
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	140,227.95			140,227.95
Women, Infants and Children	3,563.96			3,563.96
Mental Health Services	428.45			428.45
Conservation of Natural Resources	6,282.10			6,282.10
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	1,052.63			1,052.63
Forfeits	2,000.00			2,000.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	9,400.73	5,555.21	399.27	15,355.21
Rent	7,598.00			7,598.00
Contributions and Donations	15,642.93	85,000.00		100,642.93
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	208.92	229.64		438.56
Other	17,771.24	77,150.00		94,921.24
Total Revenues	<u>3,737,838.49</u>	<u>2,953,858.87</u>	<u>77,319.80</u>	<u>6,769,017.16</u>

Expenditures:

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners	128,362.52			128,362.52
Elections	36,572.11			36,572.11
Judicial System	868.46			868.46

Financial Administration:

Auditor	133,226.36			133,226.36
Treasurer	124,982.81			124,982.81

Legal Services:

State's Attorney	114,668.99			114,668.99
Court Appointed Attorney	18,633.90			18,633.90
Other Legal Services	5,500.00			5,500.00

Other General Government:

General Government Building	124,096.64			124,096.64
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CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Continued)

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Director of Equalization	145,715.22			145,715.22
Register of Deeds	85,371.57		8,375.98	93,747.55
Veterans Service Officer	11,057.57			11,057.57
Predatory Animal	6,871.68			6,871.68
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	273,301.86			273,301.86
County Jail	17,080.08		4,509.49	21,589.57
Coroner	5,142.94			5,142.94
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Fire Protection	18,508.00			18,508.00
Emergency and Disaster Services			28,018.17	28,018.17
Communication Center	12,200.00		37,571.89	49,771.89
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		4,198,750.98		4,198,750.98
Transportation:				
Airport	22,472.55			22,472.55
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	5,384.33			5,384.33
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	51,052.99			51,052.99
Ambulance	384,325.29			384,325.29
Women, Infants and Children	3,563.96			3,563.96
Social Services:				
Care of Aged	19,431.96			19,431.96
Domestic Abuse			427.50	427.50
Mental Health Services:				
Mental Health Centers	13,442.00			13,442.00
Mental Illness Board	5,731.06			5,731.06

Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	500.00			500.00
Historical Museum	500.00			500.00
Memorial Day Expense	1,000.00			1,000.00
Arts	425.00			425.00
Recreation:				
Parks	5,000.00			5,000.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	47,497.90			47,497.90
Soil Conservation Districts	12,450.00			12,450.00
Weed Control	112,920.28			112,920.28
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	10,320.99			10,320.99
Urban and Rural Development	35,453.93			35,453.93
Intergovernmental Expenditures		15,423.12		15,423.12
Debt Service			11,005.94	11,005.94
Total Expenditures	<u>1,993,632.95</u>	<u>4,214,174.10</u>	<u>89,908.97</u>	<u>6,297,716.02</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>1,744,205.54</u>	<u>(1,260,315.23)</u>	<u>(12,589.17)</u>	<u>471,301.14</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	47.50	1,761,062.00		1,761,109.50
Transfers Out	(1,761,062.00)		(47.50)	(1,761,109.50)
Sale of County Property		57,925.00		57,925.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,761,014.50)</u>	<u>1,818,987.00</u>	<u>(47.50)</u>	<u>57,925.00</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(16,808.96)</u>	<u>558,671.77</u>	<u>(12,636.67)</u>	<u>529,226.14</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,672,631.99	1,010,396.16	116,962.42	3,799,990.57
Adjustments:				
Prior Years 4H Donations Correction (See Note 10)	<u>31,893.19</u>			<u>31,893.19</u>
Adjusted Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,704,525.18</u>	<u>1,010,396.16</u>	<u>116,962.42</u>	<u>3,831,883.76</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 2,687,716.22</u>	<u>\$ 1,569,067.93</u>	<u>\$ 104,325.75</u>	<u>\$ 4,361,109.90</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 241,465.99
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 241,465.99
NET POSITION:	
Restricted For:	
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 241,465.99
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 241,465.99

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 7,010,512.34
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	2,384,487.88
Other Additions	169,451.84
Total Additions	9,564,452.06
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	7,029,686.39
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	2,415,018.46
Other Deductions	212,172.47
Total Deductions	9,656,877.32
Change in Net Position	(92,425.26)
Net Position - Beginning	333,891.25
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 241,465.99

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 6,759,055.28
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	1,843,536.93
Other Additions	242,635.03
Total Additions	8,845,227.24
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	6,759,142.09
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	1,802,020.46
Other Deductions	217,274.84
Total Deductions	8,778,437.39
Change in Net Position	66,789.85
Net Position - Beginning	0.00
Restatement - Implementation of GASB 84 (See Note 12)	298,994.59
Prior Years 4H Donations Correction (See Note 10)	(31,893.19)
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	267,101.40
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 333,891.25

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CLARK COUNTY
NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c., these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Clark County (County), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The County is financially accountable if its County Commission appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the County (primary government). The County may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the County.

The County has created a Housing and Redevelopment Commission (HRC) under the authority of South Dakota Law (SDCL) 11-7-7. The County created this HRC solely for the purpose of abdicating its power or authority over administering the section 8 housing assistance program within the County to the Watertown Housing Authority organized by the Municipality of Watertown. The five members of the Commission are appointed by the County Commission's Chairperson with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners for five-year, staggered terms. The Commission elects its own chairperson and recruits and employs its own management personnel and other workers. The County Commission, though, retains the statutory authority to approve or deny or otherwise modify the Commission's plans to construct a low-income housing unit, or to issue debt, which gives the County Commission the ability to impose its will on the Commission. Because the County activated this HRC solely for the purpose of abdicating its power or authority over administering the Section 8 housing assistance program within the County over to the Watertown Housing Authority organized by the Municipality of Watertown, this component unit's financial activity was not included on the County's annual report. The financial activity of this component unit would be included as a component unit on the Municipality of Watertown's annual report.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the County financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – *The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.*

Special Revenue Funds – *Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.*

Road and Bridge Fund – to account for funds credited to the road and bridge fund pursuant to SDCL 32-11-4.2 to be used by the board of county commissioners for grading, constructing, planing, dragging, and maintaining county highways and also for dragging, maintaining, and grading secondary roads. Proper equipment for dragging, grading, and maintaining highways, such as graders, tractors, drags, maintainers, and planers may be purchased from the road and bridge fund. (SDCL 32-11-2 and 32-11-4.2). This is a major fund.

The remaining special revenue funds are not considered major funds: 911 Service, Emergency Management, Domestic Abuse, 24/7 Sobriety, Modernization and Preservation Relief, and Rural Access Infrastructure. These funds are reported on the fund financial statements as "Other Governmental Funds."

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

TIF #1 Debt Service Fund – to account for property taxes which may be used only for the payment of the debt principal, interest, and related costs. This is not a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-category and are never considered to be major funds:

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for the accumulation and distribution of property tax revenues and various pass-through funds.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “how” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The County’s basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned, and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

Measurement Focus:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus, or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed, and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The acceptable modification to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the County in these financial statements is:

Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, “cash and cash equivalents” includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating those assets where appropriate, so any capital assets owned by the County and the related depreciation are not reported on the financial statements of the County.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities include, but are not limited to, Tax Increment District Promissory Note.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt or long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions, so any outstanding long-term debt or long-term liabilities are not reported on the financial statements of the County. The County does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities, the principal portion of these Debt Service payments are reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion is reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

The County has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Debt.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the County's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two components:

1. Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
2. Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

i. Application of Net Position:

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

j. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the County Commissioners.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The County does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund
Road and Bridge Fund

Revenue Source
Property Taxes, Wheel Tax, State Grants, and
Motor Vehicle Licenses

A schedule of fund balances is provided as follows:

**CLARK COUNTY
DISCLOSURE OF FUND BALANCES REPORTED ON BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2021**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Fund Balances:				
Restricted For:				
American Rescue Plan Act Purposes	\$ 362,837.00	\$	\$	\$ 362,837.00
911 Service Purposes			70,265.86	70,265.86
Domestic Abuse Purposes			30.00	30.00
24/7 Sobriety Purposes			17,680.44	17,680.44
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes			9,329.44	9,329.44
Ambulance Purposes	720.00			720.00
4H Donation Purposes	88,157.25			88,157.25
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes			47,225.50	47,225.50
Tax Increment District Purposes			1,586.34	1,586.34
Assigned To:				
Applied to Next Year's Budget	893,939.00			893,939.00
Capital Outlay Accumulations	212,500.00			212,500.00
Road and Bridge Purposes		1,361,307.87		1,361,307.87
Emergency Management Purposes			4,563.52	4,563.52
Unassigned	<u>1,723,986.15</u>			<u>1,723,986.15</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,282,139.40</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,307.87</u>	<u>\$ 150,681.10</u>	<u>\$ 4,794,128.37</u>

2. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In 2020, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities accounting standard. This statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this standard required that the County present a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for Custodial Funds beginning in 2020. The implementation of this standard required the County to reclassify previously reported agency funds as custodial funds. The impact to the County resulted in certain activities previously reported as fiduciary not being considered fiduciary under GASB 84. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 12.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The County follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The County’s cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 7-20-1, 7-20-1.1, and 7-20-1.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank’s public debt rating which may not be less than “AA” or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits County funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2021, the investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the County, as discussed above. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the County’s deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2021, the County’s deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The County’s formal investment policy limits investment maturities to 18 months as allowed by SDCL 4-5-6.1 as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Investments are chosen based on the highest rate of interest possible after attempting to secure three quotes.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The County’s policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the General Fund, except for the 911 Service Fund which retains its investment income. USGAAP, on the other hand, requires income from deposits and investments to be reported in the fund whose assets generated that income. Where the governing board has discretion to credit investment income to a fund other than the fund that provided the resources for investment, a transfer to the designated fund is reported. Accordingly, in the fund financial statements, interfund transfers of investment earnings are reported, while in the government-wide financial statements, they have been eliminated.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of the following January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The County is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the County.

5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

Major Purposes:

American Rescue Plan Act Purposes	\$ 362,837.00
4H Donation Purposes	<u>88,157.25</u>

Other Purposes:

Ambulance Purposes	720.00
911 Service Purposes	70,265.86
Domestic Abuse Purposes	30.00
24/7 Sobriety Purposes	17,680.44
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes	9,329.44
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes	47,225.50
Tax Increment District Purposes	<u>1,586.34</u>

Total Other Purposes	<u>146,837.58</u>
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Total Restricted Net Position **\$ 597,831.83**

These balances are restricted due to federal grant and statutory requirements.

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>			<u>Total</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	\$ 1,592,604.00	\$ 21,924.00	\$ 1,614,528.00
Road and Bridge Fund	2,529.42			2,529.42
Other Governmental Funds:				
Emergency and Disaster Service Fund	8.48			8.48
Domestic Abuse Fund	82.50			82.50
24/7 Sobriety Fund	32.85			32.85
Modernization and Preservation Fund	17.33			17.33
Total	\$ 2,670.58	\$ 1,592,604.00	\$ 21,924.00	\$ 1,617,198.58

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

<u>Transfers From:</u>	<u>Transfers To:</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$	\$ 1,761,062.00	\$ 1,761,062.00
Other Governmental Funds:			
Domestic Abuse Fund	47.50		47.50
Total	\$ 47.50	\$ 1,761,062.00	\$ 1,761,109.50

The County typically budgets transfers to the Road and Bridge Fund and the Emergency Management Fund (Other Governmental Funds) to conduct the indispensable functions of the County. The County typically transfers from the Road and Bridge Fund and the Other Governmental Funds for the allowable cash transfers relating to the interest revenue generated in these funds to the General Fund.

7. TAX ABATEMENTS

Clark County:

In 2005, the County created the Clark County Tax Increment District No. 1 under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment district was created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the County through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural

resources; and the improvement of the area will likely significantly enhance the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years. In 2008, the County entered into a development agreement with Clark Industrial Development Corporation. The County agreed to issue a Tax Increment Note and award the note proceeds to the developer as a discretionary grant to assist in funding the costs of the project. In 2008, the County issued the Clark County Tax Increment Note in the amount of \$111,200.00. The positive tax increments received from the district are allocated to pay the principal and interest on the note until they are paid off or 20 years whichever is earlier.

The amount of general property taxes collected from the tax increment district that were not available to Clark County, during the calendar years ended December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2021, was \$3,026.37 and \$2,817.66 respectively.

Municipality of Clark:

The Municipality of Clark has created a tax increment district under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment district was created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the County through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural resources; and the improvement of the area will likely significantly enhance the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years. The Municipality of Clark has one (1) active tax increment district. Because the general property taxes on tax increment districts are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Clark County during the life of the tax increment district.

The amount of general property taxes collected from the tax increment district that were not available to Clark County, during the calendar years ended December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2021, was \$940.89 and \$876.00 respectively.

8. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The County's share of contributions to the SDRS for the calendar years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, equal to the required contributions each year, were as follows:

Year	Amount
2021	\$ 89,616.20
2020	\$ 89,040.92
2019	\$ 80,103.12

Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.53% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the County as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$ 9,210,181.74
Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	<u>9,718,852.92</u>
Proportionate share of net pension asset	<u>\$ (508,671.18)</u>

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.0664210%, which is an increase of 0.0028977% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.25% and real returns of 4.25%
Future COLAs	2.25%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the County's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 823,665.20	\$ (508,671.18)	\$ (1,590,218.18)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At December 31, 2021, the County was not involved in any litigation.

10. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Beginning Fund Balance of the General Fund and the Beginning Net Position of the Custodial Funds has been adjusted to restate the effects of accounting for 4H Donations in a Custodial Fund, while it should have been accounted for in the General Fund. Beginning Net Position of the Governmental Activities as been adjusted for the same reason as stated above. The Beginning Fund Balance/Net Position Adjustments are comprised of the following:

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Custodial Fund</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Correction of Prior Year 4H Donations Accounted for in Custodial Funds	\$ 31,893.19	\$ (31,893.19)	\$ 31,893.19

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2021, the County managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The County purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The County joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The County's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the County. The County pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under an occurrence-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The County pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for:

General Liability,
Automobile Liability,
Officials Liability, and
and Law Enforcement Liability

Effective October 5, 2021, the SDPAA adopted a new policy on member departures. Departing members will no longer be eligible for any partial refund of the calculated portion of their contributions which was previously allowed. The prior policy provided the departing member with such a partial refund because the departing member took sole responsibility for all claims and claims expenses whether reported or unreported at the time of their departure from the SDPAA. With such partial refund being no longer available, the SDPAA will now assume responsibility for all reported claims of a departing member pursuant to the revised IGC.

The County carries a \$250.00 deductible for the comprehensive coverage, a \$500.00 deductible for the automotive liability coverage, and a \$2,000.00 deductible for the law enforcement liability. The general liability and officials liability have \$0 deductibles.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The County joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The County's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any

worker's compensation claims. The County pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The County provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

During the two years ended December 31, 2021, three claims were filed for unemployment benefits. These claims resulted in the payment of no benefits. At December 31, 2021, no claims had been filed nor were outstanding. It is not anticipated that any additional claims for unemployment benefits will be filed in the next year.

12. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW STANDARD AND RESTATEMENT

As of January 1, 2020, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84).

The County restated the net position and fund balance of the fund(s) indicated below to appropriately reflect the January 1, 2020 balances as follows:

	Net Position December 31, 2019 as Previously Stated	Restatement Implementation of GASB 84	Net Position January 1, 2020 as Restated
Custodial Funds	\$ 0.00	\$ 298,994.59	\$ 298,994.59

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,999,994.00	\$ 2,999,994.00	\$ 2,985,663.34	\$ (14,330.66)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	13,500.00	13,500.00	10,473.68	(3,026.32)
Penalties and Interest	2,000.00	2,000.00	6,197.72	4,197.72
Telephone Tax (Outside)	17.00	17.00	18.96	1.96
Tax Deed Revenue	100.00	100.00	0.00	(100.00)
Licenses and Permits	23,902.00	23,902.00	64,797.56	40,895.56
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	1,935,000.00	1,935,000.00	2,134,523.76	199,523.76
Federal Shared Revenue	4,870.00	4,870.00	5,752.18	882.18
State Grants	105,000.00	105,000.00	0.00	(105,000.00)
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	19,852.00	19,852.00	24,771.69	4,919.69
Liquor Tax Reversion (Unincorporated Town)	13,900.00	13,900.00	31,647.05	17,747.05
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	700.00	700.00	409.44	(290.56)
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	14,727.00	14,727.00	9,475.34	(5,251.66)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,285.00	2,285.00	2,316.60	31.60
Renewable Facility Tax	163,053.00	163,053.00	269,138.39	106,085.39
Other State Shared Revenue	0.00	0.00	44,837.96	44,837.96
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	4,482.00	4,482.00	2,644.00	(1,838.00)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	15,185.00	15,185.00	17,217.77	2,032.77
Register of Deeds' Fees	61,867.00	61,867.00	84,248.50	22,381.50
Legal Services	4,115.00	4,115.00	8,810.84	4,695.84
Clerk of Courts Fees	3,557.00	3,557.00	3,034.59	(522.41)
Other Fees	530.00	530.00	10,229.00	9,699.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	8,646.00	8,646.00	4,601.00	(4,045.00)
Prisoner Care	1,150.00	1,150.00	0.00	(1,150.00)
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	1,445.00	1,445.00	27,442.05	25,997.05
Veterans Service Officer	1,875.00	1,875.00	1,875.00	0.00
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	140,000.00	140,000.00	159,163.07	19,163.07
Women, Infants and Children	5,370.00	5,370.00	2,861.11	(2,508.89)
Mental Health Services	600.00	600.00	439.32	(160.68)
Conservation of Natural Resources	15,500.00	15,500.00	16,260.23	760.23
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	1,175.00	1,175.00	1,475.00	300.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	11,693.00	11,693.00	1,276.14	(10,416.86)
Rent	7,998.00	7,998.00	9,098.00	1,100.00
Contributions and Donations	300.00	300.00	41,270.97	40,970.97
Other	4,550.00	4,550.00	8,661.41	4,111.41
Total Revenues	5,588,938.00	5,588,938.00	5,990,631.67	401,693.67

Expenditures:

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners

145,159.00

145,159.00

111,990.61

33,168.39

Contingency

150,000.00

150,000.00

(77,550.00)

72,450.00

Amount Transferred

4,550.00

4,550.00

4,360.12

189.88

Elections

6,560.00

6,560.00

3,279.63

3,280.37

Judicial System

155,100.00

155,100.00

145,610.26

9,489.74

Financial Administration:

Auditor

140,047.00

140,047.00

127,312.26

12,734.74

Treasurer

Legal Services:

State's Attorney

128,238.00

128,238.00

120,074.52

8,163.48

Court Appointed Attorney

59,000.00

59,000.00

29,963.33

29,036.67

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
(Continued)**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive (Negative)
Other Legal Services	5,500.00	5,500.00	2,000.00	3,500.00
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	221,807.00	221,807.00	156,349.58	65,457.42
Director of Equalization	163,385.00	163,385.00	144,853.67	18,531.33
Register of Deeds	100,515.00	100,515.00	89,961.60	10,553.40
Veterans Service Officer	11,659.00	11,659.00	11,317.79	341.21
Predatory Animal	5,854.00	5,854.00	5,299.59	554.41
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	261,601.00	261,601.00	240,312.15	21,288.85
County Jail	50,000.00	50,000.00	20,925.44	29,074.56
Coroner	5,492.00	5,492.00	3,434.72	2,057.28
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Communication Center	11,950.00	12,250.00	12,200.00	50.00
Public Works:				
Transportation:				
Airport	2,092,077.00	2,092,077.00	1,757,098.62	334,978.38
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	21,286.00	27,786.00	27,761.83	24.17
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	60,989.00	60,989.00	53,435.20	7,553.80
Ambulance	395,810.00	452,810.00	450,696.97	2,113.03
Women, Infants and Children	5,370.00	5,370.00	2,861.11	2,508.89
Social Services:				
Care of Aged	19,656.00	19,656.00	19,656.00	0.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mental Health Centers	13,845.00	13,845.00	13,845.00	0.00
Mental Illness Board	7,780.00	7,780.00	3,338.25	4,441.75
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	500.00	500.00	500.00	0.00
Historical Museum	500.00	500.00	500.00	0.00
Memorial Day Expense	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00
Arts	425.00	425.00	425.00	0.00
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	55,000.00	55,000.00	5,000.00	50,000.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	51,933.00	51,933.00	47,810.99	4,122.01
Soil Conservation Districts	14,000.00	14,000.00	14,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	255,332.00	352,332.00	120,039.62	232,292.38
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	15,526.00	15,526.00	12,686.72	2,839.28
Urban and Rural Development	35,460.00	35,810.00	35,767.55	42.45
Total Expenditures	<u>4,672,906.00</u>	<u>4,756,506.00</u>	<u>3,795,668.13</u>	<u>960,837.87</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>916,032.00</u>	<u>832,432.00</u>	<u>2,194,963.54</u>	<u>1,362,531.54</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	0.00	0.00	2,670.58	2,670.58
Transfers Out	1,614,528.00	1,614,528.00	(1,614,528.00)	(3,229,056.00)
Insurance Proceeds	3,500.00	3,500.00	2,392.06	(1,107.94)
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	8,925.00	8,925.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,618,028.00</u>	<u>1,618,028.00</u>	<u>(1,600,540.36)</u>	<u>(3,218,568.36)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,534,060.00	2,450,460.00	594,423.18	(1,856,036.82)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,687,716.22</u>	<u>2,687,716.22</u>	<u>2,687,716.22</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 5,221,776.22</u>	<u>\$ 5,138,176.22</u>	<u>\$ 3,282,139.40</u>	<u>\$ (1,856,036.82)</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Final Budget</u>
				<u>Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 957,782.00	\$ 957,782.00	\$ 948,377.91	\$ (9,404.09)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	4,000.00	4,000.00	3,344.56	(655.44)
Penalties and Interest	3,270.00	3,270.00	1,971.31	(1,298.69)
Wheel Tax	157,600.00	157,600.00	161,517.93	3,917.93
Licenses and Permits	2,300.00	2,300.00	3,730.00	1,430.00
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	115,064.00	115,064.00	6,524.70	(108,539.30)
State Grants	198,053.00	198,053.00	246,370.09	48,317.09
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	971,462.00	971,462.00	1,033,520.34	62,058.34
Prorate License Fees	51,283.00	51,283.00	57,506.18	6,223.18
63 3/4% Mobile Home	0.00	0.00	3,335.40	3,335.40
Motor Fuel Tax	5,347.00	5,347.00	5,387.09	40.09
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Other Fees	3,253.00	3,253.00	3,500.00	247.00
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	3,000.00	264,026.00	293,914.35	29,888.35
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	1,015.00	1,015.00	2,529.42	1,514.42
Contributions and Donations	85,000.00	85,000.00	0.00	(85,000.00)
Other	62,425.00	88,345.00	26,574.21	(61,770.79)
Total Revenues	<u>2,620,854.00</u>	<u>2,907,800.00</u>	<u>2,798,103.49</u>	<u>(109,696.51)</u>
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	4,376,892.00	4,663,838.00	4,598,892.30	64,945.70
Intergovernmental Expenditures	15,650.00	16,150.00	16,133.83	16.17
Total Expenditures	<u>4,392,542.00</u>	<u>4,679,988.00</u>	<u>4,615,026.13</u>	<u>64,961.87</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,771,688.00)</u>	<u>(1,772,188.00)</u>	<u>(1,816,922.64)</u>	<u>(44,734.64)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	1,592,604.00	1,592,604.00	1,592,604.00	0.00
Transfers Out	0.00	0.00	(2,529.42)	(2,529.42)
Insurance Proceeds	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00	(2,500.00)
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	19,088.00	19,088.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,595,104.00</u>	<u>1,595,104.00</u>	<u>1,609,162.58</u>	<u>14,058.58</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(176,584.00)</u>	<u>(177,084.00)</u>	<u>(207,760.06)</u>	<u>(30,676.06)</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,569,067.93	1,569,067.93	1,569,067.93	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,392,483.93</u>	<u>\$ 1,391,983.93</u>	<u>\$ 1,361,307.87</u>	<u>\$ (30,676.06)</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,926,655.00	\$ 2,926,655.00	\$ 2,912,467.29	\$ (14,187.71)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	13,000.00	13,000.00	27,469.16	14,469.16
Penalties and Interest	2,000.00	2,000.00	13,168.33	11,168.33
Telephone Tax (Outside)	17.00	17.00	23.14	6.14
Tax Deed Revenue	1,000.00	1,000.00	63.24	(936.76)
Licenses and Permits	21,113.00	21,113.00	49,484.50	28,371.50
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	180,000.00	180,000.00	263,381.87	83,381.87
Federal Shared Revenue	5,303.00	5,303.00	5,137.10	(165.90)
State Grants	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,108.25	108.25
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	19,412.00	19,412.00	20,958.58	1,546.58
Liquor Tax Reversion (Unincorporated Town)	13,900.00	13,900.00	29,376.47	15,476.47
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	1,956.00	1,956.00	335.37	(1,620.63)
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	15,942.00	15,942.00	17,906.28	1,964.28
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,296.00	2,296.00	2,268.54	(27.46)
Renewable Facility Tax	23,644.00	23,644.00	51,538.31	27,894.31
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	9,718.00	9,718.00	0.00	(9,718.00)
Other Intergovernmental Revenue	0.00	0.00	4,407.00	4,407.00
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	14,213.00	14,213.00	16,546.26	2,333.26
Register of Deeds' Fees	61,867.00	61,867.00	64,970.75	3,103.75
Legal Services	4,115.00	4,115.00	14,781.58	10,666.58
Clerk of Courts Fees	3,369.00	3,369.00	4,056.64	687.64
Other Fees	665.00	665.00	9,722.23	9,057.23
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	8,044.00	8,044.00	8,616.50	572.50
Prisoner Care	1,131.00	1,131.00	1,195.00	64.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	1,445.00	1,445.00	3,804.19	2,359.19
Veterans Service Officer	1,875.00	1,875.00	1,875.00	0.00
Health Assistance:				
Ambulance	140,000.00	140,000.00	140,227.95	227.95
Women, Infants and Children	4,803.00	4,803.00	3,563.96	(1,239.04)
Mental Health Services	600.00	600.00	428.45	(171.55)
Conservation of Natural Resources	24,223.00	24,223.00	6,282.10	(17,940.90)
Fines and Forfeits:				
Costs	1,175.00	1,175.00	1,052.63	(122.37)
Forfeits	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	11,181.00	11,181.00	9,400.73	(1,780.27)
Rent	7,998.00	7,998.00	7,598.00	(400.00)
Contributions and Donations	300.00	300.00	15,642.93	15,342.93
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	0.00	0.00	208.92	208.92
Other	225.00	225.00	17,771.24	17,546.24
Total Revenues	3,533,185.00	3,533,185.00	3,737,838.49	204,653.49
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	154,682.00	154,682.00	128,362.52	26,319.48
Contingency	150,000.00	150,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(100,700.00)		49,300.00
Elections	26,375.00	37,375.00	36,572.11	802.89
Judicial System	6,560.00	6,560.00	868.46	5,691.54
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	140,118.00	140,118.00	133,226.36	6,891.64
Treasurer	128,769.00	128,769.00	124,982.81	3,786.19
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	129,515.00	129,515.00	114,668.99	14,846.01
Court Appointed Attorney	50,692.00	50,692.00	18,633.90	32,058.10
Other Legal Services	5,500.00	5,500.00	5,500.00	0.00

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020
(Continued)

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Final Budget</u>
				<u>Positive (Negative)</u>
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	226,818.00	226,818.00	124,096.64	102,721.36
Director of Equalization	379,906.00	379,906.00	145,715.22	234,190.78
Register of Deeds	92,745.00	92,745.00	85,371.57	7,373.43
Veterans Service Officer	11,072.00	11,072.00	11,057.57	14.43
Predatory Animal	5,200.00	7,200.00	6,871.68	328.32
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	281,114.00	281,114.00	273,301.86	7,812.14
County Jail	50,000.00	50,000.00	17,080.08	32,919.92
Coroner	4,892.00	5,392.00	5,142.94	249.06
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Fire Protection	0.00	20,000.00	18,508.00	1,492.00
Communication Center	0.00	12,500.00	12,200.00	300.00
Public Works:				
Transportation:				
Airport	206,202.00	206,202.00	22,472.55	183,729.45
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	21,344.00	21,344.00	5,384.33	15,959.67
Health Assistance:				
County Nurse	59,675.00	59,675.00	51,052.99	8,622.01
Ambulance	346,901.00	386,901.00	384,325.29	2,575.71
Women, Infants and Children	4,803.00	4,803.00	3,563.96	1,239.04
Social Services:				
Care of Aged	19,432.00	19,432.00	19,431.96	0.04
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	720.00	720.00	0.00	720.00
Mental Health Centers	13,489.00	13,489.00	13,442.00	47.00
Mental Illness Board	7,780.00	7,780.00	5,731.06	2,048.94
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture:				
Public Library	500.00	500.00	500.00	0.00
Historical Museum	500.00	500.00	500.00	0.00
Memorial Day Expense	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00
Arts	425.00	425.00	425.00	0.00
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	55,000.00	55,000.00	5,000.00	50,000.00
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	51,054.00	51,054.00	47,497.90	3,556.10
Soil Conservation Districts	12,450.00	12,450.00	12,450.00	0.00
Weed Control	210,825.00	210,825.00	112,920.28	97,904.72
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	18,957.00	18,957.00	10,320.99	8,636.01
Urban and Rural Development	35,150.00	35,650.00	35,453.93	196.07
Total Expenditures	<u>2,910,165.00</u>	<u>2,895,965.00</u>	<u>1,993,632.95</u>	<u>902,332.05</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>623,020.00</u>	<u>637,220.00</u>	<u>1,744,205.54</u>	<u>1,106,985.54</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	0.00	0.00	47.50	47.50
Transfers Out	(1,761,062.00)	(1,761,062.00)	(1,761,062.00)	0.00
Insurance Proceeds	4,000.00	4,000.00	0.00	(4,000.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,757,062.00)</u>	<u>(1,757,062.00)</u>	<u>(1,761,014.50)</u>	<u>(3,952.50)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(1,134,042.00)</u>	<u>(1,119,842.00)</u>	<u>(16,808.96)</u>	<u>1,103,033.04</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,672,631.99	2,672,631.99	2,672,631.99	0.00
Adjustments:				
Prior Period Adjustment - Prior Years 4H Donations	0.00	0.00	31,893.19	31,893.19
Adjusted Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,672,631.99</u>	<u>2,672,631.99</u>	<u>2,704,525.18</u>	<u>31,893.19</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,538,589.99</u>	<u>\$ 1,552,789.99</u>	<u>\$ 2,687,716.22</u>	<u>\$ 1,134,926.23</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 934,876.00	\$ 934,876.00	\$ 923,593.86	\$ (11,282.14)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	3,350.00	3,350.00	7,212.10	3,862.10
Penalties and Interest	1,500.00	1,500.00	2,946.27	1,446.27
Wheel Tax	157,426.00	157,426.00	155,114.97	(2,311.03)
Licenses and Permits	2,050.00	2,050.00	4,484.60	2,434.60
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	115,622.31	115,622.31
State Grants	225,009.45	259,349.11	513,913.83	254,564.72
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	922,396.55	922,396.55	994,349.50	71,952.95
Prorate License Fees	50,617.00	50,617.00	52,473.63	1,856.63
Motor Fuel Tax	5,347.00	5,347.00	5,374.55	27.55
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Other Fees	13,281.00	13,281.00	10,838.40	(2,442.60)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	1,015.00	1,015.00	5,555.21	4,540.21
Contributions and Donations	0.00	0.00	85,000.00	85,000.00
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	0.00	0.00	229.64	229.64
Other	25.00	25.00	77,150.00	77,125.00
Total Revenues	<u>2,316,893.00</u>	<u>2,351,232.66</u>	<u>2,953,858.87</u>	<u>602,626.21</u>
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	4,019,882.00	4,259,331.45	4,198,750.98	60,580.47
Intergovernmental Expenditures	15,650.00	15,650.00	15,423.12	226.88
Total Expenditures	<u>4,035,532.00</u>	<u>4,274,981.45</u>	<u>4,214,174.10</u>	<u>60,807.35</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,718,639.00)</u>	<u>(1,923,748.79)</u>	<u>(1,260,315.23)</u>	<u>663,433.56</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	1,733,744.00	1,733,744.00	1,761,062.00	27,318.00
Insurance Proceeds	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00	(2,500.00)
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	57,925.00	57,925.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,736,244.00</u>	<u>1,736,244.00</u>	<u>1,818,987.00</u>	<u>82,743.00</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	17,605.00	(187,504.79)	558,671.77	746,176.56
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,010,396.16	1,010,396.16	1,010,396.16	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,028,001.16</u>	<u>\$ 822,891.37</u>	<u>\$ 1,569,067.93</u>	<u>\$ 746,176.56</u>

CLARK COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Between the fifteenth and thirtieth days of July in each year the Board of County Commissioners prepares and files with the County Auditor a provisional budget for the following year, containing a detailed estimate of cash balances, revenues, and expenditures.
2. Prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year a notice of budget hearing is published once each week for two successive weeks, and the text of the provisional budget is published with the first publication.
3. The Board of County Commissioners holds a meeting for the purpose of considering the provisional budget on or prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year. Such hearings must be concluded by October first. Changes made to the provisional budget are entered at length in the minutes of the Board of County Commissioners.
4. Before October first of each year the Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget for the ensuing year. The adopted budget is filed in the office of the County Auditor.
5. After adoption by the Board of County Commissioners, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 7.
6. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total county budget.
7. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
8. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners.
9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)**

South Dakota Retirement System

*Last 10 Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0664210%	0.0635233%	0.0608102%	0.0584314%	0.0577872%	0.0572611%	0.0587249%	0.0614753%
County's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (508,671)	\$ (2,759)	\$ (6,444)	\$ (1,363)	\$ (5,244)	\$ 193,422	\$ (249,069)	\$ (442,904)
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,477,123	\$ 1,366,809	\$ 1,264,871	\$ 1,189,700	\$ 1,149,475	\$ 1,066,558	\$ 1,043,307	\$ 1,037,727
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	34.44%	0.20%	0.51%	0.11%	0.46%	18.14%	23.87%	42.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

CLARK COUNTY
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and one plan provision change are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020 and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2021**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures 2020	Total Federal Expenditures 2021
US Department of Transportation - Direct Programs:				
Airport Improvement Program (Note 3)	20.106	3-46-0009-014-2020	\$ 8,508.08	\$ 1,526,962.99
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program (Note 3)	20.106	3-46-0009-014-2020	945.35	170,024.56
Total US Department of Transportation			9,453.43	1,696,987.55
US Department of Treasury - Pass-Through Programs:				
SD Bureau of Finance and Management, COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	315,552.97	
Total US Department of Treasury			315,552.97	0.00
US General Services Administration - Pass-Through Programs:				
SD Federal Property Agency, Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property (Note 4)	39.003	N/A	1,909.67	588.04
Total US General Services Administration			1,909.67	588.04
US Elections Assistance Commission - Pass-Through Programs:				
SD Secretary of State, COVID-19 Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	N/A	5,219.58	
Total US Elections Assistance Commission			5,219.58	0.00
US Department of Health and Human Services - Pass-Through Programs:				
SD Secretary of State, Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities - Grants for Protection and Advocacy Systems	93.617	N/A	7,666.48	
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			7,666.48	0.00
US Department of Homeland Security - Pass-Through Programs:				
SD Department of Public Safety - Office of Emergency Management,				
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	DSR4440 - PW 1253, 1029, 930	3,620.70	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	2021-LEMPG-1802		10,249.44
Total US Department of Homeland Security			3,620.70	10,249.44
GRAND TOTAL			\$ 343,422.83	\$ 1,707,825.03

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.

Note 4: Federal Surplus Property

The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the County.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
CLARK COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2021**

<u>Indebtedness</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt January 1, 2020</u>	<u>Add New Debt</u>	<u>Less Debt Retired</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt December 31, 2021</u>
Governmental Long-Term Debt:				
Tax Increment District Promissory Note	\$ 40,457.54	\$	\$ (31,085.62)	\$ 9,371.92

Note 1 - Long-Term Debt:

Debt payable at December 31, 2021 is comprised of the following:

Tax Increment District Promissory Note:

Tax Increment District Promissory Note Issued 12/16/2008, Final Maturity 12/16/2024 - Interest Rate 6%, Paid from the TIF#1 Debt Service Fund				\$ 9,371.92
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