

**HOT SPRINGS SCHOOL
DISTRICT NO. 23-2**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT,
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2015



RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA
GILLETTE, WYOMING

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial
Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the School Board
Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Fall River County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-001 and 2015-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-003.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's Response to Findings

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota

February 16, 2016



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for
Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the School Board
Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Fall River County, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Program

We have audited Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on each of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-003 and 2015-004 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-005 to be a significant deficiency.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota

February 16, 2016

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2015

SUMMARY OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- a. The Independent Auditor's Report expressed unmodified opinions on the financial statements of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2.
- b. Material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*.
- c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements of the District is disclosed within this schedule.
- d. Unmodified opinions were issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major federal programs.
- e. Material weaknesses and a significant deficiency in internal control related to the major federal programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133.
- f. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this schedule.
- g. The federal award tested as major programs were:
 - Impact Aid, CFDA #84.041
 - Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies CFDA #84.010
 - Special Education Cluster:
 - Special Education-Grants to States CFDA #84.027
 - Special Education-Preschool Grants CFDA #84.173
- h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$300,000.
- i. Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 did not qualify as a low risk auditee.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2015-001 *Condition:* The small size of the District limits the ability of the business office to prepare financial statements being audited as required under a properly designed system of internal controls. This finding was reported in 2014.

Criteria: The District should have an internal control system designed to provide for drafting the financial statements being audited. In addition, OMB Circular A-133 requires the auditee to prepare appropriate financial statements in accordance with Section .310.

Cause: This condition exists due to the small staff size within the finance function of the District. These issues are common in a district of this size.

Effect: The District engages their auditor to draft the financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The possibility of fraud or errors occurring and not being detected or corrected is present.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2015

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements and related notes, because of cost or other considerations.

Management's Response: We concur with the recommendation and have implemented various suggestions to improve internal controls whenever cost effective. The District does accept the risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements.

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2015-002 *Condition:* There is a lack of segregation of duties and monitoring related to various accounting functions including journal entries and reconciliations. Material adjustments resulting from the audit were necessary in the areas of cash, inventory, fixed assets, deferred inflows of resources and long term debt. We also noted a lack of documentation for cash collections at gate receipts and discrepancies between a Board resolution for meal rates and the agreement with the private school.

Criteria: Duties should be properly segregated between staff to ensure custody of assets and accounting for assets are not performed by the same person. In addition, due to the numerous errors identified in the accounting records, qualified personnel should review all reconciliations and journal entries.

Cause: This condition exists due to small staff size within the finance function of the District. These issues are common in a district of this size.

Effect: The Business Manager performs closing entries and reconciliations without oversight. The possibility of fraud or errors occurring and not being detected or corrected is present. The District also may not be appropriately charging meals to the private school.

Auditor's Recommendation: Management should assign responsibilities to staff to ensure accounting and custody of assets are segregated. In addition, management should improve the process for oversight of reconciliations and journal entries to ensure those items are reviewed and approved by qualified personnel. It is our understanding that procedures for reconciling gate receipts have been implemented. It is important to make sure established procedures are being followed by staff. We recommend Board resolutions regarding rates or contracts be addressed immediately by management to ensure consistency with Board intent.

Management's Response: Personnel preparing the year end accrual entries have been adequately trained and will seek outside accounting guidance if needed in reporting the year end accrual entries.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2015

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ALL MAJOR PROGRAMS

Material Weakness and Noncompliance
Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-003 See Finding 2015-001 for a description of the condition, criteria, cause, effect, auditor's recommendation and management's response. This finding is considered to be a material weakness in internal control over compliance and noncompliance.

Material Weakness
Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-004 See Finding 2015-002 for a description of the condition, criteria, cause, effect, auditor's recommendation and management's response. This finding is considered to be a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Significant Deficiency
Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-005 *Condition:* Instances of incorrect grant draws occurred during the period under audit. These errors did not result in questioned costs. We also noted that maintenance of effort is not regularly monitored.

Criteria: Monitoring of expenditures and comparing to budgets and grant award documents are necessary for proper reporting. A thorough understanding of grant compliance criteria is necessary for proper grant reporting and preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Cause: This condition exists due to the lack of oversight of the grant reporting process and infrequent monitoring of compliance requirements.

Effect: The Business Manager performs reconciliations of grant funding without oversight. Indirect expenses were noted to be improperly calculated, though no questioned costs resulted. During the fiscal year the District was required to repay funding to the State which had been overdrawn in error. The possibility of fraud or errors occurring and not being detected or corrected is present. The lack of monitoring could put grant funding at risk.

Auditor's Recommendation: Staff should receive training related to grant management compliance requirements and oversight. The District should implement procedures to ensure grant draws are properly calculated. The District's management should be regularly monitoring compliance with all grant requirements, including maintenance of effort.

Management's Response: Personnel monitoring grant management have been adequately trained and will seek outside accounting guidance if needed. Other Administration personnel will sign off on all grant draw downs and review processes throughout the year.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Prior Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2014

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

US DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Material Weakness

Internal Controls Related to Drafting Financial Statements and Related Notes

2014-004 *Criteria:* The District should have an internal control system designed to provide for drafting the financial statements being audited.

Condition: The small size of the District limits the ability of the business office to prepare financial statements being audited which would be required under a properly designed system of internal controls. This finding was reported in 2013.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements and related notes, because of cost or other considerations.

Current Status: This finding is reported as 2015-001 in the current year.

Material Weakness

Internal Controls Related to Drafting the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

2014-005 *Criteria:* The District should have an internal control system designed to provide for monitoring the preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards being audited.

Condition: The small size of the District limits the ability of the business office to monitor the preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards being audited which would be required under a properly designed system of internal controls.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's business manager preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards without proper oversight, because of cost or other considerations. If the District chooses not to accept this risk, training should be provided to those employees responsible for drafting and reviewing the preparation of this schedule.

Current Status: This finding is partially reported as 2015-005 in the current year.

Material Weakness

Internal Controls Related to Performing Account Reconciliations and Drafting Year End Accrual Entries

2014-006 *Criteria:* Monitoring of account balances throughout the year and comparison to applicable statements is necessary to properly state account balances for financial reporting. Duties should be properly segregated between staff to enable the business manager to perform a review of ending balances. Closing entries and reconciliations should be performed by the District's staff and reviewed internally on a regular basis.

Condition: We assisted the business manager with numerous year end accrual entries. Many of these were received late, while in fieldwork. Additionally, we had to make material adjustments to several accounts to their correct balances. In the process, we noted that control over the cash receipts cycle in the food service fund lies with one individual, which does not allow for proper monitoring of student balances.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Prior Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2014

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the business manager performing entries and reconciliations without proper oversight, because of cost or other considerations. If the District chooses not to accept this risk, training should be provided to those employees responsible for preparing closing entries and balance reconciliations. Duties should be further segregated within the cash receipts cycle of the food service fund to enable the business manager to review account balances.

Current Status: This finding is reported as 2015-002 in the current year.

2013-001 *Condition and Criteria:* Lack of controls related to the oversight and review of numerous accounting functions including the following cycles/processes: reconciliation of cash, prepaid expenses, long-term debt, accounts payable, property and equipment, receivables and deferred revenue; oversight and review of general journal entries, and preparation of financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. An effective system of internal controls would include controls over the previously mentioned cycles/processes to ensure accurate financial and grant reporting. (This finding is also applicable to the reporting requirements related to all major federal award programs.)

Auditor's Recommendation: The District should evaluate all accounting cycles and implement controls accordingly. Key duties and responsibilities should be divided or segregated among different people to reduce the risk of error, waste, or fraud and to relieve the Business Manager of some responsibilities. This would allow the Business Manager to provide oversight of the reconciliation process and strengthen the internal control process. In addition, access to resources and records should be limited and accountability for their custody should be assigned. Internal controls and all transactions and other significant events should be clearly documented. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements, because of cost or other considerations. If the District chooses not to accept this risk, training should be provided to those employees responsible for drafting the financial statements.

Current Status: This finding is reported as 2015-001/2015-002 in the current year.

Indian Education-Grants to Local Education Agencies CFDA# 84.060 and Rural Education CFDA# 84.358.

2013-002 *Condition and Criteria:* During our testing of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, errors were noted and corrected by the auditors in regards to the Indian Education-Grants to Local Education Agencies CFDA# 84.060 and Rural Education CFDA# 84.358. Funds related to the Indian Education program were incorrectly classified in the general ledger, and therefore, were not reported as part of the Indian Education program on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Additionally, the Rural Education program was not identified on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards until identified by the auditors.

Auditor's Recommendation: Personnel assigned to the preparation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards should have adequate training in identifying amounts that should be reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. It may also be advantageous to have the program directors of the federal awards review the schedule of expenditures of federal awards to ensure that all programs are included and that amounts reported appear correct.

Current Status: This finding was resolved.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Prior Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2015

- 2012-1 This finding was identical to that of Finding 2015-001 reported in the current year.
- 2011-1 This finding was identical to that of Finding 2015-001 reported in the current year.
- 2010-1 This finding was identical to that of Finding 2015-001 reported in the current year.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 Corrective Action Plan (Unaudited) June 30, 2015

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD
909 St. Joseph St., Ste 101
Rapid City, SD 57701

The findings from the 2015 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2015-001 *Condition:* The small size of the District limits the ability of the business office to prepare financial statements being audited as required under a properly designed system of internal controls. This finding was reported in 2014.

Criteria: The District should have an internal control system designed to provide for drafting the financial statements being audited. In addition, OMB Circular A-133 requires the auditee to prepare appropriate financial statements in accordance with Section .310.

Auditor's Recommendation: It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements and related notes, because of cost or other considerations.

Management's Response: We concur with the recommendation and have implemented various suggestions to improve internal controls whenever cost effective. The District does accept the risk associated with the District's auditors drafting the financial statements.

Material Weakness

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

2015-002 *Condition:* There is a lack of segregation of duties and monitoring related to various accounting functions including journal entries and reconciliations. Material adjustments resulting from the audit were necessary in the areas of cash, inventory, fixed assets, deferred inflows of resources and long term debt. We also noted a lack of documentation for cash collections at gate receipts and discrepancies between a Board resolution for meal rates and the agreement with the private school.

Criteria: Duties should be properly segregated between staff to ensure custody of assets and accounting for assets are not performed by the same person. In addition, due to the numerous errors identified in the accounting records, qualified personnel should review all reconciliations and journal entries.

Auditor's Recommendation: Management should assign responsibilities to staff to ensure accounting and custody of assets are segregated. In addition, management should improve the process for oversight of reconciliations and journal entries to ensure those items are reviewed and approved by qualified personnel. It is our understanding that procedures for reconciling gate receipts have been implemented. It is important to make sure established procedures are being followed by staff. We recommend Board resolutions regarding rates or contracts be addressed immediately by management to ensure consistency with Board intent.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Corrective Action Plan (Unaudited)
June 30, 2015

Management's Response: Personnel preparing the year end accrual entries have been adequately trained and will seek outside accounting guidance if needed in reporting the year end accrual entries.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

ALL MAJOR PROGRAMS

Material Weakness and Noncompliance
Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-003 See Finding 2015-001 for a description of the condition, criteria, cause, effect, auditor's recommendation and management's response. This finding is considered to be a material weakness in internal control over compliance and noncompliance.

Material Weakness
Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-004 See Finding 2015-002 for a description of the condition, criteria, cause, effect, auditor's recommendation and management's response. This finding is considered to be a material weakness in internal control over compliance.

Significant Deficiency
Internal Control Over Compliance

2015-005 *Condition:* Instances of incorrect grant draws occurred during the period under audit. These errors did not result in questioned costs. We also noted that maintenance of effort is not regularly monitored.

Criteria: Monitoring of expenditures and comparing to budgets and grant award documents are necessary for proper reporting. A thorough understanding of grant compliance criteria is necessary for proper grant reporting and preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Auditor's Recommendation: Staff should receive training related to grant management compliance requirements and oversight. The District should implement procedures to ensure grant draws are properly calculated. The District's management should be regularly monitoring compliance with all grant requirements, including maintenance of effort.

Management's Response: Personnel monitoring grant management have been adequately trained and will seek outside accounting guidance if needed. Other Administration personnel will sign off on all grant draw downs and review processes throughout the year.

If there are questions regarding this plan, please call Lori Libra, Business Manager at 605-745-4145.

Sincerely yours,

Lori Libra, Business Manager
Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Fall River County, South Dakota



Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board
Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Fall River County, South Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As described in Note 9 to the financial statements, the District adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the District has retroactively restated the previously reported net position in accordance with these statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of net pension asset and pension contributions on pages 19 - 27, 70 - 75, 76 and 77, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's basic financial statements. The list of district officials, corrective action plan, and statement of net position - proprietary funds - excluding pension activity, and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance - proprietary funds - excluding pension activity are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, statement of net position - proprietary funds excluding pension activity, and statement of revenues, expenditures and fund net position - proprietary funds excluding pension activity are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, statement of net position - proprietary funds excluding pension activity, and statement of revenues, expenditures and fund net position - proprietary funds excluding pension activity are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The corrective action plan and list of District officials have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2016 on our consideration of the Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Casey Peterson & Associates, LTD

Rapid City, South Dakota
February 16, 2016

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

This section of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District's net position increased by \$1,174,775. Key financial highlights are as follows:

- During the year, the District's revenues generated from taxes and other revenues, including gains on capital assets, of the governmental and business-type programs were \$384,511 more than the \$7,581,135 of governmental and business-type expenses.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (government-wide and fund statements) and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like businesses. The only proprietary fund operated by the District is the Food Service Operation.
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships - like scholarship plans for graduating students - in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the activities reported and the types of information they contain. The remainder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1

Major Features of Hot Springs School District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements				
	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Statements		
		Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support	Activities of the District operates similar to private businesses, the food services operation.	Assets held by District on behalf of someone else. Student organizations that have funds on deposit
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of Net Position *Statement of Activities	*Balance Sheet *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	*Balances *Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position *Statement of Cash Flows	*Statement of Fiduciary Net Position *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.
Type of Asset/Deferred Outflow of Resources/ Liability/ Deferred Inflow or Resources Information	All assets, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources.	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; all deferred outflows and inflows of resources; no capital or long-term liabilities included.	All assets, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can.
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are reported in two categories:

- **Governmental Activities** - This category includes the District's basic instructional services, such as elementary, middle school, and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselor, executive administration, board of education, fiscal services, pupil transportation, etc.), debt service payments, special education, extracurricular activities (sports, drama, music, etc.), and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state aid, state grants, federal grants, and interest earnings finance most of these activities.
- **Business-type Activities** - The District charges a fee to students and receives federal and state reimbursements to help cover the costs of providing hot lunch services and after school activities to all students.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's individual funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State Law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like the Scholarship Trust).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- **Governmental Funds** - Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

- Proprietary Funds - Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both short- and long-term financial information. The Food Service is only proprietary fund maintained by the District.
- Fiduciary Funds - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position increased and decreased as follows:

Table A-1
HOT SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT 23-2
Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Total
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Percentage Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,538,448	\$ 4,898,259	\$ (2,358)	\$ 7,071	\$ 4,536,090	\$ 4,905,330	-7.53%
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	7,504,704	7,532,859	25,291	26,781	7,529,995	7,559,640	
Restricted Assets	2,272,576	568,649	7,674	-	2,280,250	568,649	300.99%
Total Assets	14,315,728	12,999,767	30,607	33,852	14,346,335	13,033,619	10.07%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,306,828	-	6,850	-	1,313,678	-	100.00%
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	3,856,662	4,157,522	-	-	3,856,662	4,157,522	-7.24%
Other Liabilities	626,242	640,928	10,788	15,515	637,030	656,443	-2.96%
Total Liabilities	4,482,904	4,798,450	10,788	15,515	4,493,692	4,813,965	-6.65%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,546,570	1,783,566	8,888	-	3,555,458	1,783,566	99.35%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,806,753	3,564,648	25,291	26,781	3,832,044	3,591,429	6.70%
Restricted	2,545,692	1,404,472	5,636	-	2,551,328	1,404,472	81.66%
Unrestricted	1,240,637	1,448,631	(13,146)	(8,444)	1,227,491	1,440,187	-14.77%
Total Net Position	7,593,082	6,417,751	17,781	18,337	7,610,863	6,436,088	18.25%
Beginning Net Position (As Restated)	7,203,894	5,926,908	22,458	34,236	7,226,352	5,961,144	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 389,188	\$ 490,843	\$ (4,677)	\$ (15,899)	\$ 384,511	\$ 474,944	
Percentage Change in Net Position	5.40%	8.28%	-20.83%	-46.44%	5.32%	7.97%	

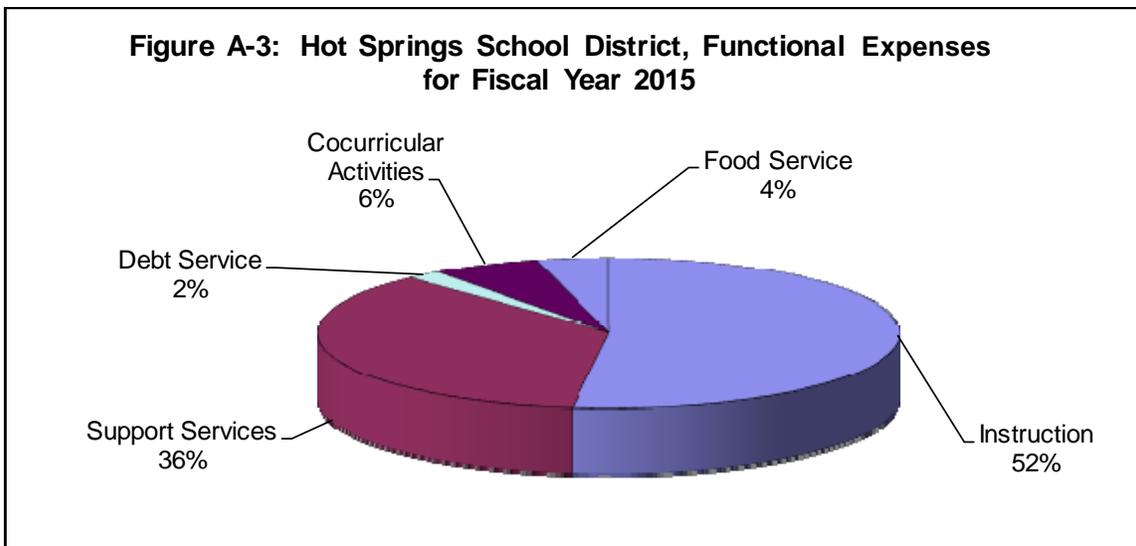
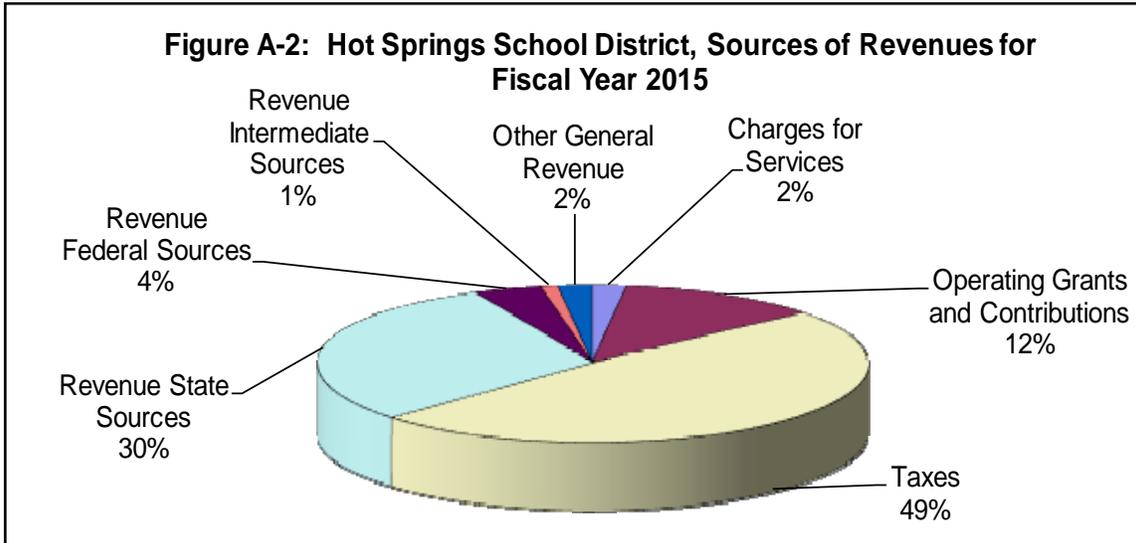
**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components - the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the District, consisting of capital outlay certificates payable, capital lease payable, and compensated absences payable have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is its net position.

Changes in Net Position

In 2015, the District's revenues totaled \$7,965,646 (See Table A-2.) About 49% of the District's revenue came from property and other taxes, 30% came from state sources, consisting primarily of state aid, and approximately 4% came from federal sources (See Figure A-2).

The total cost of all programs and services increased by approximately 4.46%. The District's expenses cover a range of services encompassing instruction, support services, and food services. (See Figure A-3).



**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental and business type activities in fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Table A-2
HOT SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT 23-2
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Total Percentage Change
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 17,806	\$ 3,347	\$ 128,008	\$ 134,099	\$ 145,814	\$ 137,446	6.09%
Operating Grants and Contributions	807,240	536,415	183,102	-	990,342	536,415	84.62%
General Revenues							
Taxes	3,917,405	3,944,594	-	-	3,917,405	3,944,594	-0.69%
Revenue State Sources	2,395,007	2,294,113	-	-	2,395,007	2,294,113	4.40%
Revenue Federal Sources	301,034	413,839	-	194,725	301,034	608,564	-50.53%
Revenue Intermediate Sources	67,802	63,234	-	-	67,802	63,234	7.22%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,312	2,674	9	7	1,321	2,681	-50.73%
Insurance Proceeds	38,500	-	-	-	38,500	-	1.00%
Other General Revenue	108,421	145,479	-	-	108,421	145,479	-25.47%
Total Revenues	<u>7,654,527</u>	<u>7,403,695</u>	<u>311,119</u>	<u>328,831</u>	<u>7,965,646</u>	<u>7,732,526</u>	3.01%
Expenses							
Instruction	3,915,751	3,659,609	-	-	3,915,751	3,659,609	7.00%
Support Services	2,705,833	2,642,061	-	-	2,705,833	2,642,061	2.41%
Nonprogrammed Charges	-	1,723	-	-	-	1,723	-100.00%
Debt Service	171,437	175,734	-	-	171,437	175,734	-2.45%
Cocurricular Activities	457,757	414,267	-	-	457,757	414,267	10.50%
Community Services	4,561	73	-	-	4,561	73	6147.95%
Food Service	-	-	325,796	364,115	325,796	364,115	-10.52%
Total Expenses	<u>7,255,339</u>	<u>6,893,467</u>	<u>325,796</u>	<u>364,115</u>	<u>7,581,135</u>	<u>7,257,582</u>	4.46%
Excess Before Transfers	399,188	510,228	(14,677)	(35,284)	384,511	474,944	19.04%
Transfers	(10,000)	(19,385)	10,000	19,385	-	-	0.00%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>389,188</u>	<u>490,843</u>	<u>(4,677)</u>	<u>(15,899)</u>	<u>384,511</u>	<u>474,944</u>	19.04%
Beginning Net Position (As Restated)	<u>7,203,894</u>	<u>5,926,908</u>	<u>22,458</u>	<u>34,236</u>	<u>7,226,352</u>	<u>5,961,144</u>	21.22%
Ending Net Position	<u>\$ 7,593,082</u>	<u>\$ 6,417,751</u>	<u>\$ 17,781</u>	<u>\$ 18,337</u>	<u>\$ 7,610,863</u>	<u>\$ 6,436,088</u>	18.25%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Revenues for the governmental activities increased by 5% over 2014 revenues. Expenditures for the governmental activities increased by over 4% primarily due to changes in staffing and program needs.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Revenues of the District's business-type activities decreased by approximately 5% to \$311,119 while expenses decreased by about 10% to \$325,796. Factors contributing to these results included:

- Decreasing number of students participating in the lunch program

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The General Fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$270,234 primarily due to transfers to debt service funds. The Capital Outlay Fund had a slight decrease in fund balance. The Special Education Fund had a decrease in fund balance due to changes in staff and program needs.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were significant budget changes or budget variances for the year, other than certain supplemental appropriations approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of 2015, the District had invested \$7,529,995 (net of depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, and various machinery and equipment. (See Table A-3.) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions, and accumulated depreciation) of \$29,645 over last year. The capitalization threshold remains at \$5,000 for governmental activities and \$1,000 for business type activities.

Table A-3
HOT SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT 23-2
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Dollar Change 2014-2015	Total Percentage Change 2014-2015
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Land	\$ 341,027	\$ 341,027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
Buildings	6,617,308	6,570,703	-	-	46,605	0.70%
Improvements Other Than Buildings	73,114	84,737	-	-	(11,623)	-15.90%
Machinery and Equipment	473,255	536,392	25,291	26,781	(64,627)	-13.66%
Total Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 7,504,704	\$ 7,532,859	\$ 25,291	\$ 26,781	\$ (29,645)	-28.85%

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, the District had \$3,856,661 in Capital Outlay Certificates and other long-term obligations. This is a decrease of 6.64% as shown on Table A-4 below.

**Table A-4
HOT SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT 23-2
Outstanding Debt and Obligations**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Dollar Change 2014-2015	Total Percentage Change 2014-2015
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Capital Outlay Certificates	\$ 986,000	\$ 1,261,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (275,000)	-21.81%
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	100,000	125,000				
Qualified School Construction Bonds	2,750,000	2,750,000				
Compensated Absences	<u>20,662</u>	<u>21,522</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(860)</u>	-4.00%
Total Outstanding Debt and Obligations	\$ 3,856,662	\$ 4,157,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (275,860)	-6.64%

The District is liable for the accrued vacation leave payable to the superintendent, business manager, facilities and transportation director, maintenance and custodial staff. The accrual leave liability is reported as compensated absences in the above schedule and with the financial statements.

The District made debt service principal and interest payments on Capital Outlay Certificates in the amount of \$140,000 for principal and \$7,973 for interest on the Activity Center loan. The QZAB loan was reduced by \$25,000 with a \$1,969 interest payment. The District made debt service principal and interest payments on the new computers in the amount of \$135,000 for principal and \$4,320 for interest.

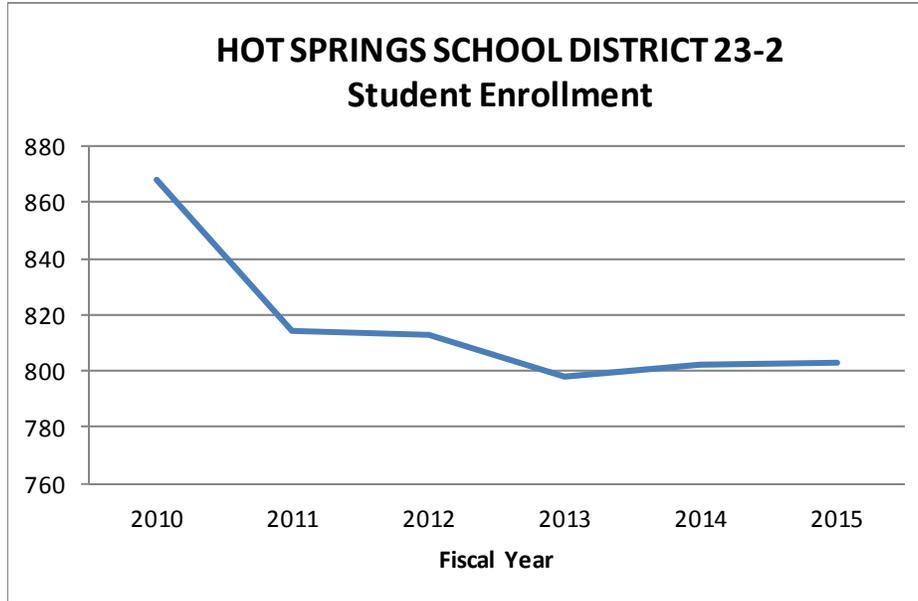
ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's current economic position has remained stable. The difference in the general fund is covered by the state's contribution for per student allocation in state aid which is made up by local effort plus state aid. The total amount which can be levied is limited by the State of South Dakota.

One of the primary sources of revenue to the District is based on a per student allocation received from the State of South Dakota. The state aid formula for the current year ensures that property taxes plus state aid will equal \$4,781 per pupil. The per student allocation for the year ended June 30, 2016 has been increased to \$4,877.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

Below is a graph which shows the trends in the District's average daily attendance for the last six years.



CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Hot Springs School District No. 23-2's Business Office, 1609 University Avenue, Hot Springs, SD 57747.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,429,191	\$ (1,413)	\$ 2,427,778
Taxes Receivable	1,741,438	-	1,741,438
Accounts Receivable	-	266	266
Internal Balances	10,000	(10,000)	-
Due From Other Governments	281,699	6,222	287,921
Inventories	-	2,567	2,567
Prepaid Expenses	38,071	-	38,071
Unamortized Discounts	38,049	-	38,049
Restricted Assets:			
Net Pension Asset	1,464,021	7,674	1,471,695
Investments Restricted for Capital Projects	727,926	-	727,926
Cash Restricted for Debt Service	<u>80,629</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>80,629</u>
	<u>6,811,024</u>	<u>5,316</u>	<u>6,816,340</u>
Capital Assets:			
Land	341,027	-	341,027
Buildings	8,920,487	-	8,920,487
Improvements	283,603	-	283,603
Equipment	1,753,482	138,025	1,891,507
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,793,895)</u>	<u>(112,734)</u>	<u>(3,906,629)</u>
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	<u>7,504,704</u>	<u>25,291</u>	<u>7,529,995</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>14,315,728</u>	<u>30,607</u>	<u>14,346,335</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	<u>1,306,828</u>	<u>6,850</u>	<u>1,313,678</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>1,306,828</u>	<u>6,850</u>	<u>1,313,678</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accrued Expenses	626,242	3,876	630,118
Unearned Revenue	-	6,912	6,912
Long-term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	325,661	-	325,661
Due in More than One Year	<u>3,531,001</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,531,001</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>4,482,904</u>	<u>10,788</u>	<u>4,493,692</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods	1,850,987	-	1,850,987
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	<u>1,695,583</u>	<u>8,888</u>	<u>1,704,471</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>3,546,570</u>	<u>8,888</u>	<u>3,555,458</u>
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,806,753	25,291	3,832,044
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay	484,575	-	484,575
Special Education	124,361	-	124,361
Retirement	52,803	-	52,803
Share of Net Pension Asset	1,075,266	5,636	1,080,902
Debt Service	808,687	-	808,687
Unrestricted	<u>1,240,637</u>	<u>(13,146)</u>	<u>1,227,491</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 7,593,082</u>	<u>\$ 17,781</u>	<u>\$ 7,610,863</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
Instruction	\$ 3,915,751	\$ -
Support Services	2,705,833	-
Community Services	4,561	-
Cocurricular Activities	457,757	17,806
Interest on Long-term Debt *	171,437	-
Total Governmental Activities	<u>7,255,339</u>	<u>17,806</u>
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
Food Service	<u>325,796</u>	<u>128,008</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 7,581,135</u>	<u>\$ 145,814</u>

* The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		
		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ 673,292	\$ -	\$ (3,242,459)	\$ -	\$ (3,242,459)
126,177	-	(2,579,656)	-	(2,579,656)
245	-	(4,316)	-	(4,316)
7,526	-	(432,425)	-	(432,425)
-	-	(171,437)	-	(171,437)
<u>807,240</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,430,293)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,430,293)</u>
<u>183,102</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(14,686)</u>	<u>(14,686)</u>
<u>\$ 990,342</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(14,686)</u>	<u>(6,444,979)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes		3,679,194	-	3,679,194
Gross Receipts Taxes		238,211	-	238,211
Revenue From State Sources:				
State Aid		2,374,289	-	2,374,289
Other		20,718	-	20,718
Revenue From Federal Sources		301,034	-	301,034
Revenue From Intermediate Sources		67,802	-	67,802
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		1,312	9	1,321
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		37,761	-	37,761
Insurance Proceeds		38,500	-	38,500
Other General Revenues		70,660	-	70,660
Transfers		(10,000)	10,000	-
Total General Revenues and Transfers		<u>6,819,481</u>	<u>10,009</u>	<u>6,829,490</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		<u>389,188</u>	<u>(4,677)</u>	<u>384,511</u>
NET POSITION - BEGINNING (AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED)				
		6,417,751	18,337	6,436,088
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT				
		<u>786,143</u>	<u>4,121</u>	<u>790,264</u>
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING (AS RESTATED)				
		<u>7,203,894</u>	<u>22,458</u>	<u>7,226,352</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING				
		<u>\$ 7,593,082</u>	<u>\$ 17,781</u>	<u>\$ 7,610,863</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2015

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,461,326	\$ 636,506
Taxes Receivable, Current	883,685	463,346
Taxes Receivable, Delinquent	60,705	28,112
Due From Other Funds	10,000	-
Due From Other Governments	261,835	-
Other Assets	19,562	15,349
Restricted Assets:		
Investments Restricted for Retirement of Debt	-	-
Cash Restricted for Debt Service	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 2,697,113</u>	<u>\$ 1,143,313</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$ 19,540	\$ -
Contracts Payable	372,850	-
Payroll Deductions and Employer Matching Payable	<u>96,851</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>489,241</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property Taxes Levied for Future Periods	1,005,963	529,574
Delinquent Taxes Not Available	<u>60,705</u>	<u>28,112</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,066,668</u>	<u>557,686</u>
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable		
Prepaid Expenses	19,562	15,349
Restricted:		
For Capital Outlay	-	570,278
For Special Education	-	-
For Pension	-	-
For Debt Service	-	-
Assigned:		
For Next Year's Budget	255,130	-
Unassigned	<u>866,512</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,141,204</u>	<u>585,627</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 2,697,113</u>	<u>\$ 1,143,313</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Special Education Fund	Debt Service Fund 2	Total Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 271,697	\$ 132	\$ 59,530	\$ 2,429,191
229,665	-	46,335	1,623,031
26,779	-	2,811	118,407
-	-	-	10,000
19,864	-	-	281,699
3,160	-	-	38,071
-	727,926	-	727,926
-	-	80,629	80,629
<u>\$ 551,165</u>	<u>\$ 728,058</u>	<u>\$ 189,305</u>	<u>\$ 5,308,954</u>
\$ 12,405	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,945
99,948	-	-	472,798
<u>24,648</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>121,499</u>
<u>137,001</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>626,242</u>
262,492	-	52,958	1,850,987
<u>26,779</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,810</u>	<u>118,406</u>
<u>289,271</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,768</u>	<u>1,969,393</u>
3,160	-	-	38,071
-	-	-	570,278
121,733	-	-	121,733
-	-	52,908	52,908
-	728,058	80,629	808,687
-	-	-	255,130
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>866,512</u>
<u>124,893</u>	<u>728,058</u>	<u>133,537</u>	<u>2,713,319</u>
<u>\$ 551,165</u>	<u>\$ 728,058</u>	<u>\$ 189,305</u>	<u>\$ 5,308,954</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance
Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	2,713,319
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		7,504,704
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
General Obligation Debt		(3,836,000)
Compensated Absences		(20,662)
Assets, including property taxes receivable, grants receivable, and other receivables that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds.		118,406
Unamortized discounts on debt are immediately recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds		38,049
Pension related balances reported in the governmental activities are not available financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Asset		1,464,021
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		1,306,828
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		<u>(1,695,583)</u>
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	<u>7,593,082</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Fund</u>
REVENUES		
Revenue From Local Sources:		
Taxes:		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,986,931	\$ 1,032,393
Gross Receipts Taxes	238,211	-
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	13,523	6,249
Tax Deed	-	526
Cocurricular Activities	17,806	-
Earnings on Deposits	1,038	-
Other Local Revenue	<u>36,694</u>	<u>20,021</u>
Total Revenue From Local Sources	<u>2,294,203</u>	<u>1,059,189</u>
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:		
County Sources	67,802	-
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	<u>37,761</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Revenue From Intermediate Sources	<u>105,563</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenue From State Sources:		
Grants-in-Aid:		
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	-	-
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	2,055,685	-
Other State Revenue	<u>20,718</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Revenue From State Sources	<u>2,076,403</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenue From Federal Sources:		
Grants-in-Aid:		
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	175,798	-
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	323,779	-
Other Federal Revenue	<u>17,218</u>	<u>125,236</u>
Total Revenue From Federal Sources	<u>516,795</u>	<u>125,236</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>4,992,964</u>	<u>1,184,425</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Special Education Fund	Debt Service Fund 2	Total Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 522,750	\$ -	\$ 103,249	\$ 3,645,323
-	-	-	238,211
3,039	-	625	23,436
250	-	53	829
-	-	-	17,806
-	65	209	1,312
10,397	-	-	67,112
<u>536,436</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>104,136</u>	<u>3,994,029</u>
-	-	-	67,802
-	-	-	37,761
-	-	-	105,563
318,604	-	-	318,604
-	-	-	2,055,685
-	-	-	20,718
<u>318,604</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,395,007</u>
-	-	-	175,798
191,191	-	-	514,970
-	-	-	142,454
<u>191,191</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>833,222</u>
<u>1,046,231</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>104,136</u>	<u>7,327,821</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Fund</u>
EXPENDITURES		
Instructional Services:		
Regular Programs	2,429,728	204,765
Special Programs	268,873	4,644
Post-Secondary Occupational Programs	<u>2,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Instruction	<u>2,700,601</u>	<u>209,409</u>
Support Services:		
Pupils	142,883	-
Instructional Staff	324,614	40,712
General Administration	227,047	-
School Administration	420,186	1,981
Business	917,701	228,482
Central	32,285	-
Special Education	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Support Services	<u>2,064,716</u>	<u>271,175</u>
Community Services		
Nonpublic School	<u>4,574</u>	<u>-</u>
Cocurricular Activities:		
Male Activities	82,555	5,177
Female Activities	71,941	656
Transportation	24,634	-
Combined Activities	<u>103,395</u>	<u>15,737</u>
Total Cocurricular Activities	<u>282,525</u>	<u>21,570</u>
Debt Service	<u>-</u>	<u>466,698</u>
Capital Outlay	<u>-</u>	<u>238,500</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>5,052,416</u>	<u>1,207,352</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(59,452)	(22,927)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Insurance Proceeds	-	38,500
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	59	-
Net Transfers In (Out)	<u>(210,841)</u>	<u>(38,924)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(270,234)	(23,351)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>1,411,438</u>	<u>608,978</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,141,204</u>	<u>\$ 585,627</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Special Education Fund	Debt Service Fund 2	Total Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
-	-	109,833	2,744,326
835,320	-	-	1,108,837
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,000</u>
<u>835,320</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>109,833</u>	<u>3,855,163</u>
153,723	-	-	296,606
11,988	-	-	377,314
-	-	6,260	233,307
-	-	-	422,167
-	-	6,315	1,152,498
-	-	-	32,285
<u>150,680</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>150,680</u>
<u>316,391</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>12,575</u>	<u>2,664,857</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,574</u>
-	-	-	87,732
-	-	-	72,597
-	-	-	24,634
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>119,132</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>304,095</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>466,698</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>238,500</u>
<u>1,151,711</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>122,408</u>	<u>7,533,887</u>
(105,480)	65	(18,272)	(206,066)
-	-	-	38,500
-	-	-	59
<u>-</u>	<u>161,765</u>	<u>78,000</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>
(105,480)	161,830	59,728	(177,507)
<u>230,373</u>	<u>566,228</u>	<u>73,809</u>	<u>2,890,826</u>
<u>\$ 124,893</u>	<u>\$ 728,058</u>	<u>\$ 133,537</u>	<u>\$ 2,713,319</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (177,507)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(28,155)
The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."	9,608
Repayment of general obligation debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	300,000
Unamortized premiums and unamortized discounts associated with general obligation debt are recorded as expenditures or other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, these items are amortized over the life of the debt in the governmental activities. This is the amount by which the amortization of unamortized premiums and unamortized discounts exceeded deferrals for the current period.	(4,740)
Pension expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	14,071
Pension revenue in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	275,051
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in compensated absences, but the Statement of Activities reflects the change in these accruals through expenses.	<u>860</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 389,188</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 266
Due From Other Governments	6,222
Inventory	2,567
Total Current Assets	9,055
Noncurrent Assets:	
Machinery and Equipment - Local Funds	138,025
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(112,734)
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,291
Restricted Assets:	
Net Pension Asset	7,674
TOTAL ASSETS	42,020
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,850
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to General Fund	11,413
Contracts Payable	3,404
Payroll Deductions and Employer Matching Payable	472
Unearned Revenue	6,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,201
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,888
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,291
Restricted for Net Pension Asset	5,636
Unrestricted	(13,146)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,781

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund
Net Position - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUE	
Sales to Pupils	\$ 109,612
Sales to Adults	4,395
Other Sales	14,001
Other Operating Revenue	1,441
Total Operating Revenue	129,449
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	20,417
Employee Benefits	2,800
Purchased Services	282,988
Supplies	1,657
Cost of Sales - Donated Food	16,444
Depreciation	1,490
Total Operating Expenses	325,796
OPERATING LOSS	(196,347)
NONOPERATING REVENUE	
Local Sources:	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	9
State Sources:	
Cash Reimbursements	1,658
Federal Sources:	
Cash Reimbursements	167,173
Donated Food	12,830
Total Nonoperating Revenue	181,670
TRANSFERS	
Transfers In	10,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(4,677)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING (AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED)	18,337
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	4,121
NET POSITION - BEGINNING (AS RESTATED)	22,458
NET POSITION- ENDING	\$ 17,781

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts From Customers	\$ 129,563
Payments to Suppliers	(290,235)
Payments to Employees	(23,710)
	(184,382)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Subsidies	178,773
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Short-term Borrowing from the General Fund	5,609
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	
	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	
	\$ -
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Loss	\$ (196,347)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	1,490
Cost of Sales - Donated Food	16,444
Net Pension Revenue	(1,515)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	
Accounts Receivable	273
Deferred Revenue	1,282
Accounts Payable	(5,590)
Contracts Payable	(368)
Benefits Payable	(51)
	(184,382)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
	\$ (184,382)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Value of Commodities Received	\$ 12,830
	12,830

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2015

	<u>Private- Purpose Trust Funds</u>	<u>Agency Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,013	<u>\$ 112,394</u>
Savings Certificates	<u>45,900</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 48,913</u>	
LIABILITIES		
Amounts Held for Others	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 112,394</u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Scholarships:		
Non-expendable	45,900	
Expendable	<u>3,013</u>	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 48,913</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2015

	<u>Private- Purpose Trust Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Interest Earnings	\$ 35
Private Donations	<u>694</u>
Total Additions	<u>729</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships Awarded	<u>500</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	229
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	<u>48,684</u>
NET POSITION - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 48,913</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity of Hot Springs School District No. 23-2 (the District), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is a public education agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of South Dakota. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The Board has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See Note 10 - Joint Venture for the specific disclosure. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the District.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

C. FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is a primary operating fund of the District or if it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting year to year or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the District are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Types - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's special revenue funds are as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisitions of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes and is a major fund.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed primarily by property taxes and state and federal grants. This is a major fund.

Pension Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-10-6 for the purpose of paying pensions to retired employees of school districts, which have established such systems, paying the District's share of retirement plan contributions, and for funding early retirement benefits to qualifying employees. This fund is financed by property taxes and is not a major fund.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The District has a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources to meet debt sinking fund requirements related to the 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates. This is not a major fund.

The District has a second debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources to meet debt sinking fund requirements related to the 2012 Capital Outlay Certificates. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the focus of the governing body is the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis whether financed or recovered through user charges or grants; or (b) where the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's only enterprise fund is as follows:

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund Types - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains several Scholarship Funds. The purpose of these funds is to provide scholarships to qualifying students.

Agency Fund Types - Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Since agency funds are custodial in nature they do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. The District maintains a variety of agency funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, etc.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental types, while the “economic resources” measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary fund types.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests), and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes and capital credits, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. “Available” means resources are collected or will be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The District considers significant revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end.

Receivables, such as taxes receivable, may be measurable but not available. Reported deferred inflows of resources are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All proprietary fund and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

E. INTERFUND ELIMINATIONS AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements the District has charged certain “centralized expenses”, including an administrative overhead component, as direct expenses to programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program or department. This process minimizes the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity.

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District pools its cash resources for depositing purposes. The General, Capital Outlay, Special Education, Pension and Food Service Funds participate in the internal cash pool. All reported enterprise fund deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. INVENTORY AND PREPAID EXPENSES

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out for enterprise fund inventories and average cost for governmental fund inventories. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at the date of receipt.

Inventory and prepaid expenses in the governmental funds and governmental activities consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. In the government-wide financial statements and governmental funds, inventory and prepaid expenses are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed. Inventories reported in the fund financial statements are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Nonspendable fund balances related to inventory and prepaid expenses are reported net of the related liability (accounts payable).

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment of capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which individual asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	<u>Capitalization Threshold</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Land	\$ 5,000	-----
Buildings	5,000	50 yrs
Improvements	5,000	20 yrs
Equipment (government-wide)	5,000	3-15 yrs
Equipment (proprietary funds)	1,000	3-15 yrs

Depreciation expense is calculated using the straight-line and composite methods. Depreciation of exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities. Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the related assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences, capital outlay certificates payable, and bonds.

Compensated Absences Payable - Compensated absences payable is the annual leave earned by employees. Vacation leave is earned by 12 month employees at varying rates depending on years of service. Sick leave is earned by the employees at the rate of one day for each month worked. Upon termination employees are entitled to receive compensation for their accrued annual leave, employees are not entitled to compensation for sick leave balances. Accrued leave payable balances are reported in Note 7 as compensated absences. For employees normally paid out of the governmental funds, these amounts are charged as an expenditure at the time of termination.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

J. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The District reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position. The only deferred outflow of resources reported is a deferred amount arising from the District's pension plan for qualified retirees as discussed in Note 9.

The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This section reflects a decrease in net position that applies to a future period or periods. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected no later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year). The District reports the following as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds: property taxes levied but not collected within the available period; property taxes collected within the available period that are intended to finance the next fiscal year; capital credits that are owed to the District, but will be received at some point in the future; and grant revenues earned but not collected within the 60-day available period. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports deferred inflows of resources for property taxes intended to finance the next fiscal year and pension-related amounts. The District reports deferred inflows of in the business-type activities financial statements and proprietary fund statements for pension-related amounts.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

Government-wide Financial Statements:

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Net position reported on the Statement of Net Position includes the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of capital outlay certificates or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - Represents all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

The District classifies government fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Constraints are placed on the use of resources by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Assigned - Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board and management have the authority to assign fund balances.

Unassigned - Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents or contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The District does not have a minimum fund balance policy.

Proprietary net position is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary net position (except for Agency Funds, which do not have net position) is reported as net position held in trust for other purposes.

L. PROPRIETARY FUND REVENUE AND EXPENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. PROGRAM REVENUES

In the Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

Charges for Services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

Program Revenues - Operating Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.

Program Revenues - Capital Grants and Contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

Deposits - The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1, and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA," or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

The District's policy is to report deposits at cost plus interest and credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment with the exception of the general checking account whose interest income is credited to the General Fund.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits the District's funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent. As of June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
SD FIT	Varies	\$ 727,926

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The South Dakota Fund Investment Trust (SD FIT) is an external investment pool created for South Dakota local government investing purposes. It is regulated by a nine member board with representation from municipalities, school districts, and counties. The net asset value of SD FIT money market account is kept at one dollar per share by adjusting the rate of return on a daily basis. Earnings are credited to each account on a monthly basis.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2015, the District's deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments consists of the following as of June 30, 2015:

SD Department of Education	\$ 77,034
State of South Dakota	<u>210,887</u>
	<u>\$ 287,921</u>

NOTE 4 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Transfers From:	Transfers To:				Total
	Debt Service Fund 1	Debt Service Fund 2	Capital Outlay Fund	Food Service Fund	
Capital Outlay Fund	\$ 78,000	\$ 161,765	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 239,765
General Fund (Impact Aid)	-	-	200,841	-	200,841
General Fund	-	-	-	10,000	10,000
	<u>\$ 78,000</u>	<u>\$ 161,765</u>	<u>\$ 200,841</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 450,606</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2015, transfers were made from the Capital Outlay Fund to the Debt Service Funds to make the escrow payments related to the 2010A and 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates. The transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Outlay Fund was made to utilize Impact Aid monies for capital purchases. This expenditure is reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on page 82. The transfer from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund was to subsidize operations.

Interfund borrowings were for cash flow needs of the recipient funds.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2015</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 341,027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 341,027
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	8,710,781	209,706	-	8,920,487
Improvements	283,603	-	-	283,603
Equipment	1,735,664	28,794	(10,976)	1,753,482
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>10,730,048</u>	<u>238,500</u>	<u>(10,976)</u>	<u>10,957,572</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,140,078	163,101	-	2,303,179
Improvements	198,866	11,623	-	210,489
Equipment	1,199,272	91,931	(10,976)	1,280,227
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>3,538,216</u>	<u>266,655</u>	<u>(10,976)</u>	<u>3,793,895</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>\$ 7,191,832</u>	<u>\$ (28,155)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,163,677</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Equipment	\$ 141,185	\$ 3,489	\$ (6,649)	\$ 138,025
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>114,404</u>	<u>3,103</u>	<u>(4,773)</u>	<u>112,734</u>
Business- Type Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 26,781</u>	<u>\$ 386</u>	<u>\$ (1,876)</u>	<u>\$ 25,291</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 70,914
Support Services	41,693
Cocurricular Activities	<u>154,048</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 266,655</u>

NOTE 6 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The following table shows a summary of restricted net position as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

<u>Major Purposes</u>	<u>Restricted By</u>	
Capital Outlay Purposes	State Law	\$ 484,575
Special Education Purposes	State Law	124,361
Retirement Purposes	State Law	52,803
Share of Net Pension Asset	State Law	1,080,902
Debt Service Purposes	Debt Covenants	<u>808,687</u>
Total Restricted Net Position		<u>\$ 2,551,328</u>

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within 1 Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Debt					
Capital Outlay					
Certificates	\$ 1,261,000	\$ -	\$ (275,000)	\$ 986,000	\$ 285,000
Qualified Zone Academy					
Bonds	125,000	-	(25,000)	100,000	25,000
Qualified School					
Construction Bonds	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Subtotal	4,136,000	-	(300,000)	3,836,000	310,000
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	<u>21,522</u>	<u>14,486</u>	<u>(15,346)</u>	<u>20,662</u>	<u>15,661</u>
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 4,157,522</u>	<u>\$ 14,486</u>	<u>\$ (315,346)</u>	<u>\$ 3,856,662</u>	<u>\$ 325,661</u>

Capital outlay certificates and other general obligations at June 30, 2015 were comprised of the following:

2012 Capital Outlay Certificates, Bearing Interest at Fixed Rates Ranging from 0.35% to 1.50%, Due 07/01/2019	\$ 610,000
Capital Outlay Certificates for Computers, Bearing Interest Fixed at 1.60%, Due 07/15/2015	135,000
2010B Capital Outlay Certificates, Bearing Interest at Fixed Rates Ranging from 1.75% to 2.75%, Due 05/01/2017	241,000
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, Bearing Interest Fixed at 1.75%, Due 08/14/2018	100,000
Qualified School Construction Bonds, Bearing Interest Fixed at 5.25%, Due in lump sum at 09/01/2027	<u>2,750,000</u>
	<u>\$ 3,836,000</u>

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015, excluding compensated absences, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	General Obligation Debt		Totals
	Principal	Interest	
2016	\$ 310,000	\$ 158,991	\$ 468,991
2017	411,000	152,830	563,830
2018	180,000	149,369	329,369
2019	185,000	146,994	331,994
2020	-	144,375	144,375
2021-2025	-	721,875	721,875
2026-2031	<u>2,750,000</u>	<u>216,563</u>	<u>2,966,563</u>
	<u>\$ 3,836,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,690,997</u>	<u>\$ 5,526,997</u>

Payments of all capital outlay certificates and capital lease obligations are made from the Capital Outlay Fund with the exception of the Qualified School Construction Bonds and 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates, which are paid from the respective debt service funds. Compensated absence payments are made from the fund that the related payroll expenditures are charged.

Sinking fund provisions on the Qualified School Construction Bonds require semi-annual deposits of \$80,882 on or before March 1 and September 1 of each year through 2027, during which the fund will continue to earn interest until maturity of the debt on September 1, 2027. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the major debt service fund in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Sinking fund provisions on the 2010B Capital Outlay Certificates require semi-annual deposits varying from \$37,000 to \$42,000 on or before May 1 and November 1 of each year through 2017, during which the fund will continue to earn interest until maturity of the debt on May 1, 2017. The current balance of the sinking fund is presented as restricted assets of the non-major funds in the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAX (CONTINUED)

District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

The District is permitted by state statute to levy the following amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation of the property in the District:

General Fund:	
Agricultural Property	\$ 1.780
Owner Occupied	4.250
Commercial	9.110
Capital Outlay Fund	3.000
Special Education Fund	1.480
Pension Fund	0.300

State statute allows the General Fund tax rates to be increased by special election of the voters.

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Information

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the school year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A, Class B public safety and Class B judicial. Class A retirement benefits are determined as 1.7 percent prior to 2008 and 1.55 percent thereafter of the employee's final 3-year average compensation times the employee's years of service. Employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 55. Class B public safety benefits are determined as 2.4 percent for service prior to 2008 and 2.0 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. Class B judicial benefits are determined as 3.733 percent for service prior to 2008 and 3.333 percent thereafter of employee final average compensation. All Class B employees with 3 years of service are eligible to retire at age 45. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Three years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are a percent of the employee's final average salary.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 9- PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to the consumer price index (CPI) based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100% or more - 3.1% COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80.0% to 99.9%, index with the CPI
 - 90.0% to 99.9% funded - 2.1% minimum and 2.8% maximum COLA
 - 80.0% to 90.0% funded - 2.1% minimum and 2.4% maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80% - 2.1% COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$228,474, \$214,329, and \$210,051, respectively, and equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions

At June 30, 2014, SDRS is 107% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the District as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 21,668,242
Less Proportionate Share of Total Pension Liability	<u>20,196,548</u>
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ (1,471,695)</u>

At June 30 2015, the District reported an asset of \$1,471,695 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was 0.2%. Proportionate share information as of June 30, 2013 is not available. The change in proportionate amounts between years is deemed immaterial.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension revenue of \$276,493. At June 30, 2015 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 124,525	\$ -
Changes in Assumption	960,678	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	1,704,471
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	228,474	-
Total	\$ 1,313,677	\$ 1,704,471

An amount of \$228,474 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2016	\$	116,943
2017		116,943
2018		116,943
2019		268,438
2020		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	619,267

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25 percent	
Salary Increases	5.83 percent at entry to 3.87 percent after 30 years of service	
Investment Rate of Return	7.25 percent through 2016 and 7.50 percent thereafter, net of pension plan investment expense	

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table for males and females, as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2010. The mortality assumptions were revised based on an extension of the experience study including mortality experience through June 30, 2013.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	64.0%	4.7%
Fixed Income	26.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.5%
Cash	<u>2.0%</u>	0.8%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 7.25% through 2016 and 7.50% thereafter. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% through 2016 and 7.50% thereafter, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25/6.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25/8.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	<u>\$ 1,454,311</u>	<u>\$ (1,471,695)</u>	<u>\$ (3,858,158)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in the Black Hills Special Services Cooperative (the Co-op), a cooperative service unit formed for the purpose of providing special education and other services to the member school districts. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District paid \$97,930 for services provided by the Co-op.

The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op are as follows:

Belle Fourche School District	8.33%
Custer School District	8.33%
Douglas School District	8.33%
Edgemont School District	8.33%
Haakon School District	8.33%
Hill City School District	8.33%
Hot Springs School District	8.33%
Lead/Deadwood School District	8.33%
Meade School District	8.33%
Oelrichs School District	8.33%
Rapid City School District	8.33%
Spearfish School District	8.33%

The Co-op's governing board is comprised of one representative, a school board member, from each member school district. The board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The District retains no equity in the net position of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements may be obtained by writing to BHSSC, PO Box 218, Sturgis SD 57785.

At June 30, 2015, this joint venture had assets of \$10,322,263, deferred outflows of \$4,554,064, liabilities of \$1,493,157, deferred inflows of \$5,936,085 and net position of \$7,447,085 (audited).

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. The plan provides a deductible of \$1,500 per person up to \$4,000 per family with the use of a flex spending account or a deductible of \$4,000 per person up to \$8,000 per family with the use of a health savings plan. The District pays varying premiums based on the deductible selected and \$100 monthly to the employees flex spending or health savings account. The coverage also includes a \$2,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liability Insurance:

The District joined the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property and Liability Fund (ASBSD-PLF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota school districts. The objective of the ASBSD-PLF is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the ASBSD-PLF to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made or by or against the District. The District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the ASBSD-PLF member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for property insurance, general liability, automobile, crime, boiler and machinery, umbrella liability, and errors and omissions.

The agreement with the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Property Liability Fund provides that the above coverage will be provided with a \$2,000,000 limit on liability coverage, \$250,000,000 limit on property, \$50,000,000 limit on boiler and machinery, and \$350,000 for various criminal acts. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of deductibles. As of June 30, 2015 the District carried the following deductibles related to insurance coverage:

General Liability	\$ -0-
Boiler and Machinery	1,000
Errors and Omissions	10,000
Property	500
Automobile	-0-
Crime	1,000
Employee Benefits Liability	1,000

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workmen's Compensation:

The District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool (the Fund) which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

The District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report and to cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The District pays an annual premium to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the Fund is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the pool's retained risk was \$500,000 per occurrence, with additional coverage of \$1,000,000 per occurrence. There was no additional assessment charged to pool members for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. Unemployment claims, if any, are intended to be paid from current year appropriations, normally from the General Fund.

Claims are billed by the state quarterly. During the year ended June 30, 2015, no claims had been filed and paid for unemployment benefits and none deemed to be of a material nature are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

NOTE 12 - CONCENTRATIONS

The District is dependent upon program revenues and operating revenues from the State of South Dakota for its primary existence.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Potential Litigation

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the District cancelled a capital lease for computers due to the vendor not fulfilling the terms of the lease agreement due to filing for bankruptcy. However, a portion of the computers related to the lease with were delivered to the District. The District, along with several other school districts, is a plaintiff in an ongoing lawsuit resulting from the cancelled capital lease. The District made several attempts to return the computers which are being stored by the District as they were delivered incomplete and inoperable. The trustee of the bankrupt vendor has submitted claims against the District for an estimated value of the products delivered to the District in 2009. As of June 30, 2014, the litigation had not been resolved. The District has been in contact with the State's attorney regarding the matter; however, the amount of any liability owed is indeterminable at this time as the State's Attorney is negotiating claims with the trustee.

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and GASB Statement No. 71 *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. As a result, beginning net position has been restated to reflect the related net pension asset and deferred outflows of resources as of July 1, 2014.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2015

NOTE 14 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (CONTINUED)

The cumulative effect on Governmental net position as of July 1, 2014 as follows:

Net Position July 1, 2014, as Previously Reported	\$ 6,417,751
Restatement for Pension Accounting:	
Net Pension Asset	572,932
Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	213,211
Net Position July 1, 2014, as Restated	<u>\$ 7,203,894</u>

The cumulative effect on business-type activities and proprietary fund net position as of July 1, 2014 is as follows:

Net Position July 1, 2014, as Previously Reported	\$ 18,337
Restatement for Pension Accounting:	
Net Pension Asset	3,003
Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,118
Net Position July 1, 2014, as Restated	<u>\$ 22,458</u>

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Budgetary Comparison Schedule -
General Fund - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUE				
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 2,045,347	\$ 2,045,347	\$ 1,986,931	\$ (58,416)
Gross Receipts Taxes	232,465	232,465	238,211	5,746
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	10,000	10,000	13,523	3,523
Cocurricular Activities	2,000	2,000	17,806	15,806
Earnings on Deposits	1,500	1,500	1,038	(462)
Other Local Revenue	<u>70,000</u>	<u>70,000</u>	<u>36,694</u>	<u>(33,306)</u>
Total Revenue From Local Sources	<u>2,361,312</u>	<u>2,361,312</u>	<u>2,294,203</u>	<u>(67,109)</u>
Revenue From Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources	74,750	74,750	67,802	(6,948)
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,761</u>	<u>37,761</u>
Total Revenue From Intermediate Sources	<u>74,750</u>	<u>74,750</u>	<u>105,563</u>	<u>30,813</u>
Revenue From State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	<u>2,050,409</u>	<u>2,050,409</u>	<u>2,076,403</u>	<u>25,994</u>
Total Revenue From State Sources	<u>2,050,409</u>	<u>2,050,409</u>	<u>2,076,403</u>	<u>25,994</u>
Revenue From Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	46,100	46,100	175,798	129,698
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	340,214	340,214	323,779	(16,435)
Other Federal Revenue	<u>21,555</u>	<u>21,555</u>	<u>17,218</u>	<u>(4,337)</u>
Total Revenue From Federal Sources	<u>407,869</u>	<u>407,869</u>	<u>516,795</u>	<u>108,926</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>4,894,340</u>	<u>4,894,340</u>	<u>4,992,964</u>	<u>98,624</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Services:				
Regular Programs	2,597,210	2,597,210	2,429,728	167,482
Special Programs	262,938	262,938	268,873	(5,935)
Adult Continuing Education	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Total Instruction	<u>2,862,148</u>	<u>2,862,148</u>	<u>2,700,601</u>	<u>161,547</u>
Support Services:				
Pupils	150,001	150,001	142,883	7,118
Instructional Staff	277,867	277,867	324,614	(46,747)
General Administration	233,323	233,323	227,047	6,276
School Administration	430,858	430,858	420,186	10,672
Business	1,007,941	1,007,941	917,701	90,240
Central	45,411	45,411	32,285	13,126
Total Support Services	<u>2,145,401</u>	<u>2,145,401</u>	<u>2,064,716</u>	<u>80,685</u>
Community Services				
Nonpublic School	<u>11,310</u>	<u>11,310</u>	<u>4,574</u>	<u>6,736</u>
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	89,075	89,075	82,555	6,520
Female Activities	72,532	72,532	71,941	591
Activity Transportation	27,081	27,081	24,634	2,447
Combined Activities	<u>116,613</u>	<u>116,613</u>	<u>103,395</u>	<u>13,218</u>
Total Cocurricular Activities	<u>305,301</u>	<u>305,301</u>	<u>282,525</u>	<u>22,776</u>
Contingencies	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>50,000</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>5,374,160</u>	<u>5,374,160</u>	<u>5,052,416</u>	<u>321,744</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES				
	(479,820)	(479,820)	(59,452)	420,368
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Sale of General Fixed Assets	1,000	1,000	59	(941)
Transfers	<u>(200,000)</u>	<u>(200,000)</u>	<u>(210,841)</u>	<u>(10,841)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(678,820)	(678,820)	(270,234)	408,586
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>1,411,438</u>	<u>1,411,438</u>	<u>1,411,438</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 732,618</u>	<u>\$ 732,618</u>	<u>\$ 1,141,204</u>	<u>\$ 408,586</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Budgetary Comparison Schedule -
Capital Outlay Fund - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

	<u>Budgeted Original</u>	<u>Amounts Final</u>	<u>Actual (Budgetary Basis)</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
REVENUES				
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,104,750	\$ 1,104,750	\$ 1,032,393	\$ (72,357)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	5,000	5,000	6,249	1,249
Tax Deed		-	526	526
Other Local Revenue	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>20,021</u>	<u>16,021</u>
Total Revenue From Local Sources	<u>1,109,750</u>	<u>1,109,750</u>	<u>1,059,189</u>	<u>(54,561)</u>
Revenue From Federal Sources:				
Other Federal Revenue	<u>125,000</u>	<u>125,000</u>	<u>125,236</u>	<u>236</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>1,234,750</u>	<u>1,234,750</u>	<u>1,184,425</u>	<u>(54,325)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Services:				
Regular Programs	133,700	133,700	211,160	(77,460)
Special Programs	<u>15,500</u>	<u>15,500</u>	<u>4,644</u>	<u>10,856</u>
Total Instruction	<u>149,200</u>	<u>149,200</u>	<u>215,804</u>	<u>(66,604)</u>
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff	71,185	71,185	49,235	21,950
General Administration	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
School Administration	4,500	4,500	1,981	2,519
Business	<u>612,000</u>	<u>608,500</u>	<u>452,064</u>	<u>156,436</u>
Total Support Services	<u>690,185</u>	<u>686,685</u>	<u>503,280</u>	<u>183,405</u>
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	8,450	8,450	5,177	3,273
Female Activities	2,350	2,350	656	1,694
Combined Activities	<u>7,900</u>	<u>11,400</u>	<u>15,737</u>	<u>(4,337)</u>
Total Cocurricular Activities	<u>18,700</u>	<u>22,200</u>	<u>21,570</u>	<u>630</u>
Debt Services	<u>547,701</u>	<u>547,701</u>	<u>466,698</u>	<u>81,003</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>1,405,786</u>	<u>1,405,786</u>	<u>1,207,352</u>	<u>198,434</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

	<u>Budgeted Original</u>	<u>Amounts Final</u>	<u>Actual (Budgetary Basis)</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(171,036)	(171,036)	(22,927)	144,109
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Insurance Proceeds	-	-	38,500	38,500
Transfers	-	-	(38,924)	(38,924)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(171,036)	(171,036)	(23,351)	143,685
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>608,978</u>	<u>608,978</u>	<u>608,978</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 437,942</u>	<u>\$ 437,942</u>	<u>\$ 585,627</u>	<u>\$ 143,685</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Budgetary Comparison Schedule -
Special Education Fund - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

	<u>Budgeted Original</u>	<u>Amounts Final</u>	<u>Actual (Budgetary Basis)</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
REVENUE				
Revenue From Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 539,459	\$ 539,459	\$ 522,750	\$ (16,709)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,600	1,600	3,039	1,439
Tax Deed	-	-	250	250
Other Local Revenue	<u>60,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>	<u>10,397</u>	<u>(49,603)</u>
Total Revenue From Local Sources	<u>601,059</u>	<u>601,059</u>	<u>536,436</u>	<u>(64,623)</u>
Revenue From State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	<u>428,556</u>	<u>428,556</u>	<u>318,604</u>	<u>(109,952)</u>
Total Revenue From State Sources	<u>428,556</u>	<u>428,556</u>	<u>318,604</u>	<u>(109,952)</u>
Revenue From Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	<u>191,104</u>	<u>191,104</u>	<u>191,191</u>	<u>87</u>
Total Revenue From Federal Sources	<u>191,104</u>	<u>191,104</u>	<u>191,191</u>	<u>87</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>1,220,719</u>	<u>1,220,719</u>	<u>1,046,231</u>	<u>(174,488)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instructional Services:				
Special Programs	<u>992,208</u>	<u>960,522</u>	<u>835,320</u>	<u>125,202</u>
Support Services:				
Pupils	166,230	166,230	153,723	12,507
Instructional Staff	16,500	16,500	11,988	4,512
Special Education	<u>112,194</u>	<u>143,880</u>	<u>150,680</u>	<u>(6,800)</u>
Total Support Services	<u>294,924</u>	<u>326,610</u>	<u>316,391</u>	<u>10,219</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>1,287,132</u>	<u>1,287,132</u>	<u>1,151,711</u>	<u>135,421</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(66,413)	(66,413)	(105,480)	(39,067)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>230,373</u>	<u>230,373</u>	<u>230,373</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 163,960</u>	<u>\$ 163,960</u>	<u>\$ 124,893</u>	<u>\$ (39,067)</u>

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present capital outlay expenditures within each function while the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds present capital outlay expenditures as a separate function.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 of each year.
4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except Trust and Agency Funds.
6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets when monies are available to increase legal spending authority.
9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds. Generally accepted accounting principles prescribe that budgetary information be presented for the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the District.

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Net Pension Asset
June 30, 2015

	<u>2015*</u>
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset	0.20427180%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	\$ 1,471,695
District's Covered-employee Payroll	3,780,020
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Asset as a Percentage of its Covered-employee Payroll	38.93%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset	107%

*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension asset which is June 30 of the previous fiscal year.

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Pension Contributions
June 30, 2015

Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 228,474
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually-required Contribution	<u>228,474</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered-employee Payroll	<u>\$ 3,780,020</u>
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	6.0%

See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplementary information.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
School District Officials
June 30, 2015**

BOARD MEMBERS

Chairman - Karri Fischer
Vice Chairman - Kim Henningsen
Scott Thompson
James Dahlberg
Kory Bossert
Sharon Romey
Vidal Davila

SUPERINTENDENT

Danielle Root

BUSINESS MANAGER

Lori Libra

See independent auditor's report.

**Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	<u>Direct Award</u>	<u>Major Program</u>	<u>Cluster/Program Name</u>	<u>Pass-through Entity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u>					
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster:</i>					
Non-cash Assistance (Commodities):					
10 .555	N	N	National School Lunch Program	S.D. Department of Education	\$ 22,798
Cash Assistance:					
10 .553	N	N	School Breakfast Program (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	42,219
10 .555	N	N	National School Lunch Program (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	124,954
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					<u>189,971</u>
10 .665	N	N	Schools and Roads - Grants to States (Note 2)	Fall River County	7,146
10 .582	N	N	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	S.D. Department of Education	17,218
Total Department of Agriculture					<u>214,335</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u>					
<i>Special Education Cluster:</i>					
84 .027	N	Y	Special Education - Grants to States (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	183,249
84 .073	N	Y	Special Education - Preschool Grants	S.D. Department of Education	7,942
Total Special Education Cluster					<u>191,191</u>
84 .010	N	Y	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S.D. Department of Education	244,206
84 .041	Y	Y	Impact Aid-(Title VIII)		200,841
84 .060	N	N	Indian Education - Grants to Local Education Agencies	S.D. Department of Education	16,080
84 .367	N	N	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	S.D. Department of Education	63,493
Total Department of Education					<u>715,811</u>

See independent auditor's report.

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	<u>Direct Award</u>	<u>Major Program</u>	<u>Cluster/Program Name</u>	<u>Pass-through Entity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
			<u>U.S. Department of Interior</u>		
15 .227	N	N	Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments (Note 2)	S.D. Department of Education	<u>59,162</u>
			Total Department of Interior		
					<u>59,162</u>
			Total Federal Financial Assistance		
					<u>\$ 989,308</u>

NOTE 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting unless otherwise noted. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2: Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

See independent auditor's report.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement Net Position -Proprietary Funds - Excluding Pension Activity
June 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 266
Due From Other Governments	6,222
Inventory	2,567
Total Current Assets	9,055
Noncurrent Assets:	
Machinery and Equipment - Local Funds	138,025
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(112,734)
Total Noncurrent Assets	25,291
TOTAL ASSETS	34,346
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to General Fund	11,413
Contracts Payable	3,404
Payroll Deductions and Employer Matching Payable	472
Deferred Revenue	6,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,201
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,291
Unrestricted	(13,146)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 12,145

See independent auditor's report.

Hot Springs School District No. 23-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances -
Proprietary Funds Excluding Pension Activity
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Food Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUE	
Sales to Pupils	\$ 109,612
Sales to Adults	4,395
Other Sales	14,001
Total Operating Revenue	128,008
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	20,417
Employee Benefits	2,800
Purchased Services	282,988
Supplies	1,657
Cost of Sales - Donated Food	16,444
Depreciation	1,490
Total Operating Expenses	325,796
OPERATING LOSS	(197,788)
NONOPERATING REVENUE	
Local Sources:	
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	9
State Sources:	
Cash Reimbursements	1,658
Federal Sources:	
Cash Reimbursements	167,173
Donated Food	12,830
Total Nonoperating Revenue	181,670
TRANSFERS	
Transfers In	10,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(6,118)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	18,337
NET POSITION- ENDING	\$ 12,219

See independent auditor's report.