MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STICKNEY, SOUTH DAKOTA

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR JANUARY 1, 2020 TO DECEMBER 31, 2020 **AND** FOR THE YEAR JANUARY 1, 2021 TO DECEMBER 31, 2021

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. Box 247
105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2021

GOVERNING BOARD:

Jay Bruinsma – President Matt Feenstra – Vice-President Eric Assmus Jon Beckman Greg Schumacher

FINANCE OFFICER:

Amy Mulder

ATTORNEY:

Jim Taylor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Municipal Council Municipality of Stickney Stickney, South Dakota

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Stickney, South Dakota (Municipality), as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2023 which was adverse for the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund due to the nature of the records maintained.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Municipality's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws,

regulations, contracts and grant agreements noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2021-003.

Municipality's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Municipality's response to the findings identified in our audit. The Municipality's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The Municipality's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Schoenfal & Co, che

January 17, 2023

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
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P.O. Box 247

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control - Related Findings - Material Weaknesses:

Finding Number 2015-001:

A material weakness in internal accounting control and record keeping resulting in resulting in diminished assurance that transactions were properly executed and recorded and that assets were properly safeguarded. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2021-001 and 2021-002.

Compliance - Related Finding:

Finding Number 2015-002:

Expenditures were in excess of the amounts budgeted in several departments in the General Fund in 2014 and 2015. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2021-003.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control - Related Findings - Material Weaknesses:

Finding Number 2021-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues. This has been a continuing audit comment since 2009.

Criteria:

Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets.

Condition:

The office personnel process all revenue transactions from beginning to end. The office personnel also receive money, issue receipts, record receipts, post receipts in the accounting records, prepare bank deposits, reconcile bank statements, and prepare financial statements.

Effect:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

Recommendation:

 We recommend that the Municipality of Stickney officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical.

Management's Response:

The Municipality of Stickney Mayor, Jay Bruinsma, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the size of the Municipality of Stickney, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and provide compensating controls.

Finding Number 2021-002:

Material weaknesses existed in internal accounting control and record keeping thereby diminishing reasonable assurances that transactions were properly executed and recorded and that assets were properly safeguarded. This has been a continuing audit comment since 2009.

Criteria:

The Municipal Accounting Manual provides guidance for recording keeping, fund structure, and safeguarding of assets of a Municipality. The responsibility of stewardship and record keeping is of utmost importance to the taxpayers and for sound financial administration of the Municipality.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued)

Condition:

The following deficiencies existed in internal accounting control, procedures and recordkeeping:

- a. Bank reconciliations were not completed monthly nor were they compared to the computer balance sheet. The cash and cash equivalents could not be determined by fund.
- b. The Municipality's computer crashed in 2017. This resulted in inaccurate cash balances from the time of the crash until the present time. As a result, the computerized records were overstated by \$107,473 in 2020 and \$100,856 in 2021 but the annual reports submitted to the state were understated by \$22,798 for 2020 and \$36,107 for 2021. The finance officer was aware of these discrepancies. An unexplained variance in the amounts of \$34,235.51 and \$6,562.58 in 2020 and 2021, respectively, have been reported on the financial statements to adjust for these discrepancies.
- c. It was noted that a \$17,198.59 certificate of deposit was cashed in 2013 but was still listed on the books.
- d. The Daycare Fund reported a negative cash balance at December 31, 2021.

Effect:

As a result, inaccurate information is being recorded and presented to the users of the financial information.

Recommendation:

- 2. We recommend the Municipality reconcile bank balances to book balances by fund.
- 3. We recommend future annual financial statements be completely and accurately prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response:

The Municipality of Stickney Mayor, Jay Bruinsma, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for these comments. We will implement a plan to comply with the above recommendations and obtain sufficient expertise to do so.

Compliance - Related Finding:

Finding Number 2021-003:

Expenditures were in excess of the amounts budgeted in several departments in the General Fund in 2020 and 2021. This has been a continuing audit finding since 2015.

Criteria:

SDCL 9-21-9 states, "Neither the governing body nor any department or officer of the municipality shall add to the municipal expenditures in any fiscal year any sum in excess of the amount provided for in the annual appropriation ordinance except as otherwise specially provided. Nor shall the amount spent for any purpose or any department exceed the total amount appropriated for such purpose or for such department in the annual appropriation ordinance for such year, except as otherwise specially provided."

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued)

Condition:

The Municipality budgeted to spend more than available and overspent in some departments, which is not allowed as stated in SDCL 9-21-9.

Effect:

Budgets are not being properly adopted in accordance with budgetary guidelines and supplemental budgets were not adopted.

Recommendation:

4. We recommend that budgets be adopted in accordance with SDCL 9-21-9 and 9-21-7.

Management's Response:

The Municipality of Stickney Mayor, Jay Bruinsma, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The Municipality will be more careful to follow the budgetary guidelines prescribed by law.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with one board member and finance officer on January 27, 2023.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Municipality of Stickney Stickney, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Adverse Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Stickney, South Dakota, (Municipality) as of December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, and for each the years in the biennial periods then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Adverse Opinions on the Financial Statements

In our opinion, because of the effects, if any, of the items discussed in the basis for adverse opinions paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Stickney as of December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof for each of the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Municipality and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on the Financial Statements

Due to the nature of the records maintained, we were unable to verify the accuracy of amounts reported for cash by fund type. The cash accounts were not reconciled, and we were unable to determine the accuracy of many of the balances reported beyond the fact that material misstatements exist. Also, many of those amounts affect the proper reporting of revenue and expenditures/expenses.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

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Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Long-term Liabilities, the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Municipal Contributions are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of Long-term Liabilities, the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Municipal Contributions is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Municipal Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2023 on our consideration of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

January 17, 2023

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2021

Primary Government Governmental **Business-Type Activities Activities Total ASSETS:** Cash and Cash Equivalents 107,255.15 380,743.24 487,998.39 Investments 11,074.89 73,658.77 84,733.66 **TOTAL ASSETS** 572,732.05 118,330.04 454,402.01 **NET POSITION:** Unrestricted 118,330.04 454,402.01 572,732.05 **TOTAL NET POSITION** 118,330.04 454,402.01 572,732.05

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and

e and ition	ent			(46,997.82)	(76,917.59)	(57,900.02) (69,351.04) 6,562.58	(370,680.12)	0.00	1,121.91	11,658.92	4,457.09	(366,223.03)	201,800.94	606.98 5,635.97	353,279.65	(12,943.38)	585,675.43	20 707 05
ret (Expense) kevenue and Changes in Net Position	Primary Government	Business-Type					. —	4 2 4 3 5 5 5	1,121.91	11,658.92	4,457.09	4,457.09		274.65	274.65	4,731.74	449,670.27	46 400 04
		Governmental		(46,997.82)	1,183.00	(69,351.04) (69,251.04) (6,562.58	(370,680.12)					(370,680.12)	201,800.94 135,582.32 4,965.44	332.33	353,005.00	(17,675.12)	136,005.16	440 000 044
es	Capital	Gontributions					0.00				0.00	0.00	ngrame					
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and		31,252,12	1,183.00		66,265.43		27.194.00		27,194.00	93,459.43	aneral Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Shared Revenues Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs					
		Charges for Services	00000	35.76	301 98	00.100.0	8,226.61	80.999.56	93,507.00	45,417.52	280,419.08	288,645.69	es evenues eventions not Rest	Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Revenue	ennes	sition	jinning	SNICINE
		Expense	1 427 A00 9E	47,033.58	63 201 87	(6,562.58)	445,172.16	79.813.71	92,385.09	33,758.60	303,155.99	748,328.15	General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Shared Revenues Grants and Contribution	Unrestricted Investment Miscellaneous Revenue	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Pos	Net Position - Beginning	ONIGNE NOITISOG TEN
		Functions/Programs	Primary Government: Governmental Activities: George Government	Public Safety	Health and Welfare Culture and Recreation	Conservation and Development Miscellaneous Expense	Total Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities: Water	Sewer Daycare	Garbage	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government						

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2021

	General Fund
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	107,255.15 11,074.89
TOTAL ASSETS	118,330.04
FUND BALANCES: Assigned for Next Year's Budget Unassigned	75,000.00 43,330.04
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	118,330.04

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Revenues:	General Fund
Taxes: General Property Taxes General Sales and Use Taxes Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes Total Taxes	201,609.74 135,582.32 191.20 337,383.26
Licenses and Permits	1,850.00
Intergovernmental Revenue: Federal Grants State Grants State Shared Revenue: Bank Franchise Tax Prorate License Fees Liquor Tax Reversion Motor Vehicle Licenses Local Government Highway and Bridge Fund County Shared Revenue: County Road Tax County Wheel Tax Total Intergovernmental Revenue	37,252.12 1,183.00 2,543.52 2,586.06 2,421.92 8,253.81 12,970.88 1,073.07 2,946.49 71,230.87
Charges for Goods and Services: Culture and Recreation Total Charges for Goods and Services	5,301.85 5,301.85
Fines and Forfeits: Court Fines and Costs Total Fines and Forfeits	35.76 35.76
Miscellaneous Revenue: Investment Earnings Rentals Contributions and Donations from Private Sources Other Total Miscellaneous Revenue	332.33 1,039.00 4,688.00 5,635.97 11,695.30
Total Revenue	427,497.04

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General Fund
Expenditures:	runa
General Government:	
Legislative	4,223.98
Executive	720.16
Elections	3,363.75
Financial Administration	58,703.67
Other	100,388.79
Total General Government	167,400.35
Public Safety:	
Police	27,010.32
Fire	20,023.26
Total Public Safety	47,033.58
Public Works:	
Highways and Streets	102,927.10
Sanitation	1,820.80
Total Public Works	104,747.90
Culture and Recreation:	
Recreation	36,163.61
Parks	27,038.26
Total Culture and Recreation	63,201.87
Conservation and Development: Economic Development and Assistance	
(Industrial Development)	69,351.04
Total Conservation and Development	69,351.04
Miscellaneous Expense:	
Other - Unexplained Variance	(6,562.58)
Total Miscellaneous Expense	(6,562.58)
Total Expenditures	445,172.16
Net Change in Fund Balance	(17,675.12)
Fund Balance - Beginning	136,005.16_
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	118,330.04

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2021

Enterprise Funds Water Sewer Daycare Garbage **Fund Fund Fund Fund Totals ASSETS: Current Assets:** Cash and Cash Equivalents 70,126.92 197,430.88 113,185.44 380,743.24 Investments 26,438.54 47,220.23 73,658.77 **Due From Daycare Fund** 2,601.02 2,601.02 **Total Current Assets** 70,126.92 226,470.44 0.00 160,405.67 457,003.03 **TOTAL ASSETS** 70,126.92 226,470.44 0.00 160,405.67 457,003.03 LIABILITIES: **Current Liabilities:** Due to Sewer Fund 2,601.02 2,601.02 **Total Current Liabilities** 0.00 0.00 2,601.02 0.00 2,601.02 **TOTAL LIABILITIES** 0.00 0.00 2,601.02 0.00 2,601.02 **NET POSITION: Unrestricted Net Position** 70,126.92 226,470.44 (2,601.02)160,405.67 454,402.01 **TOTAL NET POSITION** 70,126.92 226,470.44 (2,601.02)160,405.67 454,402.01

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Enterpris	e Funds		
	Water	Sewer	Daycare	Garbage	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenue:					
Charges for Goods and Services	55,543.72	44,470.41	60,495.00	45,417.52	205,926.65
Revenue Dedicated to Servicing Debt	25,455.84	49,036.59			74,492.43
Total Operating Revenue	80,999.56	93,507.00	60,495.00	45,417.52	280,419.08
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services	9,375.17	12,955.14	71,588.23	10,764.96	104,683.50
Other Current Expense	14,215.29	31,849.95	25,610.36	22,993.64	94,669.24
Materials	33,339.25				33,339.25
Total Operating Expenses	56,929.71	44,805.09	97,198.59	33,758.60	232,691.99
Operating Income (Loss)	24,069.85	48,701.91	(36,703.59)	11,658.92	47,727.09
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):					
Investment Earnings		92.29		182.36	274.65
Contributions and Donations			10,284.00		10,284.00
Operating Grants			16,910.00		16,910.00
Debt Service	(22,884.00)	(47,580.00)			(70,464.00)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(22,884.00)	(47,487.71)	27,194.00	182.36	(42,995.35)
Change in Net Position	1,185.85	1,214.20	(9,509.59)	11,841.28	4,731.74
Net Position - Beginning	68,941.07	225,256.24	6,908.57	148,564.39	449,670.27
NET POSITION - ENDING	70,126.92	226,470.44	(2,601.02)	160,405.67	454,402.01

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2020

Primary Government Business-Type Governmental **Activities** Activities **Total ASSETS:** Cash and Cash Equivalents 124,968.93 376,286.15 501,255.08 Investments 11,036.23 73,384.12 84,420.35 **TOTAL ASSETS** 449,670.27 136,005.16 585,675.43 **NET POSITION:** Unrestricted 136,005.16 449,670.27 585,675.43 **TOTAL NET POSITION** 136,005.16 449,670.27 585,675.43

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS **MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Program Revenues

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Changes in Net Position**

			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	lent
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
runctions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	180,330.54	2,469.49	X		(177,861.05)		(177,861.05)
Public Safety	52,691.38	118.64			(52,572,74)		(52.572.74)
Public Works	149,482.95		33,107.23		(116,375.72)		(116,375.72)
Health and Welfare			1,038.00		1,038.00		1.038.00
Culture and Recreation	54,189.98	6,055.42			(48,134.56)		(48,134.56)
Conservation and Development	2,816.41		!		(2,816.41)		(2.816.41)
Miscellaneous Expense	(34,235.51)				34,235.51		34,235.51
Total Governmental Activities	405,275.75	8,643.55	34,145.23	0.00	(362,486.97)		(362.486.97)
Brisions Amiritios							
Woter	SE 224 4	74 007 50					
Sawer	60,402,61	74,067.39				8,753.48	8,753.48
	03,483.01	40,000.04	42 240 50			25,592.43	25,592.43
Daycare	24,084,93	18,185.00	13,318.50			6,908.57	6,908.57
Garbage	30,406.50	49,705.47				19,298.97	19,298.97
Total Business-Type Activities	189,829.15	237,064.10	13,318.50	0.00		60,553.45	60,553.45
Total Primary Government	595,104.90	245,707.65	47,463.73	0.00	(362,486.97)	60.553.45	(301.933.52)
							(
	General Revenues	69					
	Taxes:						
	Property Taxes	Ş			198,790.37	į	198,790.37
	Sales Taxes				146,567.78		146,567.78
	State Shared Revenues	sennes	6		4,727.36		4,727.36
	Grants and Cont	Inbutions not Kestr	Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	ograms	970.77		970.77
	Unrestricted Inve	Unrestricted Investment Earnings			1,103.55	3,133.74	4,237.29
	Miscellaneous Kevenue	evenue			9,208.36		9,208.36
	Total General Revenues	sennes			361,368.19	3,133.74	364,501.93
	Change in Net Doeition	citi			(4 440 70)	69 697 40	20 00
					(1,116./0)	61.780,50	02,508.41
	Net Position - Beginning	nning			137,123.94	385,983.08	523,107.02
	NET POSITION - ENDING	ENDING			136,005.16	449,670.27	585,675,43
	The potential	fragacial elatoration	The nation of the forested of the content of the second of the second of	described and a side be			
	וום ווחום מיח חוב	Tildifeiai otataiicii	Safe an integral part	of this statement.			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2020

	General Fund
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	124,968.93 11,036.23
TOTAL ASSETS	136,005.16
FUND BALANCES: Assigned for Next Year's Budget Unassigned	75,000.00 61,005.16
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	136,005.16

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund
Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General Property Taxes	198,050.08
General Sales and Use Taxes	146,567.78
Amusement Taxes	60.00
Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes	680.29
Total Taxes	345,358.15
Total Taxes	343,336.13
Licenses and Permits	2,000.00
Intergovernmental Revenue:	
Federal Grants	6,109.95
State Grants	1,852.66
State Shared Revenue:	
Bank Franchise Tax	2,761.59
Prorate License Fees	2,460.85
Liquor Tax Reversion	1,965.77
Motor Vehicle Licenses	7,444.94
Local Government Highway and Bridge Fund	12,448.63
County Shared Revenue:	
County Road Tax	1,073.07
County Wheel Tax	2,755.13
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	38,872.59
Charges for Goods and Services:	
Culture and Recreation	6,055.42
Total Charges for Goods and Services	6,055.42
Fines and Forfeits:	
Court Fines and Costs	118.64
Total Fines and Forfeits	118.64
	110101
Miscellaneous Revenue:	
Investment Earnings	1,103.55
Rentals	469.49
Contributions and Donations from Private Sources	970.77
Other	9,208.36
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	11,752.17
Total Revenue	404,156.97
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Fund
Expenditures:	
General Government:	
Legislative	3,977.05
Financial Administration	48,409.52
Other	127,943.97
Total General Government	180,330.54
Public Safety: Police	46,966.18
Fire	5,725.20
Total Public Safety	52,691.38
•	0=,001.00
Public Works:	440.040.00
Highways and Streets Sanitation	146,310.92
Total Public Works	3,172.03
Total Fubile VYOIRS	149,482.95
Culture and Recreation:	
Recreation	<u>31,191.70</u>
Parks	22,998.28
Total Culture and Recreation	54,189.98
Conservation and Development: Economic Development and Assistance	
(Industrial Development)	2,816.41
Total Conservation and Development	2,816.41
Miscellaneous Expense: Other - Unexplained Variance	(34 335 54)
Total Miscellaneous Expense	(34,235.51)
Total Milodianodd Exponso	(54,255.51)
Total Expenditures	405,275.75
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,118.78)
Fund Balance - Beginning	137,123.94
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	136,005.16

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2020

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Daycare	Garbage	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	68,941.07	198,909.99	6,908.57	101,526.52	376,286.15
Investments		26,346.25		47,037.87	73,384.12
TOTAL ASSETS	68,941.07	225,256.24	6,908.57	148,564.39	449,670.27
NET POSITION:					
Unrestricted Net Position	68,941.07	225,256.24	6,908.57	148,564.39	449,670.27
TOTAL NET POSITION	68,941.07	225,256.24	6,908.57	148,564.39	449,670.27

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Daycare	Garbage	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenue:					
Charges for Goods and Services	48,209.00	45,126.87	18,185.00	49,705.47	161,226.34
Revenue Dedicated to Servicing Debt	25,878.59	49,959.17			75,837.76
Total Operating Revenue	74,087.59	95,086.04	18,185.00	49,705.47	237,064.10
Operating Expenses:					
Personal Services	7,456.77	15,912.31	14,846.68	15.704.23	53,919.99
Other Current Expense	4,753.34	6,001.30	9,748.25	14,702.27	35,205.16
Materials	30,240.00				30,240.00
Total Operating Expenses	42,450.11	21,913.61	24,594.93	30,406.50	119,365.15
Operating Income (Loss)	31,637.48	73,172.43	(6,409.93)	19,298.97	117,698.95
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):					
Investment Earnings		1,221.06		1,912.68	3,133.74
Contributions and Donations			13,318.50	.,	13,318.50
Debt Service	(22,884.00)	(47,580.00)			(70,464.00)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	(22,884.00)	(46,358.94)	13,318.50	1,912.68	(54,011.76)
Change in Net Position	8,753.48	26,813.49	6,908.57	21,211.65	63,687.19
Net Position - Beginning	60,187.59	198,442.75	0.00	127,352.74	385,983.08
NET POSITION - ENDING	68,941.07	225,256.24	6,908.57	148,564.39	449,670.27

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of the Municipality of Stickney (Municipality) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Municipality and for each function of the Municipality's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Municipality or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the Municipality financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – the General Fund is the general operating fund of the Municipality. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met. Governments should apply each of these criteria in the context of the activity's principal revenue sources.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Water Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal waterworks system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-47-1) This is a major fund.

Sewer Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal sanitary sewer system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-48-2) This is a major fund.

Garbage Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the collection and disposal of solid waste from the municipality. (SDCL 9-32-11 and 34A-6). This is a major fund.

Daycare Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the operation of a municipal daycare facility. This is a major fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The Municipality's basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash in received or disbursed.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used, applied with the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. Acceptable modifications to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the Municipality in these financial statements are:

a. Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

Acceptable modifications to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the Municipality in these financial statements are:

a. Recording assets and liabilities related to interfund receivables and payables resulting from cash transactions between funds.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Municipality applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances, if any.

e. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

f. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, and business-type are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The Municipality has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating/amortizing those assets where appropriate so any capital assets owned by the Municipality and the related depreciation/amortization are not reported on the financial statements of the Municipality.

g. Long-Term Liabilities:

The long-term liabilities of the Municipality include Rural Development Loans. As discussed in Note 1.c. above the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, and business-type are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The Municipality has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt or long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions, so any outstanding long-term debt or long-term liabilities are not reported on the financial statements of the Municipality. The Municipality does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities, the principal portion of these Debt Service payments are reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion is reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

The Municipality has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Debt.

h. Revenue Received in Advance:

Under the modified cash basis of accounting, cash may have been received in advance of the Municipality's providing a good or service to a customer. These amounts are reported in the financial statements, in the year the cash is received.

i. <u>Program Revenues:</u>

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the Municipality's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.
- j. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified as operating or non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses directly relate to the purpose of the fund.

k. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in two components.

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Reserved" and "Unreserved" components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity (except for Agency Funds, which have no fund equity) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

I. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Municipality classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

 Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are
 externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are
 internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making
 authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Finance Officer.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Municipality uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Municipality would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Municipality does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

m. Application of Net Position:

It is the Municipality's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

2. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

The Municipality is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the department level. The following represents the significant overdrafts of the expenditures compared to appropriations:

	12/31/2020	12/31/2021
General Fund:		
Activity:		
Elections		\$ 2,788.75
Police	\$ 20,664.18	
Highways and Streets	10,843.92	
Economic Development		61,351.04

The Municipality plans to take the following actions to address these violations:
Use supplemental ordinances when legally allowed.

3. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2021, the following funds had deficit fund balances/net position in the amounts shown:

Daycare Fund \$2,601.02

The Municipality will transfer from another fund if the deficit is not eliminated through operating activities.

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK</u>

The Municipality follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The Municipality's cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 9-22-6, 9-22-6.1 and 9-22-6.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits.

Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Deposits are reported at cost plus interest, if the account is of the add-on type.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits Municipality funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly including, without limitation, United States treasury bills, notes, and other obligations issued or directly or indirectly guaranteed by the United States government, or otherwise directly or indirectly backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government, provided that, for other than permanent, trust, retirement, building, and depreciation reserve funds, such securities shall either mature within eighteen months from the date of purchase or be redeemable at the option of the holder within eighteen months from the date of purchase; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above and meeting the requirements of Section 4-5-9, if the repurchase agreements are entered into only with those primary reporting dealers that report to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and with the one hundred largest United States commercial banks, as measured by domestic deposits; or (c) in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, whose shares are registered under the Federal Securities Act of 1933 and whose only investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b).

As of December 31, 2021, the Municipality did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the Municipality, as discussed above. The Municipality has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Municipality places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The Municipality does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The Municipality's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The Municipality is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable property in the Municipality.

6. <u>SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS</u>

The Municipality of Stickney entered into a 40-year operating lease with Aurora-Brule Rural System, Inc. to provide water to the Municipality. A monthly service charge in the amount of \$771 is paid by the Municipality to Aurora-Brule Rural Systems, Inc. along with a charge of \$2.75 per 1,000 gallons of water consumed. The monthly service charge represents a contribution by the Municipality to aid Aurora-Brule Rural Systems, Inc. in the construction of the facilities necessary to provide the Municipality with water. The Municipality will not acquire ownership of any of these water facilities through these payments. Payments are made from the Municipality's Water Fund.

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

As of December 31, 2021, the Municipality had the following interfund receivables/payables

Receivable Payable

Daycare Fund:

Due to Sewer Fund \$ 2,601.02

Sewer Fund:

Due from Daycare Fund \$ 2,601.02

8. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55

for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the longterm inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. The Municipality's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, were \$7,747.21, \$8,677.47, and \$7,523.62, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.53% funded and accordingly has net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the Municipality as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2021 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Proportionate share of pension liability 805,497.44

Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for

pension benefits 849,984.44

Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) (44.487.00)

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Municipality's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the Municipality's proportion was 0.0058900%, which is an increase (decrease) of (0.0010852)% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2020, SDRS is 100.04% funded and accordingly has net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the Municipality as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2020 and reported by the Municipality as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability 847,503.68

Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for

pension benefits 847,803.09

Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) \$ (299.41)

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Municipality's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2020, the Municipality's proportion was 0.00689420%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.00021384% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service Discount Rate

6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate

of 2.25% and real returns of 4.25%.

Future COLAs 2.25%

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary Increases 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service

Discount Rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense

Future COLAs 1.41%

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for female and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 and 2020 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100%	

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity Fixed Income Real Estate Cash	58.0% 30.0% 10.0% 	5.1% 1.5% 6.2% 1.0%
Total	100%	_

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to change in the discount rate:

At December 31, 2021, the following presents the Municipality's proportionate share as of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>
Municipality's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$79,339.52	\$(44,487.00)	\$(153,177.70)

At December 31, 2020, the following presents the Municipality's proportionate share as of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Increase
Municipality's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$78,470 .71	\$(299.41)	\$(64,555.24)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

9. JOINT VENTURE

The Municipality participates in a joint venture, known as Tri-County Landfill, formed for the purpose of providing garbage dump area services to its member entities.

The members of the joint venture are as follows:

Alpena City	New Witten City
Aurora County	Oacoma City
Brule County	Plankinton City
Buffalo County	Presho City
Chamberlain City	Reliance City
Colome City	Stickney City
Draper City	Tripp County
Jerauld County	Vivian City

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Jones County
Kennebec City
Kimball City
Lane City
Lyman County
Mellette County
Murdo City

Wessington Springs City White Lake City White River City Winner City Wood City

The joint venture's governing board is composed of 12 representatives. The board is responsible for adopting the budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The Municipality retains no equity in the net position of the joint venture but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture. This funding would be shared equally by all members.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Tri-County Landfill.

10. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES - LITIGATION

At December 31, 2021, the Municipality was not involved in any significant litigation.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Municipality is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2021, the Municipality managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The Municipality purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The Municipality purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The Municipality joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Municipality's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The Municipality pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Municipality does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The Municipality provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

12. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Management has evaluated whether any subsequent events have occurred through January 17, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	207,280.00	207,280.00	201,609.74	(5,670.26)
General Sales and Use Taxes	130,000.00	130,000.00	135,582.32	5,582.32
Amusement Taxes	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	(2,000.00)
Penalties and Interest				
on Delinquent Taxes	100.00	100.00	191.20	91.20
Total Taxes	339,380.00	339,380.00	337,383.26	(1,996.74)
Licenses and Permits	2,700.00	2,700.00	1,850.00	(850.00)
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	37,252.12	37,252.12
State Grants	0.00	0.00	1,183.00	1,183.00
State Shared Revenue:				,
Bank Franchise Tax	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,543.52	543.52
Motor Vehicle Commercial Prorate	0.00	0.00	2,586.06	2,586.06
Liquor Tax Reversion	0.00	0.00	2,421.92	2,421.92
Motor Vehicle Licenses	10,000.00	10,000.00	8,253.81	(1,746.19)
Local Government Highway				
and Bridge Fund	12,000.00	12,000.00	12,970.88	970.88
County Shared Revenue:				
County Road Tax	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,073.07	73.07
County Wheel Tax	2,900.00	2,900.00	2,946.49	46.49
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	27,900.00	27,900.00	71,230.87	43,330.87
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Culture and Recreation	3,000.00	3,000.00	5,301.85	2,301.85
Total Charges for Goods and Services	3,000.00	3,000.00	5,301.85	2,301.85
Fines and Forfeits:				
Court Fines and Costs	0.00	0.00	35.76	35.76
Total Fines and Forfeits	0.00	0.00	35.76	35.76
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	2 000 00	2 000 00	222.22	(4 007 07)
Rentals	2,000.00	2,000.00	332.33	(1,667.67)
Contributions and Donations	2,000.00	2,500.00	1,039.00	(1,461.00)
from Private Sources	3,150.00	3 450 00	/ 600 NN	1 520 00
Other	6,500.00	3,150.00 6,500.00	4,688.00	1,538.00
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	14,150.00	14,150.00	5,635.97 11,695.30	(864.03)
TOTAL PRIDOGRAFIO CONTROL	14,130.00	14, 150.00	11,085.30	(2,404.70)
Total Revenue	387,130.00	387,130.00	427,497.04	40,367.04

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,223.98	776.02
Executive	2,500.00	2,500.00	720.16	1,779.84
Elections	575.00	575.00	3,363.75	(2,788.75)
Financial Administration	57,060.00	63,060.00	58,703.67	4,356.33
Other	176,864.00	176,864.00	100,388.79	76,475.21
Total General Government	241,999.00	247,999.00	167,400.35	80,598.65
Public Safety:				
Police	27,011.00	27,011.00	27,010.32	0.68
Fire	21,000.00	23,000.00	20,023.26	2,976.74
Total Public Safety	48,011.00	50,011.00	47,033.58	2,977.42
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	102,250.00	110,250.00	102,927.10	7,322.90
Sanitation	3,250.00	3,250.00	1,820.80	1,429.20
Total Public Works	105,500.00	113,500.00	104,747.90	8,752.10
Culture and Recreation:	,			
Recreation	37,550.00	40,050.00	36,163.61	3,886.39
Parks	21,070.00	32,070.00	27,038.26	5,031.74
Total Culture and Recreation	58,620.00	72,120.00	63,201.87	8,918.13
Conservation and Development: Economic Development and Assistance (Industrial Development)	8,000.00	8,000.00	69,351.04	(61,351.04)
Total Conservation and Development	8,000.00	8,000.00	69,351.04	(61,351.04)
Miscellaneous Expense:				
Other - Unexplained Variance Total Miscellaneous Expense	0.00	0.00	(6,562.58)	6,562.58
Total Miscellaneous Expense	0.00	0.00	(6,562.58)	6,562.58
Total Expenditures	462,130.00	491,630.00	445,172.16	46,457.84
Net Change in Fund Balances	(75,000.00)	(104,500.00)	(17,675.12)	86,824.88
Fund Balance - Beginning	136,005.16	136,005.16	136,005.16	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	61,005.16	31,505.16	118,330.04	86,824.88

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	198,217.00	198,217.00	198,050.08	(166.92)
General Sales and Use Taxes	110,000.00	110,000.00	146,567.78	36,567.78
Amusement Taxes	2,000.00	2,000.00	60.00	(1,940.00)
Penalties and Interest				
on Delinquent Taxes	100.00	100.00	680.29	580.29
Total Taxes	310,317.00	310,317.00	345,358.15	35,041.15
Licenses and Permits	2,700.00	2,700.00	2,000.00	(700.00)
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	6,109.95	6,109.95
State Grants	0.00	0.00	1,852.66	1,852.66
State Shared Revenue:				-
Bank Franchise Tax	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,761.59	761.59
Motor Vehicle Commercial Prorate	0.00	0.00	2,460.85	2,460.85
Liquor Tax Reversion	0.00	0.00	1,965.77	1,965.77
Motor Vehicle Licenses	10,000.00	10,000.00	7,444.94	(2,555.06)
Local Government Highway				
and Bridge Fund	12,000.00	12,000.00	12,448.63	448.63
County Shared Revenue:				
County Road Tax	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,073.07	73.07
County Wheel Tax	2,100.00	2,100.00	2,755.13	655.13
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	27,100.00	27,100.00	38,872.59	11,772.59
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Culture and Recreation	3,000.00	3,000.00	6,055.42	3,055.42
Total Charges for Goods and Services	3,000.00	3,000.00	6,055.42	3,055.42
Fines and Forfeits:				
Court Fines and Costs	0.00	0.00	118.64	118.64
Total Fines and Forfeits	0.00	0.00	118.64	118.64
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	2,000.00	2,000.00	1,103.55	_ (896.45)
Rentals	2,500.00	2,500.00	469.49	(2,030.51)
Contributions and Donations			-	
from Private Sources	650.00	650.00	970.77	320.77
Other	6,500.00	6,500.00	9,208.36	2,708.36
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	11,650.00	11,650.00	11,752.17	102.17
Total Revenue	354,767.00	354,767.00	404,156.97	49,389.97

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND

				Variance with
	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Legislative	5,000.00	5,000.00	3,977.05	1,022.95
Elections	575.00	575.00	0.00	575.00
Financial Administration	51,260.00	51,260.00	48,409.52	2,850.48
Other	146,543.00	169,343.00	127,943.97	41,399.03
Total General Government	203,378.00	226,178.00	180,330.54	45,847.46
Public Safety:				
Police	26,302.00	26,302.00	46,966.18	(20,664.18)
Fire	18,750.00	18,750.00	5,725.20	13,024.80
Total Public Safety	45,052.00	45,052.00	52,691.38	(7,639.38)
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	135,467.00	135,467.00	146,310.92	(10,843.92)
Sanitation	3,250.00	3,250.00	3,172.03	77.97
Total Public Works	138,717.00	138,717.00	149,482.95	(10,765.95)
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation	37,550.00	37,550.00	31,191.70	6,358.30
Parks	22,070.00	26,070.00	22,998.28	3,071.72
Total Culture and Recreation	59,620.00	63,620.00	54,189.98	9,430.02
O				
Conservation and Development:				
Economic Development and Assistance (Industrial Development)	0.000.00	0.000.00	0.040.44	5 400 50
Total Conservation and Development	8,000.00	8,000.00	2,816.41 2,816.41	5,183.59
Total Conservation and Development	0,000.00		2,810.41	5,183.59
Miscellaneous Expense:				
Other - Unexplained Variance	0.00	0.00	(34,235.51)	34,235.51
Total Miscellaneous Expense	0.00	0.00	(34,235.51)	34,235.51
Total Expenditures	454,767.00	481,567.00	405,275.75	76,291.25
Total Expolicitures	+54,707.00	401,307.00	400,270.75	10,291.23
Net Change in Fund Balances	(100,000.00)	(126,800.00)	(1,118.78)	125,681.22
Fund Balance - Beginning	137,123.94	137,123.94	137,123.94	0.00
2033	101,120.01	101,120.07	107,120.54	. 0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	37,123.94	10,323.94	136,005.16	125,681.22

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund

NOTE 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Municipality followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. At the first regular board meeting in September of each year or within ten days thereafter, the Governing Board introduces the annual appropriation ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year.
- After adoption by the Governing Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual
 expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in
 number 4.
- 3. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total municipal budget and may be transferred by resolution of the Governing Board to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 4. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
- Unexpected appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Governing Board.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund.

The Municipality did not encumber any amounts at December 31, 2020 and 2021.

- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The Municipality's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenue and expenditures are recognized on a modified cash basis. Utilizing the modified cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements and on the full accrual basis on the government-wide statements.

MUNICIPALITY OF STICKNEY

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

Last Seven Years *

Mimicionally of contraction of the contraction	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
liability/asset	0.0058090%	0.0068942%	0.0047558%	0.0041224%	0.0042860%	0.0049862%	0.0045069%
Municipality's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (44,487.00)	\$ (299.41)	\$ (503.98)	\$ (96.14)	\$ (388.96)	\$ 16,842.89	\$ (19,115.05)
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	\$ 132,503.63	\$ 150,772.15	\$ 100,706.42	\$86,383.53	\$87,646.65	\$85,645.47	\$ 84,019.31
Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	33.57%	0.20%	0.50%	0.11%	0.44%	19.7%	22.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	%68.96	104.10%

The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 06/30 of previous fiscal year. Until a 10-year trend is compiled, the Municipality will present information for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last Seven Years *

		2021		2020		2019	2018	18	2017	21	2016	2015	2
Contractually required contribution	₩	7,747.21	()	8,677.47	↔	7,523.62	\$ 5,5	5,562.53	\$ 5,145.16	45.16	\$ 5,348.73	\$ 5,116.82	6.82
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	€9	7,747.21	₩	8,677.47	↔	7,523.62	\$ 5,562.53	62.53	\$ 5,145.16	45.16	\$ 5,348.73	\$ 5,116.82	6.82
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(s)	9.	↔	€€	↔	177	↔	a!	₩	ų.	ο (° ()	₩.	ŝ
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	& 1	\$ 129,115.58	\$ 14	\$ 144,624.12	\$ 1	\$ 125,386.45	\$ 92,707.27	07.27	\$85,752.61	52.61	\$89,144.81	\$85,278.91	8.91
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		%00'9		6.00%		%00'9		%00.9		6.01%	6.04%		6.02%

^{*} Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Municipality will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF STICKNEY Notes to Supplementary Information

for the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and two plan provision changes are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020 and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the two years ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Primary Government:	Balance 01/01/20	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/21	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Bonds Payable: Revenue - USDA Rural Development Sewer Revenue Bond, Series 2014	1,097,137.43		41,285.06	1,055,852.37	21,428.10
Revenue - USDA Rural Development Water Revenue Bond, Series 2014 Total Business-Type Activities	425,473.23 1,522,610.66	0.00	18,688.62 59,973.68	406,784.61 1,462,636.98	9,808.75 31,236.85
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	1,522,610.66	0.00	59,973.68	1,462,636.98	31,236.85

Debt payable at December 31, 2021 is comprised of the following:

Revenue Bonds:

Sewer Project Revenue Bonds – Series 2014 \$ 1,055,852.37

Maturity May 4, 2054 Interest Rate 2.5%

Payable from Sewer Fund

Water Project Revenue Bonds – Series 2014, \$ 406,784.61

Maturity July 4, 2048 Interest Rate 3.25% Payable from Water Fund

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Debt December 31, 2021

Year						
Ending	Sewer Project Revenue		Water Project Revenue			
Dec. 31,	Bonds, Series 2014		Bonds, Series 2014		Totals	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	21,428.10	26,151.90	9,808.75	13,075.25	31,236.85	39,227,15
2023	21,970.00	25,610.00	10,132.33	12,751.67	32,102.33	38,361.67
2024	22,525.59	25,054.41	10,466.59	12,417.41	32,992.18	37,471.82
2025	23,095.21	24,484.79	10,811.86	12,072.14	33,907.07	36,556.93
2026	23,679.27	23,900.73	11,168.52	11,715.48	34,847.79	35,616,21
2027-2031	127,687.17	110,212.83	61,618.28	52,801.72	189,305.45	163,014.55
2032-2036	144,669.72	93,230.28	72,474.85	41,945.15	217,144.57	135,175.43
2037-2041	163,910.94	73,989.07	85,244.16	29,175.84	249,155.10	103,164.91
2042-2046	185,711.30	52,188.70	100,263.30	14,156.70	285,974.60	66,345.40
2047-2051	210,411.11	27,488.89	34,795.97	937.98	245,207.08	28,426.87
2052-2054	110,763.96	3,473.44			110,763.96	3,473.44
Totals	1,055,852.37	485,785.04	406,784.61	201,049.34	1,462,636.98	686,834.38

The above long-term debt information is presented for informational purposes only. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis, so no liabilities are shown.